The Sydney Morning Herald.

No. 4913.——VOL. XXXIV. MONDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1853. PRICE, THREEPENCE.

STEAM TO MORETON BAY.

THE Steam Ship EAGLE, George A. Griffiths, Commander, will be despatched for the above port on MONDAY, the 14th instant, at 8 P.M. FREDERICK TERRY, Assistant Manager. A. S. N. Company's Wharf, Sydney, 12th February. 5178

STEAM BETWEEN SYDNEY, MELBOURNE, AND ADELAIDE.

THE magnificent and unrivalled new iron steamship CLEOPATRA, 1500 tons, 300 horse power, will again be despatched on SATURDAY, the 19th instant, at 3 P.M. Apply to SHEPPARD AND ALGER, Packet Office, 480, George-street; or WILLIS, MERRY, AND CO., Church-hill. 297

STEAM TO MELBOURNE,
Calling at Eden, Twofold Bay.

THE iron steamship SHAMROCK, J. J. Watson, commander, will be despatched as above, on MONDAY, the 21st instant. FREDERICK TERRY, Assistant Manager. A. S. N. Company's Wharf, Sydney, February 14. 5356

FOR MORPETH, HUNTER RIVER.
Calling at Newcastle, and Raymond Terrace.

THE well-known fast cutter EDWARD, Tyrrell, commander, to-morrow evening. For freight apply to JOHN MORRIS, Agent, Albion Wharf, (foot of Market-street. 5339

FOR MORPETH.

THE CAROLINE will load on Tuesday, and sail same evening. Goods will be received in the store, on the wharf, on Monday. GEORGE D. CRAIG, Brodie and Craig's Wharf. 5237

FOR MORPETH.

THE clipper schooner MOUNT ALEXANDER will sail for the above place on Wednesday, 16th instant. For freight, apply to Mr. TAYLOR, Phœnix Wharf. 5374

FIAST VESSEL FOR MORETON BAY,
To sail positively this evening, weather permitting,

THE first-class Schooner HARP, 100 tons, Withan, commander. All goods intended for the above vessel must be sent down before noon this day, in order that the vessel may clear at the Customs. Shippers are also requested to send in their bills of lading for signature. For freight or passage apply on board; or to W. U. HARRIS, Kellick's Wharf. February 15. 5347

TO FOLLOW THE HARP,

THE first-class Brig BROTHERS, 250 tons, John Allen, commander, having arrived, will positively sail on Sunday next the 20th instant, wind and weather permitting. For freight or passage apply on board; or to W. U. HARRIS, Kellick's Wharf. Consignees are requested to remove their goods as early as possible, as they will be landed on the wharf to-day. 5348

FOR MORETON BAY DIRECT.

THE well-known favourite regular trader ZONE, 121 tons, Captain Elliott, having undergone a thorough refit, will be quickly despatched. For freight or passage apply to JOHN MORRIS, Agent, Albion Wharf, (foot of Market-street). 5338

FOR MORETON BAY.

THE fine brig PALERMO, 200 tons burthen, H. Wyborn, master, is now fast filling up, and will sail on Thursday next, the 17th instant. Shippers are requested to send their goods on board without delay. For freight or passage apply on board, at the Commercial Wharf; or to HENRY CLARKE, Union Wharf. 5345

FOR CLARENCE RIVER.
To follow the Hannah.

THE clipper-brigantine SEA GULL, hourly expected, will return to the above river immediately. Goods in the meantime received and stored free of extra charge. Apply to JOHN MORRIS, Agent, Albion Wharf, (foot of Market-street.) 5334

FIRST VESSEL FOR WIDE BAY DIRECT.

THE splendid first-class clipper brig LALLA ROOKH, 156 tons register, Philip Milner, commander, having the greater portion of her cargo ready to go on board, will positively sail To-morrow. For freight or passage, having unrivalled accommodation, apply on board, at the Circular Wharf; or to SHEPPARD AND ALGER, Packet Office, 480, George-street, one door south of the Bank of New South Wales. 4726

FOR WIDE BAY.

THE clipper TOM TOUGH, Beneaud, commander, is now receiving cargo, and will be quickly despatched. This vessel, from her light draught of water, can go right up to Maryborough without touching. She has beautiful accommodations for passengers. For which or freight apply to JOHN MORRIS, Agent, Albion Wharf (foot of Market-street). 5336

FOR WIDE BAY DIRECT.

THE first class schooner HERCULEAN, 121 tons burthen, R. Cooper, master, daily expected, will be quickly despatched. For freight or passage apply to THOMAS CROFT and SON, Commercial Wharf. N.B.—The above vessel will be a regular trader, al Goods received and stored free of expense, and receipts given for the same. 5174

FOR MELBOURNE DIRECT.

Having splendid accommodations for Passengers, and going right up to the Wharf without lightering.

THE A1 barque AMELIA, 195 tons, Holden, commander, has now commenceed loading, and having most of her cargo ready will be quickly despatched. For freight or passage apply to JOHN MORRIS, Agent, Albion Wharf (foot of Market-street). 5335

FIRST VESSEL FOR MELBOURNE.
Landing all her Cargo on the Wharf.

THE A 1 British-built barque MONARCH, R. M. Jackson, commander, is now fast filling up, and will go to sea on Tuesday next. Passengers are invited to inspect the very superior accommodations of this fine vessel. Beds, bedding, &c., found in the cabin free of extra charge. A separate stern cabin for ladies. For freight or passage apply to Captain JACKSON, on board, at the Flour Company's Wharf; or, to E. M. SAYERS, Port Phillip Packet Office, 489, George-street. 5098

THE GO-A-HEAD FOR MELBOURNE.
Goes to the Wharf without lightering.

THIS fine fast-sailing schooner, 112 tons register, now fast loading, having the greater part of her cargo on board, will sail in a few days. For freight or passage apply to Captain Bryce, on board, at Kellick's Wharf; or to T. and W. DAY, Sussex-street, nearly opposite. 5216

FIRST VESSEL
FOR MELBOURNE DIRECT.
Going to the Wharf without lightering.

THE splendid new British clipper-built brig, ANNIE WEBBER, A1, 214 tons register, Captain Rowntree, having nearly all her cargo engaged, and ready to go on board, will have immediate despatch. Beds and Bedding for all the passengers are provided. For freight or passage apply to the commander, on board, at the Flour Company's Wharf, or to SHEPPARD AND ALGER, Packet Office, 480, George-street, one door South of the Bank of New South Wales. 4156

FOR MELBOURNE DIRECT.

THE first-class brig EARL DALHOUSIE, R. Courtenay, commander, will have immediate despatch. For freight or passage apply on board; or to E. M. SAYERS, Port Phillip Packet Office, 489, George-street. 2772

FOR MELBOURNE DIRECT,

THE fine brig CEYLON, 179 tons, having the whole of her cargo engaged, clears at the Customs this day. Shippers will please complete their engagements, and pass their entries early this day, so that the vessel may not be delayed. N.B. Passengers will find very comfortable accommodations in the CEYLON. Those for the cabin will be taken at a low rate, exclusive of wines, beer, and spirits. Apply to Captain M'Clements, on board; or to JOHN MORRIS, Agent, Albion Wharf (foot of Market-street). 5340

FOR MELBOURNE DIRECT.

THE Baltimore clipper MARY AND ELLEN, 200 tons, F. W. Deane, commander, hourly expected, will be despatched within four days of her arrival. This splendid vessel is unrivalled in speed, and has magnificent accommodations for passengers. Apply to JOHN MORRIS, Agent, Albion Wharf, foot of Market-street. 5341

FOR MELBOURNE DIRECT.
Goes up to the wharf without lightering a package.

THE splendid clipper-built schooner HAWK, 116 tons register, Captain Cartwright, having most of her cargo ready to go on board, will have immediate despatch. For freight or passage, having accommodations unsurpassed in the trade, with splendid stern cabin for ladies, and every requisite provided free of extra charge, apply on board, at the Flour Company's Wharf; or to SHEPPARD AND ALGER, Packet Office, 480, George-street, one door South of the Bank of New South Wales. 5185

FOR MELBOURNE,
Landing all her cargo on the Wharf.

THE well known first-class brig LOUIS AND MIRIAM, 209 tons burthen, John Wilson, commander, is now rapidly filling up, and will positively sail on Thursday, the 17th instant. Shippers are requested to send their goods on board without delay. For freight or passage, having splendid accommodations, beds, bedding, wines and spirits being found in the cabin free of extra charge, apply on board, at the Commercial Wharf; or to HENRY CLARKE, Union Wharf. February 12. 5201

FOR MELBOURNE.

THE passenger brig CLARA, J. Eedy, commander, is now fast loading, and will sail on Wednesday next. For freight or passage apply to Captain Eedy, on board, at the Flour Company's Wharf; or to E. M. SAYERS, Port Phillip Packet Office, 489, George-street. 5097

FOR MELBOURNE.
Goes direct to the wharf without lightering a single package.

THE well-known clipper brig PHANTOM, 200 tons burthen, will sail on Thursday next. All cargo will be landed on the wharf without lightering. Cabin and steerage accommodation for passengers superior to any vessel in the trade. As only a limited quantity of freight can be taken, immediate application is necessary to Captain Rolls, on board; or to HENRY H. BEAUCHAMP, Macquarie-place. 5293

THE GOLDEN SPRING FOR MELBOURNE.

BALANCE of passage money must be paid by 12 o'clock this day, to prevent disappointment to the numerous applicants for passages. 2 berths still disengaged. Apply on board at once, as the vessel proceeds to sea to-morrow at daylight. JAMES COOK. Circular Quay, 14th February. 5316

EMMA FOR GEELONG.
Unavoidably detained in consequence of the Custom House being closed.

THIS fine regular trader will positively clear on Monday morning, and sail in the evening. For passage, (having very superior accommodation, with stern cabin for ladies,) or a few packages of light freight, if sent down at once. Apply on board, at the east end of the Circular Wharf; or to SHEPPARD AND ALGER, Packet Office, 480, George-street, one door South of the Bank of New South Wales. 5184

FOR GEELONG DIRECT.
To follow the Freak,

THE fine brigantine MAJOR EASTLAND, 200 tons, Captain Watt, with quick dispatch. For freight or passage, having splendid accommodations, apply to JOHN MORRIS, Agent, Albion Wharf (foot of Market-street). 5337

FIRST VESSEL FOR GEELONG DIRECT.

THE splendid clipper schooner FREAK, 100 tons, Captain Irvine, having nearly the whole of her cargo engaged, will positively be the first vessel away. For freight or passage apply to JOHN MORRIS, Agent, Albion Wharf (foot of Market-street). 5342

FOR HOBART TOWN.
Will sail on Wednesday, 16th instant.

THE fine well-known packet brig EMMA, 170 tons, J. T. Brown, commander. This vessel, having the most of her cargo engaged, will positively sail on the day above named. For freight or passage apply to captain, on board, at Queen's Wharf; or to JOHN MACNAMARA, Queen-street. 5316

FOR ADELAIDE DIRECT.

THE splendid clipper schooner DAZZLER, A1, 174 tons, Captain Allen, having much of her cargo engaged, will sail on Saturday next, the 19th instant. For freight or passage apply to SHEPPARD AND ALGER, Packet Office, 480, George-street. 4876

FOR LONDON.
A Regular Trader.
To sail on or about the 15th March.

THE fine fast sailing barque TAMAR, A1, 12 years, 556 tons register, Thomas Colley Stayner, commander. This fine vessel, having the greater portion of her cargo engaged, will meet with quick despatch. For freight or passage, having excellent accommodations for passengers, apply to the commander, on board, at the Circular Quay; to MONTEFIORE, GRAHAM, AND CO.; or to FLOWER, SALTING, AND CO., 44, Hunter-street. 4915

FOR ADELAIDE.
A chartered vessel, with all despatch.

THE fine A1 British brig YARMOUTH, 151 tons register, W. Kenney, commander, having a large portion of her cargo engaged, will have despatch. For freight or passage apply at once, to HENRY FISHER, 480, George-street, 2 doors from Bank of New South Wales. 5028

FOR ADELAIDE DIRECT.
For Passengers only.

THE splendid clipper brig CHESHIRE WITCH, 155 tons register, Edward Holden, commander, having all her cargo engaged and ready to go on board, will positively sail on Saturday next, 19th instant. For passage only, having unsurpassed accommodation, apply on board, or to SHEPPARD AND ALGER, Packet Office, 480, George-street, one door South of the Bank of New South Wales. 5186

FOR ADELAIDE,
At freight offer. To sail in 14 days.

THE A1 ship JACATRA, 348 tons burthen, Captain Alton. For freight or passage apply to the Captain, on board; or to HOW, WALKER, and CO., Circular Quay. 5173

FOR PORT NICHOLSON DIRECT.

THE fine fast-sailing barque ROBERT SYERS, 312 tons register, C. Morrison, commander, is now taking in cargo, and will meet with quick despatch. For freight or passage apply to Captain Morrison, on board, at the Phœnix Wharf, foot of Erskine-street; or to M. JOSEPH, 390, George street. 4744

FOR TAHITI AND HONOLULU.
Loading at Kellick's Wharf.

THE fast sailing schooner ROYALIST, 141 tons, Henry Harris, commander, will have immediate despatch, the greater part of her cargo being engaged. For freight or passage apply to Messrs. L. AND S. SAMUEL, 353, Pitt-street; or to Messrs. SHEPPARD AND ALGER, Packet Office, 480, George-street. 4018

FOR SAN FRANCISCO DIRECT,
To follow the Jessie Byrne,

THE fine A 1 ship ENVELOPE, 600 tons, P. L. Smith, master. For freight or passage apply to THORNTON AND CHURCH, Agents. 1637

FOR LONDON.
To sail first week in March.

THE fast sailing A 1 ship CAMBODIA, 914 tons, John J. Hammack, Commander, has excellent accommodation for passengers, and having room for a limited quantity of wool only, which will not be pressed, will meet with quick despatch. For freight or passage apply to the Captain, on board; or, to DONALDSON AND CO. 4429

FOR LONDON.

THE fine fast-sailing barque ORIENTAL, A1 for twelve years, William Cave, commander, is now ready to receive cargo, and will meet with immediate despatch. For freight or passage apply to the Captain, on board; or to J. B. METCALFE. 4474

FOR LONDON DIRECT.
Gold and Passengers only.

THE A1 Aberdeen clipper built Barque BENJAMIN BLEIN, A. Overbury, commander, has one cabin berth disengaged. Intending passengers would do well to embrace the present opportunity, as she positively sails on the 13th instant. MONTEFIORE, GRAHAM, AND CO., Spring-street, Sydney. 4555

TO GOLD SHIPPERS.
CARNATIC, FOR LONDON.
For gold and passengers only.

THIS magnificent ship is now full and hauled away from the wharf, will sail to her day, 20th instant. Being a fast powerful ship and in excellent trim, offers a particularly eligible conveyance for gold. Appointments to weigh, &c., can be made at the office of the undersigned. The 'tween decks are airy and well ventilated, and comfortably fitted up with separate cabins for steerage passengers. Only two or three berths being disengaged, immediate application is necessary. Two large cabins disengaged. Carries a surgeon. Apply to GILCHRIST, ALEXANDER, AND CO., Exchange Buildings. Shippers are requested to send in their bills of lading for signaure at once, and all entries must be passed this morning, to enable the ship to clear at the Customs. 5310

FOR LONDON DIRECT.
To sail on the 16th instant.—For Gold only.

THE clipper ship HANNAH, A 1, 500 tons, R. T. Moodie, commander. From the well known sailing qualities of the ship she offers the most desirable opportunity for the conveyance of Gold to England. Captain Moodie will be in attendance to weigh Gold on Monday and Tuesday. Application for freight to be made to FLOWER, SALTING, AND CO. 44, Hunter-street, February 12. 5165

FOR LONDON.
For Gold and Passengers only.
To sail positively on the 17th instant.

THE fine barque BLACK RIVER PACKET, Dewar Stiles, commander, having all her crew on board, will sail as above. J. B. METCALFE. N.B.—Two large and well ventilated cabins disengaged. 5162

FOR LONDON DIRECT.

THE fine fast-sailing barque REGINA, A1, 366 tons register, R. R. Liddle, commander, will commence loading on discharge of her inward cargo, and will have quick despatch. Her accommodations for passengers are first-rate. For freight or passage apply to the commander, on board; or to SMITH, BROTHERS, AND CO., Sussex-street. 4329

WATERLOO, FOR LONDON.
For Gold and Passengers only.

THIS ship will be full on the 20th instant, and will sail punctually to her time. Captain Green will be in attendance to weigh gold daily at the office of the agents. One stern and two side cabins disengaged. Apply on board, to DONALDSON AND CO, or SMITH, CAMPBELL, AND CO. 5376

STEERAGE PASSENGERS PER WATERLOO.—The Waterloo has a few steerage cabins disengaged. Apply on board at Campbell's Wharf, to DONALDSON AND CO., or SMITH, CAMPBELL, AND CO. 5377

FOR LIVERPOOL.

THE fine ship PANAMA, A1, 457 tons, T. Thomas, commander, has the greater part of her cargo engaged, and will meet with immediate despatch. For freight or passage apply to the Captain, on board; or J. B. METCALFE. 5163

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

THE fine fast-sailing clipper barque GAZELLE, 286 tons per register, G. Leslie, commander. Apply to LOUIS, BARBER, AND CO., Circular Quay; or, R. T. FORD, Bridge-street. 3849

SHIP GEORGE METCALFE.—Consignees are requested to pass their entries immediately for the Circular Quay. Entries will be passed at the expense and risk of the consignees if their goods come to hand, unless passed sooner. L. AND S. SPYER, Agents. Sydney, February 14. 5284

NOTICE.—To the Consignees of W in half-circle, Nos. 1 to 100, One hundred casks of bottled beer, ex Herder, Van Hagen, from London. Unless the abovementioned 100 casks bottled beer landed and stored by us be claimed Per B. L. and the expenses paid within seven days from this date, they will be sold by auction on account of whom it may concern.
RBSWORTH AND CO.
Queen-street, Sydney, February 10. 5017

FOR SALE, a new Life-Boat, price £18. Apply to SMITH, CAMPBELL, AND CO. 4538

AUSTRALASIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the DIVIDEND and BONUS declared upon Shares of the above Company at the Half yearly Meeting held on 28th instant, will be payable to the Proprietors on and after TUESDAY, 1st February, 1853.
FREDERICK TERRY,
Assistant Manager.
A. S. N. Company's Wharf,
Sydney, January 29. 3607

COALS.—For Sale, 50 tons Morpeth Coals, afloat. Apply to M. CAFFREY, Bathurst-street. 5323

SALES BY AUCTION.

STEWART'S HORSE BAZAAR 208, Pitt and Castlereagh streets, Sydney.—Regular Horse Sale every Monday, Wednesday, and Saturday, at 11 o'clock. Instructions for sales should be left at the Office of the Bazaar, at least one day previous. 1737

MONDAY'S GENERAL HORSE SALE.

MR. BURT will sell by auction, at Stewart's Horse Bazaar, 208, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
The usual number of Horses, comprising—
Heavy draught
Light ditto
First-class hacks
Journey horses
Various ditto
Dog cart
Also,
Team of two horses, cart and harness
Chestnut horse, gig and harness
First-rate light box dray, new
A new spring cart
Double and single harness, new and second-hand
Journey and other horses. 5358

HORSE, GIG, AND HARNESS.

MR. BURT will sell by auction, at Stewart's Horse Bazaar, 208, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
A chesnut horse, warranted good in gig or cart
A capital strong Dennett gig, with outrig
And set gig harness
Also,
A set double harness, &c.
To the highest bidder, without reserve. 5357

FURNITURE.

THE MESSRS. MOORE hold an extensive Furniture Sale by auction THIS MORNING, at the Labour Bazaar, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock,
Comprising every requisite for Furnishing,—feather beds, hair mattress, kitchen utensils, &c., &c.
Also,
Shop fixtures
Counters, empty casks
2 Very superior models of sailing vessels
With other sundry goods.
Terms cash. 5332

LIVERPOOL SALT.
To Grocers, Storekeepers, and others.

JOHN G. COHEN has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Stores of Messrs. Montefiore, Graham, and Co., THIS DAY, Monday, February 14th, at 11 o'clock, precisely,
20 Tons Liverpool salt
More or less.
Terms cash. 4462

An Excellent Selection of Historical, Theological, and Philosophical Works, Book Case, and Chair.
To Stationers, Librarians, and others.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 490, George-street, THIS DAY, Monday, February 14th, at 11 o'clock precisely,
A first-rate library
Book case
Easy chair
Clocks, &c.
Terms, cash. 5105

PLATED AND GLASSWARE.

JOHN J. COHEN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 490, George-street, on TUESDAY next, February 15, at 11 o'clock precisely,
Seven packages Plated and Glassware, viz.—Cruets and frames, decanters, butters, sugars, tumblers, wine glasses, caraffs, toilet bottles, &c.
Terms at sale. 5104

COLT'S REVOLVERS.
To Ironmongers, Shippers, and others.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 490, George-street, on TUESDAY next, February 15, at 11 o'clock precisely,
12 5-inch Colt's revolvers
12 6-inch ditto
2 5-inch very handsome ditto, in cases
2 very superior double guns, by Blanch.

REVOLVING PISTOLS, Guns, Rifles, Flasks, &c.
Now landing, ex Melbourne.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, THIS DAY, Monday, the 14th instant, at half-past 10 o'clock,
One case containing—
6 barrelled revolvers
8 ditto ditto
8 ditto patent chamber
Pairs pistols
Ditto ditto round stocks
Ditto ditto octagon barrels
Ditto ditto electro body
Ditto ditto rifle barrel
Ditto ditto ditto secret triggers
Ditto ditto double barrelled pistols
Ditto ditto ditto octagon solid
One pair best stout twist pistols, bolted belt hooks, silver thumb
Walker's best percussion caps,
Powder flasks
Shot belts, &c.
Terms at sale. 4890

TINWARE.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, THIS DAY Monday, 14th instant, at half-past 10 o'clock, Ten cases tinware, consisting of—
Plates, kettles, pots, pans, frying pans, fish kettles, coffee pots, milk bowls, funnels, ladles, bottles, &c.
Terms at sale. 4894

FINE GUNPOWDER TEA.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, THIS DAY, Monday, 14th instant, at 11 o'clock,
100 Chests Fine Gunpowder Tea.
Terms at sale. 5311

Best Gold Hunting Watches
Ladies' Watches, Brooches, &c.

MR. C. NEWTON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, THIS DAY, Monday, 14th instant, at half-past 10 o'clock,
12 best London made gold hunting watches
6 ladies' watches
12 very handsome gold brooches
41 very large and beautiful diamonds.
Terms at sale. 4889

150 TONS ZEBU SUGAR.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, THIS DAY, Monday, 14th instant, at 11 o'clock,
(Under instructions from George Were, Esq.)
150 Tons Zebu sugar, in beautiful condition; intending purchasers may inspect it at the stores of G. Were, Esq., previous to the sale.
Terms at sale. 5223

Ex Jacatra.
BRIGHT JAVA SUGARS.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON has received instructions from Messrs. Smith, Brothers, and Co., to sell by auction, at his Rooms, THIS DAY, Monday, 14th instant, at 11 o'clock,
1429 Bags fine Java Sugars, comprising—
G 630 bags large grained crystallised white
MR
D 465 bright yellow ditto
MD
I 120 ditto ditto ditto
DA 214 ditto ditto ditto
This is really a very choice parcel of sugar, and well worthy of the especial notice of the trade.
Terms at sale. 5036

6118 BAGS BRIGHT MAURITIUS SUGAR,
The cargo of the Bellona, now landing.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON has received instructions from the importers, to sell by auction, at his Rooms, on WEDNESDAY, 15th instant, at 11 o'clock,
The entire cargo of fine sugars, now landing, consisting of—

St Felix Pere,	185
Belle Roche,	242
S	
Yemen,	26
Viader,	40
SZ	
Belle Rive,	211
Ditto,	175
Million,	1300
Bel Air,	153
X	
Maire Triton,	250
Nanite,	68
Clementia,	100
Million,	250
Mon Choir,	296
Bel Air,	248
Bell Rive,	87
Wolmar,	48
X	
Constance,	293
Men Roche,	80
S	
St. Louis,	124
S	
Tan Faud,	56
S	
Medine,	50
S	
Hannong,	203
S	
Camoa,	18
Vidder,	39
S	
Yemen,	28
S	
Wolman,	81
S	
Million,	286
S	
Staub,	413
S	
S. Union,	354
S	
Chaimene,	100
S	
P'aisance,	164
S	
Caroline,	220
S	
	6118 Bags.

The bulk of these sugars are equal, if not superior, to the finest samples ever imported in the celebrated barque Fanny Fisher.
Terms at sale. 5224

To Drapers and Buyers of Slops.
BLANKETS, RUGS, COUNTERPANES, CARPETS, AND HEARTH RUGS.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, on FRIDAY, 18th instant, at 11 o'clock,
Ninety-one Bales and Cases of the undermentioned Goods, the whole of which will be sold to the highest bidder—
Five cases light fancy printed cambrics, 5-4
Five ditto ditto ditto, 2-8
Two ditto Chadwick's twilled regatta
Two ditto stout apron check
Two ditto fancy regatta shirting
Five ditto fine longcloths
Two ditto rolled jaconets
Two ditto Rolla shirtings
One ditto Cola Silesias
Two ditto rough brown hollands
One ditto dressed ditto
Two bales cotton tick
One ditto linen ditto
Two ditto white check muslins
One ditto plain jaconets
One ditto ditto Berks
Two ditto Cola lenos
Two ditto 72 inch grey sheeting
One ditto 80 ditto white ditto
SLOPS.
Three cases D. S. mole trousers
One ditto white ditto
Two ditto millers' drab ditto
Two ditto ditto ditto cord ditto
One ditto white drill ditto
One ditto brown ditto
One ditto black and coloured doeskin trousers
Two ditto black cloth shooting coats
One ditto American pea coats
One ditto monkey jackets
Three ditto pilot coats
Two ditto serge shirts
Two ditto worsted Guernseys
Two ditto white lamb's wool vests
One ditto ditto ditto pantaloons
Two ditto woollen hosiery
Three ditto cotton ditto
Two ditto India rubber braces
Two ditto cotton braces
One ditto rich satin vests
One ditto sporting doeskin
Two ditto navy caps
Two cases fine felt hats
Two ditto fine Tuscan
One ditto sou' westers
Terms at sale. 5313

MONDAY, 14th February.
ELEGANT JEWELLERY, GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES, Ex Melbourne, just arrived.

PURKIS AND LAMBERT will sell by Auction, at their Mart, 451, George-street, THIS DAY, Monday, 14th instant, at Ten o'clock precisely.
WATCHES.
Silver lever watches, capped and jewelled
Superior ditto, spring above balance
Ladies' gold watches, engine turned and engraved backs
JEWELLERY.
Gold curb and fancy guards
Ditto Demis with hooks
Gold studs
Plated studs and brooches
The above are well deserving the notice of the trade, being of a superior description.
Terms at sale. 4939

MONDAY, 14th FEBRUARY.
46 PACKAGES OF SUPERIOR LONDON MADE FURNITURE,
Just landed, ex Vriendschaap.

PURKIS AND LAMBERT will sell by auction, at their Mart, 451, George-street, THIS DAY, Monday, 14th instant, at 11 o'clock precisely,
Gondola Easy Chairs
Rosewood and Mahogany Chairs
Rosewood Loo Tables
Chests Drawers, &c.
Wardrobe, &c.

PURKIS AND LAMBERT will sell by auction, at their Mart, 451, George-street, THIS DAY, Monday, 14th instant, at 11 o'clock precisely,
An invoice of useful English-made furniture, well selected, and just suited to the wants of parties furnishing, comprising—
6 Gondola easy chairs
6 Dozen imitation rosewood chairs
6 Ditto red ditto ditto
6 Ditto white sweep back ditto ditto
12 (all hair) Rosewood chairs, carved splatts, printed cotton covers
12 Mahogany chairs, ditto canvas tops
12 Ditto ditto ditto
12 Ditto ditto, carved splatts, ditto
12 All hair rosewood chairs, ditto
6 Ditto mahogany ditto
4 Chests drawers
4 Rosewood 4-6 loo tables, pillars and stands
1 Mahogany wardrobe, carved top, handsomely polished
Now on view at the Auction Room.
Terms at sale. 4888

MONDAY, February 14.
VALUABLE SUBURBAN PROPERTY,

A Capital Brick-built Verandah Cottage of Four Rooms, in Fitz Roy-street, New Town, about 150 yards from the Toll Bar.

PURKIS AND LAMBERT have received instructions to dispose of the above desirable Freehold Property, at their Rooms, 451, George-street, THIS DAY, Monday, 14th February, at 12 o'clock precisely,
The Cottage is pleasantly situated in Fitz Roy-street, near the residence of Miss Donnithorne, on the left side of the New Town Road, about 150 yards beyond the toll bar, and commands a beautiful view of Cook's River, Botany Heads, New Town, and Sydney. The cottage contains four rooms, and has 22 feet frontage to Fitz Roy-street.
The frontage of the Land is 40 feet to that street, leaving sufficient space on which to build another house, the depth being 80 feet, and the whole fenced in. There is a detached kitchen, large yard, and well of excellent water, about 40 feet deep, and is bricked all round throughout, which has never yet failed.
The premises are at present let to a respectable tenant, at the low rental of 10s. per week, being about two-thirds of the value, at the present rates. Intending purchasers can inspect them previous to the time of sale.
The great dearth of suitable dwelling houses in the city, the high price of land in the suburbs, and the almost entire cessation of building, caused by the present exorbitant rates of both labour and materials, renders a ready-built snug dwelling like the above well worthy the attention of the small capitalist, and of those who prefer occupying their own freehold to paying a ruinous rent to a landlord.
Title unexceptionable, being part of Admiral Blight's grant.
Terms—25 per cent. cash deposit, the residue by approved bills at 3 months, dated from day of sale, and bearing bank interest.
A plan is on view at the Auction Room.

MONDAY, February 28.
UNRIVALLED BUILDING SITE,
Upwards of a quarter of an Acre of Land, in M'Leay-street, Woolloomooloo, at the corner of Albert-street (which leads into Victoria-street), being a part of the "Tusculum Estate," opposite the entrance to the residence of John Gilchrist, Esq., and nearly facing the residence of the Hon. C. D. Riddell, M.L.C., and between the residence of Wm. Long, Esq., and the house recently occupied by the late James Raymond, Esq.
Also,
TWO CAPITAL VERANDAH COTTAGES, brick-built, and newly erected, in Albert-street, Woolloomooloo, occupied by Mr. Smith and Mr. Cole.

PURKIS AND LAMBERT have been favoured with instructions from the Proprietor, in consequence of his intended return to England very shortly, to dispose of these highly valuable Properties, at their Rooms, 451, George-street, on MONDAY, the 28th instant, at 12 o'clock precisely,
IN TWO LOTS.
1st,
THE TWO COTTAGES, which have only been finished about six months, are well built, and in good order. They occupy 30 feet frontage to Albert-street, by about 80 feet depth. They have each a verandah facing the street, with a small space reserved in front for flowers and shrubs. Each contains two rooms on the ground floor, with grates in the front room, and fire-place in the back; also, closets under the staircases. Up-stairs there is an attic, to each with windows at front and back, from which there is a magnificent view of the harbour seaward, with the ships on its waters, and the surrounding beautiful scenery.
It is a delightful and healthful spot for residence, with nothing near it but gentlemen's villas and beautiful gardens. In fact, nothing will bear comparison with it round the city.
THE COTTAGES
Are arranged with every view to the comfort of the tenants, having covered ways to the kitchens which are detached, with yards and other conveniences at the back, enclosed with substantial close paling from six to seven feet high, and in the lane on the east side, which is six feet wide, a well of water is reserved for the use of both cottages, to which each tenant has a separate right of way.
They are at present let at a low rental to Mr. Smith and Mr. Cole. Intending purchasers can inspect them by application to the auctioneers.
It may be mentioned that they are near the residences of Mr. Stephens and Mr. Thomas Newton in Victoria-street, Woolloomooloo.
2nd.
THE PIECE OF LAND
In Macleay-street, and Albert-street,
Is in a beautiful locality. It is well grassed, level as a bowling green, and securely fenced. It occupies about
A QUARTER OF AN ACRE,
Being, (as well as the before described land on which the cottages are built) a part of the "Tusculum Estate." It has the advantage of an excellent road to it from William-street to Potts' Point. It has an easterly aspect, having 60 feet frontage to M'Leay-street, facing J. Gilchrist, Esq.'s beautiful mansion, and a depth of about 133 feet, fronting Albert-street, which thoroughfare is about 20 feet in width.
The Land is bounded on the north by Wm. Long, Esq.'s, residence, and on the south by the residence formerly occupied by the late James Raymond, Esq. A part of the ALBERT-STREET boundary consists of a 9 inch wall, newly built.
It is impossible to find a more delightful spot for the erection of a FAMILY RESIDENCE than the above, it being a most healthful locality; and nothing can intercept the view, nor can too much be said in its favour, for, occupying as it does part of the high land between Woolloomooloo and Elizabeth Bays, it commands a splendid prospect in every direction.
Terms—25 per cent. cash deposit, the residue on completion of the conveyance within 21 days from the time of sale.
A plan of the cottages and land will be on view at the Auction Room in a few days. 5244

MONDAY, 14TH FEBRUARY.
300 Ounces Elegant New Silver Plate,
TO JEWELLERS AND OTHERS.

PURKIS AND LAMBERT will sell by auction, at their Mart, 451, George-street, THIS DAY, Monday, the 14th instant, at half-past ten o'clock precisely,
Queen's Pattern.
3 Dozen silver tea spoons
12 Ditto dessert spoons
12 Ditto table ditto
12 Ditto dessert forks
12 Ditto table ditto
Fiddle Pattern.
3 Dozen silver tea spoons
12 Ditto dessert spoons
12 Ditto table ditto
12 Ditto dessert forks
12 Ditto table forks.
Terms, Cash. 5319

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 14.
COLT'S REVOLVERS, 5 SHOOTERS.

PURKIS AND LAMBERT will sell by auction, at their Mart, 451, George street, on THIS DAY, Monday, the 14th instant, at 11 o'clock precisely,
1 Case—
Colt's Revolvers, 5 shooters.
Terms, Cash. 5343

Bohemian Glassware
Boots and Shoes
Rattan Chairs
Furniture
Navy Caps, Ladies' Bags, &c.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street, THIS DAY, Monday, February 14th, at 11 o'clock,
One case elegant Bohemian glassware
One case boots and shoes
Sixty rattan chairs
Large four-post bedsteads, washstands, presses, tables, &c.
One case navy caps, ladies' fancy bags, &c.
Terms, cash. 5355

FANCY STATIONERY, COLOUR BOXES, &c.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street, THIS DAY,
One case assorted fancy stationery
Colour boxes and fancy articles
Terms, cash. 5354

WATERVIEW BAY, BALMAIN.
SUBURBAN VILLA, with tastefully arranged Flower Garden, Orchard, &c., and Seven Eligible Building Allotments at Strathesen.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON has been instructed to sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street, TO-MORROW, February 15th, at 12 o'clock,
All that well and substantisly stone built VILLA RESIDENCE,
situated as above, and containing nine rooms, with front verandah, French windows, &c., back yard, ample cellarage, never failing well of water, &c.
The FLOWER GARDEN and GROUNDS are most tastefully arranged and laid out, and the ORCHARD and VINEYARD abundantly stocked with fruit trees and vines.
The land attached to the house is about an acre, having considerable frontages to College, Campbell, and William streets; and the ALLOTMENTS have frontages to College-street of 33 feet by a depth of 133 feet.
This charming property is admirably adapted for a quiet retreat from the bustle of the thronged metropolis, and to be fully appreciated must be carefully inspected; the view from the upper rooms is most comprehensive and delightful, embracing the Harbour, South Head, and surrounding scenery; the distance is about twenty minutes' row from Darling Harbour, or ten minutes walk from the landing from the Ferry, and for comfort and convenience it would be difficult to select a more desirable suburban residence.
The allotments for sale, forming a paddock on the opposite side of the street in which the house and grounds are situated, will at the suggestion of several contemplating purchasers, be offered firstly in one lot, and if not satisfactorily bid for, will be sold in the allotments as before described.
Plans are on view at the rooms of the auctioneer, and the property may be inspected on application to the gardener in charge.
Immediate possession can be given.
Terms at sale. 5352

THREE ELIGIBLE BUILDING ALLOTMENTS, NICHOLSON STREET, BALMAIN.
By order of the Mortgagee.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON has received instruction to sell by auction, at his rooms, George-street, TO-MORROW, February 15, at 12 o'clock,
Three Eligible Building Allotments — thus described in the mortgage deed—
All that piece or parcel of land situate, lying, and being in the parish of Petersham, in the colony of New South Wales (part of the Balmain Estate) commencing at the north-east corner of lot 19, and bounded on the north-west by a line bearing east twenty-four degrees north, 59 feet 3 inches; on the north-east by Nicholson-street, being a line bearing south twenty-four degrees, east forty-feet; on the south by lot 23, being a line

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.

February 12.—Brothers, brig, 173 tons, Captain Allen, from Moreton Bay, 5th inst. Passengers—Miss Bourke, Mr. and Mrs. Clarke, Messrs. Trevathan, Gillespie, Walton, and 32 in the steerage. W. U. Harris, agent.

DEPARTURES.

February 12.—Christina, brig, for Melbourne.
February 12.—Despatch, for Wellington.
February 12.—Isabella, for Port Albert.
February 13.—Harriett, for Melbourne.
February 13.—Belsdeer, for the South Sea Islands.

PROJECTED DEPARTURES.

This Day.—Wilson Kennedy, and Montgomery, for Bombay; Rival, Mary Nicholson, and Penyard Park, for Newcastle; Gratitude, for Launceston.

SHIPS' MAILS.

Mails will close at the Post-office as follows:—

For London.—By the Benjamin Elkin, and Hannah, this evening, at six.

For Hobart Town.—By the Emma, to-morrow evening, at 6.

For Adelaide.—By the Dazzler, this evening, at 6.

For San Francisco.—By the Jessie Byrne, to-morrow evening, at six.

The cargo of the Brothers, from Moreton Bay, consists of 11,100 feet timber, 7 hogsheads tallow, 7 bundles skins, 32 hides, 292 bales wool. She also brings the first import of gold from the Moreton Bay district, being about 6 oz., consigned to Mr. Hale, of George-street, and apparently of very fair quality. The America was on the point of sailing for this port, to be followed by the Sydney Packet in a few days. The Washington Irving had also commenced loading for London.

The Wilson Kennedy was anchored at the Heads, yesterday evening at sunset.

Steamers building in Greenock and Glasgow for the Australian Trade.—Messrs. John Reid and Co. have lately contracted for the building of a new steamer of 1050 tons for the Australian and Pacific Company. Messrs. L. Hill and Co. are also likely to build another screw steamer of 1550 tons for the same company. Messrs. Caird and Co. are building a steamer of 800 tons for the Pacific Steam Navigation Company. Messrs. John Scott and Sons have a paddle steamer of 800 tons in frame for Captain Kincaid for the Australian trade.—*Hull Advertiser.*

SCREW *VERSUS* PADDLE.

To the Editor of the Examiner.

Sir,—Two remarkable passages have, as everybody knows, been recently completed by the Great Britain One to New York, starting on the same day as the full powered, paddle-wheel steamer of Cunard's Mail Line, the Canada; the other from New York starting at the same minute as the United States full-powered paddle-wheel steamer the Humboldt. The Great Britain is 3,600 tons, the exact measurement of the others I am not precisely aware of, I believe about 2,000.

The nominal power of the Great Britain is 500 horses, seven tons to one horse power, but as the boilers are good for more, I will call it six tons to one horse power. The nominal power of the others is over 700, I believe, but to simplify matters I will call it three tons to one horse power. All engines now-a-days work above their nominal power. I may be told the Great Britain works higher. Good. So do the others. The Canada started nine hours after the Great Britain, and judging by the speaking of both by the arriving mail steamer, the latter had maintained a proper distance from the former, about ninety miles, showing that when vessels are deep screws have an advantage over paddles, of which more presently.

The sails all the way out were of little use, wind being generally foul, and for four days strong, amounting in fact to gales. Estimating the Canada's passage up to New York at the same rate she reached Halifax, the full-powered steamer carrying her Majesty's mails gained about one day in thirteen upon the auxiliary screw, the screw and the mails, via Boston, arriving at New York about the same time. This was a great performance for the screw, and, comparing the consumption of fuel, is a pretty tolerable hint to those who for long voyages still stick to the old mode of propelling with full power.

Come we now to the homeward passage, which fortunately was performed under opposite circumstances, the wind, when there was any, having been fair all the way, instead of foul. The two ships cast off together in sight of the population of New York, the American about half a mile to seaward. It must have been a thrilling sight. The stars and the stripes in amity competing with the union and the cross in a race of 3000 miles. British short clipper and American heart of oak, crew *versus* paddle—auxiliary *versus* full power—full rig *versus* under rig—English lines *versus* American—away they went cheered on by thousands. I copy from the log.—They started at noon, "in thirty minutes exchanged guns, colours, and cheers with the Humboldt, when passing her; at two hours-ten minutes, to discharge pilot, Humboldt about three miles astern—no sail set." Then the next day, "Sails of little or no service—wind light—Humboldt nearly out of sight astern." Nevertheless and notwithstanding this most satisfactory start, the Humboldt, as she lightened, must, after arriving at better trim, have come up, for the passages were as near as may be equal. I care not which was first, or went a few leagues farthest; one being bound for Cowes, the other for Liverpool, the Great Britain arrived several hours before the Run be H, but the Humboldt had a few leagues further to go; my object is to show the advantages in to small power and economy of fuel, with the screw, over extravagance and full powered paddle ships. The explanation of the gaining is simply this—ships being deep alike, greater speed can be got with the screw than with the paddle, and the deeper down the screw, the more covered the greater the resistance, the more is it comparatively speaking effective. The tonnage of the Great Britain being nearly double that of the other ships, she would have to expend double the quantity of fuel to lighten at the same rate as the smaller vessels—*ergo*, if their consumption is eighty tons per diem, the Great Britain's ought to be about 150 to arrive at the same trim; but allowing her consumption to be even fifty tons per diem,* she would require three days to arrive at the trim the others reach in one, and as they lighten, the midship section being lessened, and the finer lines coming into play, speed increases. When it blew strong no doubt the Great Britain held her own—her lofty sails telling; her speed having been 12½ knots and better; but when the wind lessens (and it is a good breeze that goes more than fifteen miles an hour), then its full power tells, and no doubt did in the Humboldt. It is, however, clear that the Baltic should have carried double the weight, and water the distance in the same time as the Yankee, and that too in the fastest run any vessel of that line has yet made.

Let us now reason on the facts as bearing on steam navigation. The Great Britain is up for Australia, and if her owners chose could carry coal enough, at forty tons per diem, full steaming, all the way to Sydney, about 8,000 miles. Neither of the other ships could reach the Cape of Good Hope, about half-way, full steaming also, without coaling somewhere. May I not ask if this is not a most instructive fact?

Your obedient servant,
CHRISTOPHER CLAXTON.

Kensington, June 21, 1852.

* The Great Britain was supplied with very inferior coals, although ordered from pits of approved qualities. Going out and coming home she used American.

DIARY.

MEMORANDA TO NEXT PUBLICATION.

February		SUN rises	SUN sets	HIGH WATER morn	HIGH WATER even
14	MONDAY	5 36	6 53	11 10	11 50

Moon's First Qr., 1h. 16m. P.M., February 16

ROYAL VICTORIA THEATRE.

This Evening, February 14,

Will be produced the Musical Play of THE EXILE. Baron Altradorff, Mr. Howard; Count Calmar, Mr. J. Howson; Count Ulrick, Mr. Montague; Governor of Siberia, Mr. Rogers; Daran, Mr. Warde; Servita, Mr. F. Howson; Yermack, Mr. Belfield; Welzien, Mr. Willis; Elizabeth, Madame Sara Flower; Sedona, Mrs. Gibbs; Catherine, Madame Casadini; Alexina, Mrs. Guerin. To be followed by the Interlude of HORATIO SPARKINS, or the Peckham Rye Assembly. To conclude with the Farce of A THUMPING LEGACY.

THE
Sydney Morning Herald.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1853.

"Sworn to no Master, of no Sect am I."

THE CASE OF THE JOHN MELHUISH.

The result of the late proceedings taken at the Water Police Office against the chief officer of the above-named emigrant ship appear, to us, of so extraordinary a character, that we deem it our duty to direct particular attention to the case.

On the 1st instant, the John Melhuish arrived here from Melbourne, whither she had conveyed a large draft of passengers from the Downs. The chief officer, William H. Hall, was in custody, and we had previously received and published a detailed account of an alarming fire on board the ship during the voyage to Port Phillip, which was stated to have been caused by the mate having feloniously spilled a brandy cask with a light in his hand, and the spirits thereby igniting. By the intrepid conduct of one of the passengers, the flames were got under, and the lives of several hundred persons, and the ship and valuable cargo saved. The Melbourne authorities, considering that they had no jurisdiction in the matter, Captain Jenkins brought the mate in custody to Sydney, and delivered him to the Water Police. He then exhibited an information against him, under the 78th section of the Mercantile Marine Act, 1850, for embezzling the ship's cargo, and the case was ordered for hearing on Friday the 4th instant. The prisoner having then prayed for a remand in order to obtain professional advice, the case was postponed until Monday; Mr. Robert Johnson, who had been retained for the prosecution, having notified to the Bench, that, although he, himself, was of opinion that so grave an offence as the prisoner appeared to have committed ought not to be dealt with summarily, but that the case should be sent to the Supreme Court, Captain Jenkins was averse to take proceedings at common law, and that consequently the prisoner would be called upon to answer the information already filed under the 78th section of the Mercantile Marine Act, 1850; the maximum punishment inflicted thereby being twelve weeks' imprisonment with hard labour.

On Monday, however, as will have been seen in the report in Wednesday's *Sydney Morning Herald*, upon the case being called on, Mr. Johnson informed the court that in consequence of Captain Jenkins having failed to make such an entry in the official log-book as was required by the 27th section of the Mercantile Marine Amendment Act of 1851, the omission was fatal to the present information. According to our report, Mr. Johnson thus explained the *casus omissus*;—

The Mercantile Marine Act Amendment Act of 1851, contained a peremptory provision in respect to entries in the official log book, which, important as it was, scarcely a master of a ship seemed to have the slightest idea of. The section in question enacted "that, except in the case of desertion, and when it is impossible to do so, every entry of any offence made in the official log-book of any ship which leaves the United Kingdom after the 1st of September, 1852, shall at the time when the same shall be made, or so soon afterwards as possible, be read over distinctly and audibly to the offender, or upon the quarter-deck of the ship; and a statement to the effect that the same has been so read shall be added to each entry, and signed as required for the signature of such entry; and except in the cases aforesaid, no such entry shall be admissible in evidence on the part of the master or owner, or otherwise available for the purposes of such master or owner, if not so stated to have been read over as hereinbefore provided." Now, the existence of this enactment it appeared Captain Jenkins was totally ignorant of. Although he had sailed from England in October, 1852, and the Act had been in force since September, 1851, he was only provided with the Act of 1850. And even his official log-book, published under the authority of the Board of Trade, only contained those sections of the Act of 1850 which referred to the manner of making log entries.

Mr. Johnson then said, that inasmuch as the present information could not be maintained, and as Captain Jenkins still refused to take other means which were available to bring the case before a jury, he should leave it to the Water Police Magistrate to determine what steps ought to be taken with the prisoner when discharged out of custody under the present warrant.

Notwithstanding this significant suggestion on the part of the learned advocate, Mr. Brenan, in ordering the prisoner to be discharged, expressed his intention not to direct any further steps to be taken in respect to him; and his reasons are reported to be as follows:—

With respect to the suggestion thrown out by Mr. Johnson as to the power which he (Mr. Brenan) possessed to order the apprehension of the prisoner for felony on his being discharged on the present charge of embezzlement, he thought that he should be exceeding his duty if he did so. The information, as exhibited by the Captain, confined the charge to an embezzlement of ship's stores—an offence which the statute law would have enabled the Bench to deal with had the Captain complied with the provisions of the statute. It was true that, by a report which had appeared in the *Sydney Morning Herald* on Wednesday last, this embezzlement would seem to have been committed under circumstances which perilled the lives of several hundred persons, as well as the ship and cargo; but, of course, he (Mr. Brenan) could not take official notice of a newspaper report, when Captain Jenkins declined to make any further charge than the one which his own ignorance had disabled him from proving.

The prisoner was accordingly set at liberty.

Now let us compare this man's escape from justice, by reason of a mere legal technicality, (which it was in the power of the Water Police Magistrate to overcome in one moment) with the exemplary punishment inflicted by the Supreme Court upon the crew of the Martin Luther, in October last, to which tribunal they were committed by Mr. Brenan himself, under the common law, as for a misdemeanour, because, although he had jurisdiction in such a case as the men were charged with, the Captain of the Martin Luther had been guilty of the same *laches* as the Captain of the John Melhuish, and the entry in the log book could not be put in evidence.

The men having been thereupon committed for conspiracy and combination, were convicted before Mr. Justice Dickinson and each sentenced to twelve months' imprisonment.

It may be urged in defence of Mr. Brenan's inconsistency, as regards these two cases, that, in the latter, Captain Ross having had his error explained to him by Mr. Nichols, followed the latter's advice, and proceeded at common law; whilst Captain Jenkins, having been also so advised by Mr. Johnson, positively refused to take any steps for moving the jurisdiction into the Supreme Court. But such excuse is untenable. Mr. Brenan was distinctly told by Mr. Johnson that the official log book, then in his hand, contained a correct account of the whole circumstances connected with the charge against the prisoner; and although the magistrate thus had official evidence before him, and admitted that he had read the report of the fire published in this journal, he still maintained that he should exceed his duty if he put Captain Jenkins into the witness box and examined him as to the entry in the log-book, wherein an offence amounting to a misdemeanour, if not to a felony, was charged against the prisoner in the dock. Captain Jenkins' refusal to take other steps than those which his own ignorance of the law under which he sails had precluded him from taking, was no reason for the magistrate's non-interference when evidence of a most serious offence having been committed on the high seas was in his own hands. Besides,—as Mr. Brenan himself has since notified his recollection of,—the charge of embezzling the ship's stores was one whereupon it was obviously improper and illegal to file the information. For even had the log-entry been formally made in the terms of the Act, and the charge gone into before the Bench, it would have been the imperative duty of the magistrate to have declined to act judicially, and to have ordered a fresh information to be filed under the 77th section of the Mercantile Marine Act, 1850, and to have committed the prisoner for trial as for a misdemeanour. This section has been so frequently overlooked at the Water Police Office that we subjoin it entire:—

77. And be it enacted that any master or mate of, or any seaman belonging to, any British ship, who by wilful breach of duty, or by neglect of duty, or by reason of drunkenness, does any act tending to the immediate loss, destruction, or serious damage of such ship, or tending immediately to endanger the life or limb of any person belonging to or on board of such ship, or who by wilful breach of duty, or by neglect of duty, or by reason of drunkenness, refuses or omits to do any lawful act proper and requisite to be done by him for preserving such ship from immediate loss, destruction, or serious damage, or for preserving any person belonging to, or on board of, such ship from immediate danger to life or limb, shall, for each such offence, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanour.

This clause, it will at once be seen, is the one under which it was the duty of Captain Jenkins to have filed his information. This he failed to do, and refused in the presence of the Water Police Magistrate to take any further steps in the matter. Mr. Brenan, altogether forgetting that the Queen, and not Captain Jenkins, would be the prosecutor in the Supreme Court, gives way to the latter's resolve to "trouble himself no more about it;" and thus the ends of justice have been defeated.

SOFALA.

No. VIII

Notes from the Turon.

Sofala, February 10.

There was no public meeting yesterday, but there was a meeting of a committee named on the previous day, with power to agree conclusively upon a petition for signature by the diggers in general.

At this meeting a petition was adopted, of which the following is a copy:—

To His Excellency Sir Charles Augustus Fitz Roy, Knight, Governor General of the Australian Colonies, Captain General and Governor-in-Chief of the Territory of New South Wales and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c., &c.

The petition of the undersigned gold miners of the Turon River Gold District

Sheweth—

That your petitioners on this, the 8th, and on yesterday, the 7th day of February, 1853, may, under the influence of an excitement consequent upon an apprehended enforcement of the Gold Fields Management Bill, have exhibited an attitude at variance with that peaceable demeanour hitherto distinguishing the miners of the Turon.

That your petitioners beseech your Excellency to recollect that the present controversy between your petitioners and the Crown Commissioners of this district has been caused solely through that irritation which armed Police force will produce when it is apprehended the bayonet of the soldier is in the rear to aid the enforcement of a law.

That your petitioners now beg to tender your Excellency the most respectful assurance that they repudiate all charges of disaffection to your Excellency's Government, and they do to your Excellency, and before their countrymen the wide world over declare that disloyalty to the Queen of England introduces not itself into their present controversy with the Crown Commissioners. The name of the Queen of England awakens in these mountain ranges of Australia far other feelings than those of disloyalty, and as in England hundreds of thousands would at her behest stand foot to foot and breast to breast with an invading foe; so here in this the land of Australia would the right arms of its tens of thousands uplifted, hail the order for their array under the banner of England.

That your petitioners do freely and unreservedly acknowledge that the authority of the law must here, as elsewhere, be kept paramount over all, and they do also declare and avow that the law on the banks of the Turon has been upheld by the Crown Commissioners amid circumstances most embarrassing; but whatever the morning of this day may have exhibited amid efforts made by clergymen of all denominations (others aiding them), to prevent collisions, and on two most critical occasions to prevent the direful precipitation of 800 men armed, and every hazard upon armed authority—your petitioners do now assert that when they are framing this their petition, law and order and reconciled feelings prevail, and have their full influence, and that by reason, chiefly, of the promise and engagement received from the Crown Commissioners of this district by the deputation from your petitioners, upon them this day waiting, to the following effect, namely, that they, the said Crown Commissioners, would to your Excellency forward and recommend such reasonable petition and remonstrance as your present petitioners might present to them for such a purpose.

And your petitioners do now declare and assert that no direct personal affront was meditated or has been given to the Crown Commissioners more directly engaged with this gold district, and no one transaction has with them occurred which will prevent their future authority being acknowledged by your petitioners without one evil or one embittered feeling.

That your Excellency will condescend to accept this statement of your petitioners as to some of the circumstances creating their present controversy with the Crown Commissioners, the which circumstances they do now relate in the following words:—viz., the apprehension of a forcible collection of increased Crown revenues, and the enforcement of all fines, penalties, and imprisonment upon their non-payment. Your Excellency is respectfully asked to recollect that the Turon gold district has not yet made one-twelfth of a return adequate to the capital and labour upon it expended. Floods and tempests have on the Turon for the last fifteen months defeated efforts, caused many and severe losses.

That your petitioners do now represent to your Excellency the necessity for the immediate revision of the licensing system, by means of the immediate assembly of the Legislative Council or otherwise,—the license fee being reduced to a license fee of 10s. per month, by all *without distinction* payable, children excepted.

And your petitioners do now most earnestly and respectfully entreat your Excellency to command the suspension of irritating appliances to the enforcement of impoverishing demands from a gold mining population, which is ever both migratory and adventurous; and your petitioners beseech your Excellency to recollect that the labour of the thousands in the gold districts of Australia and upon all her many wide and fertile lands is now advancing and enriching the Australian colonies at an unprecedented pace, but which labour prospers not long when it has to encounter a harassing and despoiling treatment. And your petitioners will ever pray.

Dated this eighth day of February, A.D. 1853.

Loose sheets, with copies or abstract of the petition have been circulated in various directions, and already a great number of signatures have been obtained.

Many other parties started yesterday from the various points of the river, *en route* for the Ovens; and numbers are preparing to follow their example.

Of those who remain a great many have quietly taken out their licenses. Others still absolutely refuse to do so; and this latter party are still sufficiently numerous and strong to render them formidable.

The diggings have assumed their ordinary appearance, except that they have a rather deserted aspect, owing to the number of departures. There have been no more breakings up of cradles, &c., and such as have already occurred have met with so little favour among the miners as a body, that it is not likely to be repeated.

Mr. M'Lean, one of the Assistant Commissioners, went up the river yesterday for some distance, questioning those he met with as to whether they had licenses or not. He met with many who had them. But he met with still more who not only answered his question in the negative, but stated their determination to stand by the principle already declared for, of refusing to pay any fee at all. None of these have been taken into custody, although they received formal warning that they must either pay, leave the diggings, or expect to be dealt with under the penal clauses. The threats have made but little impression. In the proceedings of Mr. M'Lean the diggers only recognise the proceedings of a gentleman *compelled* to carry out the Act according to the strict letter, but acting with a forbearance which is contrary to the spirit of the law. Others, who are of a more suspicious turn of mind, view with alarm and vexation those acts of the gentleman alluded to; and those who remain firm in the wrong impression placed yesterday upon the sayings of the Commissioners themselves, do not scruple to charge those gentlemen with having deceived them.

My opinion as to the end of all this was expressed in my last communication.

The mail by which the above communication arrived passed twelve troopers between Mount Wyagden and Sofala, bound to the latter place. The detachment were met with soon after daybreak on Friday in the vicinity of Solitary Creek.

We are requested by Mr. Newton to remind buyers of the auction engage that he sells by auction this day, at his rooms, 14, [illegible] bags fine Java sugar. Some of the samples are quite equal to Company's crushed lump. Also 150 tons of Bebo.

DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE.

INSOLVENT COURT.

Saturday.

In the estate of Patrick M'Keown, a special meeting was held, at which it was agreed to accept the composition offered by insolvent at a former meeting.

Meetings for creditors.

February.—Monday, 14.—Charles Brady, an adjourned single meting, at 11.
Friday, 18.—Samuel Charles Johnson, a single meeting, at 11. Benjamin Johnson, an adjourned single meeting, at half-past 11.
Monday, 21.—Arthur Morrison, a special meeting, for examination, at 11.
March.—Tuesday, 1.—(At Moreton Bay.) Wellmand Prosper Douyere, an adjourned single meeting, at 11.
Thursday, 3.—Alexander Waddell, an adjourned special meeting, for examination, at 11. John Macdonald, and John Fourness Smethurst, certificate meetings, at noon.
Monday, 7.—Charles L. D. Fattorini, an adjourned second meeting, at 11.
Thursday, 19.—John Smith Papps, a certificate meeting, at noon.

GOLD ANNIVERSARY DINNER.

The Second Anniversary of the Australian Gold Discovery was celebrated on Saturday by a public dinner in the saloon of the Royal Hotel. His Excellency the Governor-General, the General Commanding, the Senior Naval Officer, the Colonial Secretary, and several leading members of the Government, received invitations from the stewards, and honoured them with their presence on the auspicious occasion. It had been the intention of the committee of the Hargraves Testimonial to present Mr. Hargraves with the golden cup which has been purchased out of the funds subscribed; but most unfortunately the hero of the day was prevented from attending by severe indisposition, and the interesting ceremony of presentation was unavoidably postponed.

The saloon of the Royal Hotel was very beautifully decorated with festoons of flowers and evergreens, and the flags of the principal nations of the world were displayed round the walls, or furled round the pillars suporting the roof. Several brilliant chandeliers hung from the ceiling, and the tables, loaded with good cheer, and ornamented with candelabra and epergnes filled with choice flowers, and a profusion of wax lights, presented a brilliant and pleasing *coup d'œil*. The entrance to the hotel was also decorated with evergreens.

At 6 o'clock a guard of honour of the eleventh regiment, and a detachment of mounted troopers, attended in front of the hotel, to receive the Governor-General; and a large concourse of citizens assembled on the spot, attracted by mingled curiosity and that feeling of cheerful loyalty which is so characteristic of the inhabitants of this great city. Shortly after 6, His Excellency, attended by his suite, and accompanied by Lieut.-Gen. Wynyard, arrived, and was received by the stewards, and conducted into the antechamber, where the Speaker, the Colonial Secretary, and other members of the Government, with a number of military and naval officers, had already assembled. The band of the 11th striking up "God save the Queen" as the Governor-General alighted from his carriage. Sir Charles was attired in full uniform, and the members of the Executive Council appeared in official costume. The stewards wore a distinguishing badge of white satin, on which were printed the words "Gold Anniversary," in golden characters.

As Mr. Hargraves was not present, the preliminary ceremony of presenting the testimonial did not take place; but Mr. Hale submitted to His Excellency a beautifully executed design of the cup, which Sir Charles was pleased to approve. The cup, of pure Australian gold without any alloy whatever, is of chaste design and elegant proportion. It is surmounted by a figure of the discoverer himself in the act of alighting from his horse; and bears on one side the Arms of Australia, and on the other a shield with an appropriate inscription.

The Governor-General was then conducted to his seat in the banquet room by the Stewards, and the chair was taken by the Hon. E. Deas Thomson, Colonial Secretary, who was supported on the right by his Excellency Sir Everard Home, the Speaker, Colonel Bloomfield, and the Mayor of Sydney, and on his left by Lieutenant-General Wynyard, Mr. Justice Therry, and Deputy Commissary-General Coxworthy. The vice-chair was occupied by Dr Douglass, M.L.C., who was supported on the right by the Colonial Treasurer and the Postmaster-General, and on the left by the Auditor-General and the Solicitor-General.

About 200 persons sat down to dinner.

After ample justice had been done to the good cheer provided by Mr. Goudie, the Chairman called upon the assembly to fill bumpers, and rose to propose the first toast, "The Queen." He said he had the honour to propose the health of Her Most Gracious Majesty Queen Victoria. This toast was always the first that was proposed in every British community, and it was always and everywhere received with enthusiasm and loyalty. But nowhere was that enthusiasm or that loyalty for the Queen greater than in the colony of New South Wales, and he hoped this would long continue to be the case, as the best guarantee of the prosperity and greatness of the country. (Loud cheers.)

The toast was drank with all the honours. Air—"God save the Queen."

The Chairman then rose to propose the health of Prince Albert, the Prince of Wales, and all the Royal Family. It was scarcely necessary that he should introduce this toast with any lengthened observations. In drinking it, they were drinking the health of those nearest and dearest to her Majesty's heart; which was in itself a sufficient inducement. In Prince Albert the nation found a generous and enlightened patron of the arts and sciences and a gentleman who had thoroughly identified himself with the interests of his adopted country, and won the love and approbation of the whole British people. In the Prince of Wales they saw the heir apparent to the Crown; and though they hoped it would be many years before His Royal Highness would be called upon to ascend the throne of his ancestors, this was an additional reason why they should cordially drink his health. (Great cheering.)

The toast was drank with three times three, the band playing "Prince Albert's March."

The Chairman called upon the company once more to fill bumpers. The toast he had now to propose was the health of His Excellency Sir Charles Augustus Fitz Roy, Governor-General of all Her Majesty's Australian possessions. (Loud and continued cheers.) It would neither be becoming in him, nor would it be agreeable to the Governor-General himself, in their relative positions, to say all he could wish to say on this occasion. But this he would say, that never was there a Governor of these colonies more anxious or more solicitous to advance their interests in every way in his power, and never was there a Governor who had been more successful in this object. (Loud cheers.)

The toast was drunk with three times three, and one cheer more, which was lengthened into a long and loud huzzah. Air, "the Fine Old English Gentleman."

The Governor-General rose to return his sincere thanks for the honour they had done him by the way in which his health had been received. When it was proposed last year to celebrate the anniversary of the gold discovery by a general holiday, he had not given his sanction to the proposal, because considerable doubt then existed in his own mind, and in the minds of many, whether that discovery would lead to good or evil. (Hear, hear.) But he could now fairly say that it had been productive of the greatest good. (Loud cheers.) No one acquainted with the resources of this wonderful country could ever have doubted that it was destined to become at some future day a great and powerful nation. (Renewed cheers.) But its brilliant destinies had been vastly accelerated by the great discovery of gold; and presiding as he now did over its interests, he felt peculiarly proud in having been honoured with an invitation to share in the celebration of this great and most interesting occasion. He begged to thank them again for the kindness with which they had drunk his health. His Excellency resumed his seat amid a storm of cheering.

The Chairman then proposed "The Army and the Navy." There was not a page in our history which was not filled with the indomitable deeds and splendid victories of both those distinguished services, and if we were now enjoying the blessings of peace and prosperity, those blessings were entirely owing to the noble exertions and generous sacrifices of our soldiers and our sailors. (Cheers.) He was proud to see those who had borne the brunt and the scars of battle joining with them in the celebration of this peaceful anniversary; and he was sure it would be with enthusiasm and cordial gratitude that the company would drink the toast he had proposed. (Loud cheers.)

The toast was drank with all the honours, the band playing "British Grenadiers" and "Rule Britannia."

Lieutenant General Wynyard returned thanks for the compliment which had been paid to the noble service to which he had the honour to belong. It would always be with the greatest satisfaction that he should remember this day. He was about to leave them, to return to his native land, having accomplished his period of service in the colony, but he could not part with his Australian friends without expressing his earnest and confident hope that the great event which they were there to celebrate would tend to the good, the happiness, and the prosperity of every class of people in these colonies. (Cheers.)

Sir Everard Home also begged to return thanks on the part of the service to which he belonged. He fully participated in the sentiments which had been expressed by the Governor-General in reference to the gold discovery. He could not but believe that it would tend in a great degree to develope the agricultural and other resources of these colonies, and particularly of the islands of New Zealand, whose prosperity must have been greatly promoted even had they not discovered gold of their own. The immense increase in emigration would be productive especially of good to the merchant service, for whose benefit men-of-war existed. (Cheers.)

The Chairman then rose to propose the next toast—"The Judges and the Bar." There could be no greater blessing than the due administration of justice, and no greater guarantee of freedom than an independent bench and an upright bar, and he was sure he need say no more to induce them to drink this toast with enthusiasm.

The toast was drank with all the honours. Air, "Balance a straw."

Mr. Justice Therry, in returning thanks for "The Bench and Bar," said that only a moiety of the compliment belonged to him, and those he represented, whilst the other moiety belonged to the bar, who were capable and well-accustomed to speak for themselves. (Hear, hear.) He regretted that either the Chief Justice or Mr. Justice Dickinson—now absent from Sydney on circuit—was not there to make a more eloquent and suitable acknowledgement for the honour that had been paid to the bench than he could hope to make. In thankfully acknowledging the toast, I trust I may be permitted, said Mr. Justice Therry, to express the gratification I feel in being present at a festival commemorative of an event of such momentous interest to the destinies of Australia as the discovery of gold. It is an event which deserves to be ranked and regarded amongst the great discoveries of the world. (Hear, hear.) And, although the advantages it confers may find some small present deduction in the inconvenience it may occasion to some classes, yet considerations of temporary embarrassment and partial depression become merged and obscured in the brilliancy of the great fact,—that a new element of wealth has been discovered and added to the many pre-existing sources of opulence in the land,—that its discovery has directed and rivetted the eyes of all nations upon us, and that in exchange for our gold that abounds, those nations are now engaged in commissioning every wind that blows to waft the fruits of their industry to our shores. (Cheers.) Nor are these the only advantages of this wonderful discovery. It has supplied us with that which we most wished for and most wanted—a multitudinous immigration (cheers), by which we have seen compressed within two years the arrival of a population that otherwise would have been scattered over a quarter of a century. (Hear.) And, again, look to the harbours of Port Jackson and Victoria, on whose crowded waters, within that same short period, the finest ships of the mercantile navies of England and America have floated. (Hear, hear.) In gazing with admiration on those sudden and glorious results, let us not dim or darken the brightness of the vision by indulging in sinister and sullen ill-bodings of the possible evils that may be associated with or consequent upon this great event. To predicate of gold that it is liable to abuse, is only to announce—the no very notable discovery—that there is no earthly good so complete as to be free from imperfections. (Hear, hear.) But, the great blessings of Providence, and the augmented means which Providence permits human skill and genius to unfold for the benefit of mankind, must be measured and appreciated not by the conduct of those who abuse, but by that of those who wisely use them. (Loud cheers.) As well might it be said that no man should seek to heap up riches, because there had been spendthrift heirs who wasted their inheritance. (Hear, hear.) Sentiments such as these should not damp our this day's rejoicing—but, our hearts should bound with joyous hope and humble confidence that, by wisely using the precious metal with which the Great Giver of all gifts has gifted us, this young and much-favoured country—whose first formation and settlement is in the memory perhaps of some now present—may, within the short period of the life of man, so rapidly prosper as to equal the commercial grandeur and social advancement of the older communities of Europe, which have only been brought about and achieved by slow degrees of progressive improvement in a series of centuries. (Loud cheers.)

The Solicitor General said: When he came into the room he had no expectation of being called upon to respond to this toast, which he thought ought to have devolved *in toto* upon his honorable and learned friend Mr. Justice Therry; and he was fortified in this consideration by observing that although the former toast had been illustrated by two tunes, this was only honoured with one, and that one, however well adapted to the Judges, was not at all adapted to the bar. (Laughter and cheers.) As a companion to "Balance a Straw," he should have suggested another tune, "Split a Hair," and then the bar would have come in for their proper share of the musical accompaniment. (Laughter.) It was perhaps fortunate, however, that he had not come prepared to speak, or he might have indulged in some professional scurrility; but he would content himself by saying with Canning, that he hoped the bar would always deserve and obtain the good opinion of the people, and, he would add, get some few of their nuggets. (Cheers and laughter.)

The Governor-General then proposed: "Prosperity to New South Wales." No one would drink this toast with greater sincerity than himself. This colony had given abundant proof of her greatness by the way in which she had conquered her difficulties and endured her reverses; and he trusted that she would prove herself still greater by the manner in which she would bear her prosperity. (Cheers.)

The toast was drank with enthusiasm, the band striking up, "The Australian Polka."

The Chairman then requested that a special bumper might be filled. The toast he should now have the honour to propose was, in fact, the toast of the evening. They had met here to-night to celebrate that great event, the discovery of gold in Australia. (Loud cheers.) When he considered the short period that had elapsed since that event, he could not but marvel at the vast progress which had been made by these colonies; he could not but feel the immense importance of those great results which had flowed from the discovery of gold—results of which he could not have had the remotest suspicion at the time. (Hear, hear.) In the month of April, 1851, Mr. Hargraves waited upon him with only a few grains of gold—almost the minutest quantity that could have been conceived; so minute were these grains that he could hardly perceive them without putting on his spectacles. And yet all that Mr. Hargraves then so boldly predicted had come true. (Cheers.) Never could he have anticipated that in the short period which had elapsed 173 tons of gold, in value above fourteen millions sterling, could have been produced by the sister colony of Victoria alone. (Loud cheers.) Such a result it was impossible to foresee—almost impossible to conceive. He had himself, indeed, as far back as the year 1848, been under the impression that gold would be discovered in this country; and in 1849 a nugget was actually shown to him by Mr. Smith, and exhibited to the Governor-General. Mr. Smith claimed a reward for his discovery, offering to disclose the locality whence he had obtained his specimen. To this the Government made the same answer as they had done to Mr. Hargraves, namely, that the reward must entirely depend upon the nature and value of the discovery. (Hear, hear.) Mr. Smith was not satisfied with these terms, and kept the secret to himself. But Mr. Hargraves came from California, and by his practical skill as a miner had made the discovery of gold in the Summerhill Creek, which they were now assembled to celebrate. (Loud cheers.) Other parties subsequently claimed a reward, but by that time 300 or 400 persons were already at work, and the Government refused to recognise any claim but that of Mr. Hargraves himself, who was the first individual who had practically made known the treasures that were concealed in the bosom of the earth. (Renewed cheering.) He had said that he did not anticipate the vast effects this discovery would have on the destinies of these colonies. Still less could he have anticipated its wonderful effects on the destinies of England herself, and the whole of Europe. (Cheers.) Those effects had been of a most extraordinary character. Already had the immense supplies of gold greatly changed the relative value of all other commodities; but its most astonishing results were shown in the extensive emigration which it had induced, not only from the mother country, but from many other parts of the European continent—an emigration which had been described by the leading journal of England—the leading journal of the world—as assuming the character, not of relief only, but almost of exhaustion. (Loud cheers.) Who for a single moment, could have supposed that such portentous results would flow from the discovery of gold by Mr. Hargraves? But it could not be doubted that this discovery was an abundant blessing to these colonies; the plethora of gold had increased the value of every description of property—had benefitted every class of persons. He would not except the agricultural and pastoral interests themselves. (Loud cheers.) Already the value of stock and stations had been largely increased; and those anxieties which naturally were indulged in, and those difficulties which at first arose, had now been entirely allayed and dispelled. (Cheers.) It was a matter of especial congratulation, also, that the discovery was made at so opportune a period—a period when the penal character of the colony was fast disappearing—had in fact disappeared. (Immense cheering.) A period when the natural resources of the colony had been already developed to a great extent—when an abundant supply of food had been actually in existence, to meet the wants of thousands who had poured in upon our shores. One of the most agreeable considerations connected with this event was, that the superabundant animal stock which, to the great regret of every right-thinking man, had been necessarily boiled down for the mere tallow it would produce, would now be applied to the more legitimate purpose of feeding whole families of men. But the prosperity of the colony had been enhanced in many other ways. It was specially evinced in the large increase of deposits in the banks, in the increase of their coin, and in their note circulation. The recent returns of the Savings' Bank, an institution with which he was proud to be connected, showed an enormous increase in the number and amount of deposits, a pleasing and satisfactory proof that the lower classes had participated in the general prosperity. (Cheers.) Another circumstance, evincing the value of the gold discovery, was the importance which Australia had suddenly acquired in the eyes of England and of the whole world (hear, hear), which would never have been the case but for the gold discovery. Before that event few indeed were those who knew anything even of the geography of this great island continent; but now Australia was in every one's mouth, and an emigration had begun to these colonies which was unparalleled in the history of the world. (Cheers.) They had attracted the special attention of the great manufacturers of Yorkshire. No less than 50 per cent. of the raw material of England's woollen manufacture was now supplied by these colonies; and by the alarm which had been created lest the supply should fall off, the greatest interest had been induced in England for the support and maintenance of the pastoral interests of Australia, and no means had been left untried which would tend to their conservation and extension, and thus the pastoral interests which had apparently been threatened with ruin, would now receive fresh encouragement and flourish again with renewed vigour. (Cheers.) It had been well said by Mr. Justice Therry, that the discovery of gold was liable to be converted into evil; but by a wise and temperate use of the gift of Providence, it might be, and had been, converted into the greatest blessing. To these sentiments, so eloquently expressed by his honorable and learned friend, he would add nothing, but propose at once the toast of the evening—the great event we are met to commemorate—"the Gold Discovery in Australia."

The toast was drank with deafening cheers, and the band struck up the "Nugget Schottische."

The Colonial Treasurer said that the toast which had been entrusted to him, and which he had the honour and the pleasure to propose, was one which could not be enhanced by the discovery of gold; for Ladies were of more sterling value than that tempting metal. (Loud cheers.) The toast then was given for reasons totally independent of those which had called together the gent

morning bursting into a sunny day. (Loud cheers.)

Sir Charles Nicholson, Speaker of the Legislative Council, rose to propose the next toast; "The Colonial Secretary and Executive Council." Having apologised on the ground of indisposition for his inability to do justice to the toast, Sir Charles said that as Speaker of the Legislative Council he had been an attentive observer of the able, zealous, and patriotic manner in which his hon. friend the Colonial Secretary and the other members of the local government performed their duty. Under the impulse of private feeling he (Sir Charles) would hesitate to say in Mr. E. Deas Thomson's presence what he, in sincerity, felt that he ought to say in respect to his public services; but they would be recorded in the history of New South Wales, and therefore present eulogy, however highly deserved, was unnecessary. He (Sir Charles) nevertheless must advert to the fact that the discovery of gold had placed the Executive Council of this colony in a position which was unprecedented in the annals of British legislation or government, (Hear, hear.) The case of California was not a parallel one. There were no established interests on that shore to be jeopardized by the discovery of a new element of wealth and enterprise. In New South Wales the case was precisely the reverse. Large and long established trading, shipping, pastoral, and agricultural interests looked with fearful anxiety towards the probable results of the extraordinary gold discovery, and at the same time looked to the Local Government for counsel and assistance. When it was remembered that the Local Executive had no guide, no precedent, in this unexpected position; and when the peace, good order, and obedience to the regulations which had so honourably distinguished the gold diggers in New South Wales, were also considered, the wisdom and ability which had been displayed by Mr. Thomson and his colleagues would be heartily recognised by all. (Long continued cheering.)

The Governor-General said that, before the toast was drank, he must be allowed to say one word, not, he need scarcely say, in respect to the political services of the Executive Council, but in respect to Mr. Thomson. A relative of his (Sir Charles) had lately published a work in London upon these colonies, and he had therein described Mr. Thomson as the "Prince of Colonial Secretaries and the best of good fellows," a description of their excellent President of the evening, to which he (Sir Charles) although no electro-biologist, defied them to say "No." (Loud laughter and tremendous applause, which was renewed upon the Colonial Secretary rising to return thanks on behalf of his brother officers and himself: he adverted in warm terms to the earnest eulogium passed by the Speaker, and also to the kind word put in for himself by the Governor-General.)

Mr. Campbell (of Smith, Campbell, and Co.) proposed the next toast, "The Speaker and Members of the Legislative Council." He said that, having recently visited the United Kingdom, and heard the opinions of intelligent men in almost every part of England and Scotland, he felt that he was in a position to say that, whatever errors the legislature of New South Wales might have committed, their labours, when judged by the whole, proved that the principle of "legislation by representation" had signally succeeded in New South Wales. (Loud cheers.)

The Speaker said that it was a most gratifying duty to respond to a toast proposed in such flattering terms, and so warmly received by a company representing the wealth, respectability, and intelligence of the colony. While he acknowledged the flattering manner in which the mention of the Legislative Council of New South Wales had been received, he would crave attention to a few remarks which he felt it his duty to offer in respect to some effects of the gold discoveries. Whilst the colonists were eager to express their full belief as to all the advantages, they were also, he (Sir Charles) was assured, too magnanimous not to admit that in the train of good there were likewise evils. (Hear, hear.) Of those evils it was most important that the colonists should have a true perception. (Hear.) He (Sir Charles) had but lately arrived from Victoria, and in candour he must say, that scenes of misery had there met his eyes which had given him the greatest pain. Upon the roads, working as day labourers, were about a thousand persons, the great majority of whom were gentlemen by birth, habit, and association. (Hear, hear.) Gentlemen of learned professions,—physicians, barristers, attorneys,—who were attracted to the shores of Victoria by a golden bait, had encountered nothing but disappointment and misery. (Hear.) Again, it must be borne in mind that even in New South Wales, where obedience to the laws, and loyalty and order had so honourably and nobly characterised the miners, it was still to be dreaded that profligacy and vice were in too many cases to be attributed to the gold discoveries. On the whole he, nevertheless, must congratulate the gold diggers of this colony upon the contrast which their orderly conduct presented to the reckless proceedings of the miners in Victoria; and he sincerely believed that the day was far distant when disorder or disloyalty would be made a reproach and charge against them (Loud cheers.)

Mr. Mort then rose and said that, after what had fallen from the Speaker in reference to the exemplary conduct of the gold diggers in our own gold fields, he hoped that he should be allowed to propose a toast which (although not in the programme) would be knew be received with the utmost cordiality. That toast was "The Gold Diggers of New South Wales." (Tremendous applause, which lasted a considerable time.) He (Mr. Mort) need not enforce upon the company the axiom that "Labour is the source of wealth." That the labour of the energetic and industrious gold miners had so greatly contributed to the wealth of this colony was a fact which all around him had met that evening to commemorate. But he (Mr. M.) desired to add the expression of his earnest belief that a more loyal body of men than the gold diggers of New South Wales did not exist; they were loyal to the backbone. (Loud cheers) As was known to all present, some dissatisfaction had been expressed by the miners in the western districts with regard to the recently published gold regulations. A mistake had doubtlessly been made in certain respects, but it would no doubt be speedily remedied, and the sooner the better. The toast was received and drank with every demonstration of cordiality.

Mr. Hawker, who represents the Hawker diggings at Braidwood, and who was received with great applause, returned thanks. He assured the company, on behalf of that well-abused body of men, the gold diggers of New South Wales, that a more loyal body did not exist. (Long continued cheers.) Statements and suggestions as to their inclination to use revolvers and bowie-knives had been set forth by some correspondents of the public journals; but he (Mr. H.) emphatically denounced such statements as utterly false, the miners had no idea of resorting to any unlawful means in order to obtain what they felt to be their right. (Renewed cheers.) In the district in which he (Mr. Hawker) was interested, he was quite satisfied that one policeman (even if he were 200 years old) would be sufficient to keep the whole body of miners in order. Physical force assuredly was not necessary when the letter of the Colonial Secretary, in answer to the petition from the Western miners, promised that any real grievances inflicted by the new regulations would be promptly put before the local legislature, with a view to their speedy redress. (A loud burst of applause.) He (Mr. Hawker) in again returning thanks on the part of himself and his brother gold diggers in New South Wales, would reiterate his assertion that a more loyal set of fellows did not breathe. (Tremendous cheers.)

Mr. A. Boque, in a very complimentary speech, proposed "The Press," comparing its freedom in all the possessions of the British Crown with its shackles in almost every country in continental Europe.

Air—"Swiss Song of Liberty."

Mr. Charles Kemp returned thanks. The enthusiastic manner in which the toast of "the Press" had been received that evening was only in accordance with the feeling and sentiment which prevailed in all British meetings when this toast was proposed. With respect to the power of the press, which had been dwelt upon so eloquently by the previous speaker, he, Mr. Kemp, would say that the press was the reflex, rather than the leader of public opinion. (Hear, hear.) That it was free, and conducted in a fair and honorable spirit in the various possessions of the British crown, was the most convincing proof of the freedom and the union of those whose opinions it professed to represent. On the other hand, it would invariably be found that where there was a licentious press there was a licentious population; and that which in happier lands was a blessing proved a curse. (Loud cries of "Hear.") With respect to the effect which the discovery of gold produced on the Press of New South Wales, he (Mr. Kemp) would observe that in so far as the establishment with which he was connected was concerned, its expenses had undoubtedly increased, but so had its income. (Loud cheers.) The increase in the latter had enabled him to extend operations in the gold districts, from which reliable information was anxiously desired by all classes. (Hear, hear.) Indeed, every exertion had been used by all the Sydney journals to obtain correct news from the gold fields. Gentlemen of intelligence, who had no other object than to arrive at the truth, had been specially despatched to the gold districts; and he (Mr. K.) believed that a vast quantity of valuable information had by this means been conveyed to the public through the columns of the Sydney press. (Loud cheers.) With regard to the journal with which he was connected, he thought he might take credit for the cautious manner in which it had, from the commencement, dealt with the gold question, and he would also observe that opinions and statements, on both sides, from intelligent and accredited correspondents, had always had space cordially afforded to them in its columns. (Loud cheers.)

Mr. Kemp then proposed the "Health of the Stewards," complimenting them very highly on the tact which they had evinced in making the various arrangements for the evening's festival.

Mr. Ross returned thanks on the part of himself and brother stewards; and in an eloquent speech, to which our limits will only allow us briefly to allude, recapitulated the striking events connected with the gold discoveries in Australia, and pointed to their influences for good, not only on the Australian continent, but throughout all the beautiful islands of the South Pacific. He also dwelt upon the wonderful increase in our commerce with the mother country and foreign nations, which was the result of our golden discoveries.

This was the last toast on the list; and shortly before 11 o'clock the Colonial Secretary left the chair. His Excellency the Governor General and suite then retired, Sir Charles receiving the warmest demonstrations from every part of the crowded saloon.

The wines, which were of excellent quality, were from the cellars of Mr. Arkins.

SYDNEY QUARTER SESSIONS.

Saturday, February 12.

Before the Chairman, and Messrs. R. Huntley and W. S. Deloitte, J.P.'s.

The Crown Prosecutor conducted the following cases on behalf of the Crown.

Mary Ann Robinson was indicted for feloniously, unlawfully, and maliciously cutting and wounding one Elizabeth Abrahams, with intent in so doing to her the said Elizabeth Abrahams, thereby, then and there, to do some grievous bodily harm. The Jury found the prisoner guilty of unlawfully cutting, and she was sentenced to be imprisoned in Sydney Gaol for one calendar month. Messrs. Holroyd and Nichols appeared for the defence.

John Wilson was indicted for unlawfully and maliciously inflicting certain grievous bodily harm upon one Michael D'Arcy. The Jury returned a verdict of guilty, and the defendant was sentenced to be imprisoned in Sydney Gaol for seven days. Mr. Nichols appeared for the defence.

James Phillips, Thomas Robinson, Mary Ann Robinson, Ellen M'Encroe, and Ellen Ralph, were jointly indicted for inflicting grievous bodily harm upon one James Pegg. The Jury found all the prisoners guilty, and they were sentenced to be each imprisoned in Sydney Gaol one calendar month. Messrs. Nichols and Holroyd appeared for the defence.

Peter Cunningham was indicted for stealing in the dwelling-house of Charles Meyrick thirty pounds sterling, his property. The Jury found him not guilty, and he was discharged. Mr. Holroyd appeared for the defence.

ABSTRACT OF SALES BY AUCTION THIS DAY.

MR. J. G. COHEN.—At the Stores of Messrs. Montefiore, Graham, and Co., at 11 o'clock, Liverpool Salt. At his Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Library, Bookcase, Easy Chair, Clocks, &c.

MR. RISHWORTH.—On the Premises, Pitt-street, next door to Mr. W. G. Moore, at 11 o'clock, the License, Goodwill, and Stock in Trade of the Fermanagh Hotel; also, Household Furniture.

MESSRS. PURKIS AND LAMBERT.—At their Mart, at 10 o'clock, Jewellery, Gold and Silver Watches; at half past 10 o'clock, Silver Plate; at 11 o'clock, London-made Furniture, Colt's Revolvers; at 12 o'clock, a four-roomed Brick-built Verandah Cottage in Pitt Row-street, Newtown.

MESSRS. WATKINS AND DEAN.—At Brodie and Craig's Wharf, foot of Bathurst-street, at 10 o'clock, Maize, Bran, Hay, &c.

MR. C. MARTYN.—At the Cattle Market, at 10 o'clock, 100 Head Thorough-bred Horse Stock.

MR. SALAMON.—At his Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Bohemian glassware, Boots and Shoes, Rattan Chairs, Furniture, Navy Caps, Ladies' Bags, Fancy Stationery, Colour Boxes, &c.

MR. C. NEWTON.—At his Rooms, at half-past 10 o'clock, Revolving Pistols, Guns, Rifles, Flasks, Brilliants, Watches, Tinware, &c.; at 11 o'clock, Sugar, Gunpowder Tea.

MR. BURT.—At Stewart's Horse Bazaar, 208, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, Horses, Gig, Harness, also Horse Stock.

MESSRS. MOORE.—At the Labour Bazaar, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, Furniture, Shop Fixtures, Counters, Empty Casks, Models of Vessels, &c.

MR. H. D. COCKBURN.—At his Mart, at 11 o'clock. Household Furniture, Guns, Pistols, Revolvers, Jewellery, Clothing, &c.

Wool.—The following paragraph, regarding the Liverpool Wool Sales, is from the circular of Messrs. Abram Gartside and Co., November 5: "The public sales of wool held here yesterday and to-day comprised 5515 bales. With the present extraordinary activity in the manufacturing districts it is not surprising that we had a very numerous attendance of buyers, who competed eagerly, and took nearly the whole for immediate use, at an advance of 5 to 10 per cent. upon last month's prices. Stocks of home and foreign wool are unquestionably light, old accumulations have been cleared off, and it is evident that the great consumption during the past four years has overtaken the production, so that there is every prospect of ready sale of future arrivals."

Stealing in a Dwelling.—Patrick Lorg was on Saturday committed to take his trial for stealing £60 of the moneys of John Jones, Parramatta Road, publican. The money had been placed in a purse, under the pillow of Jones' bed; the prisoner (who is in some way related to the prosecutor, and was staying temporarily there for the benefit of his health) brought to Jones a purse containing about half the money, which, he said, Mr. Jones dropped on the verandah; Jones then missed about half the money, and suspected his friend of dishonesty; watched him, and when a constable arrived gave him into custody; the constable and Jones then went to a spot where Long had been observed to go, and near there was found the remainder of the money. Committed for trial, but allowed bail.

Highway Robbery.—A gentleman named Woolland was stopped in Pitt-street, near Market-street, among the small hours of Saturday morning, by five men, by whom he was assaulted, his pockets overhauled, and their contents, a silver watch worth £7, and some trifles of no consequence, taken away.

Horse Stealing.—A Remarkable Case.—Mr. Justice Therry, at the late Criminal Session at Darlinghurst, tried three cases of horse stealing, in each of which he sentenced the prisoners to five years' hard labour on the roads. He remarked on the prevalence of this offence of late, and expressed his astonishment at the open audacity in one instance in which, whilst the prosecutor hung up his horse at the lamp-post in Clarence-street, and was only absent five minutes, a man untied the horse from the post, and rode off with him. This trial took place only last Saturday, and whatever may have been his Honor's astonishment then, it must have been considerably increased on Sunday morning; for at seven o'clock in the morning, he tied his own horse to a pole, close to Robinson's baths, placed there for the purpose of bathers tying their horses to it. On his return from the water, much to his surprise, he found that horse, saddle, and bridle, had all disappeared. And although he gave notice to the police within an hour afterwards, no trace could be found of the horse throughout the day. This may serve as a caution to persons who frequent the baths, and go there on horseback. The desire of cheap travelling to the diggings has certainly led greatly to the increase of this crime.

Firing with Intent.—A man named Callaghan was on Friday night given into custody for "bailing up" a number of persons in the parlour of Shaw's public-house, Campbell-street, and then discharging a pistol into their midst. He was brought before the Mayor on Saturday, but there was not such evidence present as was considered necessary for the elucidation of the affair, and the prisoner was remanded until to-day.

Verandah Cottage at New Town.—Purchasers are reminded that the cottage in Pitt Roy-street, near the Newtown toll-bar, and close to the residence of Felix Wilson, Esq., and Miss Donnithorne, will be sold by Messrs. Purkis and Lambert, at their Rooms, 491, George-street, this day, at 12 o'clock precisely.

Purkis and Lambert request public attention to their sale this day, at 10 o'clock, commencing with gold and silver watches, chains, brooches, &c.; at half past 10 o'clock, silver plate; at 11 o'clock, gondola, easy chairs, rosewood and mahogany chairs, rosewood loo tables, chests drawers, mahogany wardrobe.

We are requested to call the particular attention of publicans and others to the sale as advertised by Mr. Rishworth, for this day, at 11 o'clock, viz., the license, goodwill, stock in trade, and furniture of the Fermanagh Hotel, Pitt-street.

The La Plata Steamer.—This magnificent vessel made her first signal of arrival from the West Indies in Southampton Water, at 9 p.m. on Wednesday. At 10 p.m., boats with persons from Southampton were alongside. On stepping aboard they found the saloon brilliantly lighted up and a band of musicians playing sprightly airs to beguile the time of the passengers. At 11 p.m., the mails were landed, and the Admiralty agent and captain of the ship were ashore. The La Plata left St. Thomas on the 16th September. Her consumption of coal on her homeward voyage averaged 93 tons per day, and her average steaming was about 280 miles daily. On her outward voyage her consumption of coals was 94 tons per day, and her speed was about 290 miles daily. The slight superiority of her outward voyage as compared with her homeward one, was owing to the very favourable winds she experienced going out. No long time can elapse before Australia must be reached by the shortest route and by the quickest means. The route is undoubtedly the western one *via* Panama, and those means are paddle-box steamers. The long seaspace of 4,488 miles between Panama and Tahiti, has hitherto been considered the great obstacle to a rapid voyage to Australia, because of the difficulty which was believed to exist of paddle-box steamers carrying fuel sufficient to go such a distance. The performances of the La Plata enable us to judge of the practicability of a paddle-box steamer traversing this sea space. It is now proved that that steamer can carry 1400 tons of coals, and travel 290 miles daily, at an expense of 94 tons. She could thus carry fuel sufficient for 15 days' consumption, and she could traverse during that period about 4300 miles, which is within 200 miles of the seaspace between Panama and Tahiti. There is not the slightest doubt that she could be made to carry sufficient for a voyage of 4500 miles, and to travel nearly 300 miles daily. The great difficulty in reaching Australia by the quickest possible means is therefore overcome, and it will be no longer considered that the voyage to our Australian colonies can only be reached by sailing vessels or screw steamers. We are now independent of the wind in reaching the antipodes. The performance of the La Plata will mark an epoch in the history of ocean navigation. She can go hundreds of miles further with one supply of fuel and at a greater speed than any vessel ever built. One such vessel placed at Southampton, another at Panama, and another at Tahiti, fully coaled and ready to start at a moment's notice, and a communication could be made from Southampton to Sydney in about seven weeks. It is now, therefore, practicable to literally traverse a straight line on two oceans which measure together 12,000 miles in length, or over one-half the circumference of the globe by water in less than two months. Of all the triumphs of the intellect of man this is one of the greatest and will turn out the most useful. —*Daily News, October* 1.

BIRTHS

On the 11th instant, at Clarence-street, Mrs. Wolff Saber, of a daughter.

On Saturday, the 12th instant, Mrs. William Davies, of a daughter.

MARRIED.

On the 7th October, at Rock Cottage, Garelochhead, Argyleshire, by the Rev. Peter Macmoreland, Inverkeithing, Captain Rodney Mylius, youngest surviving son of the late Frederick Baron Mylius, Ceylon Civil Service, to Mary Seton, youngest daughter of the late David Little, Esq., Glasgow.

On Wednesday, 9th instant, by special license, at St. Andrew's Church, by the Rev. John M'Garvie, D.D., Mr. William Ball, to Mrs. Allder, relict of the late Mr. William Allder, Chemist and Druggist, Parramatta-street.

DIED,

At his residence, Yass, on the 7th instant, Mr. Thomas Wood, jun., late of King-street, Sydney, aged 41 years.

At Parramatta, on the 10th instant, after a week of severe suffering, Mary Grant Morrison, aged 3 years and 3 months, seventh child of John Morrison. Her death was caused by a piece of melon, with which she was playing, accidently entering the air passage of the lungs.

On the 12th instant, aged 4 months and 3 weeks, Caroline, infant daughter of Mr. Henry Wilson, of York-street.

At his residence, Kent street South, on Saturday, the 12th instant, John Murray, Esq., formerly mathematical master at the Sydney College, and latterly filling the same office at St. Mary's Seminary.

At his residence, Viles-buildings, Kent-street North, on the 12th instant, Mr. George Raymond Pidding, aged 53 years.

At his parents' residence, Saracen Head Inn, King-street West, on the 12th instant, Samuel John, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Maxwell, aged 15 months.

FUNERAL.—The friends of the late Mr. George R. Pidding are respectfully solicited to attend his funeral. The procession will move from his late residence, Kent-street, near the Gas Works, at eight o'clock this morning. No circulars will be issued. JOHN HILL, Jun., and SON, Undertakers, King-street. 5369

FUNERAL—The friends of the late Mr. William Howell are respectfully invited to attend his Funeral, which will move from his late residence, Trafalgar Inn, near the Newtown Toll-bar, at 3 o'clock this afternoon. JOHN HILL, JUN., AND SON, Undertakers, King-street. No circulars will be issued. 5370

FUNERAL.—The friends of the deceased Mr. John Murray are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, to move from his late residence, Kent-street South, this (Monday) afternoon at three o'clock. JAMES CURTIS, Undertaker. No circulars will be issued. Hunter-street, February 14. 5371

FUNERAL.—The friends of Mr. Maxwell are respectfully requested to attend the funeral of his late departed son Samuel John, which will take place this afternoon at 3 o'clock. The procession will move from his parents' residence, Saracen Head Inn, King-street West, at the hour above mentioned, precisely. HENRY THOMAS, Undertaker, King-street West. 5384

MRS. HEATH, Professor of the Pianoforte and Singing. Application for terms, references, &c., is requested to be made to Mrs. HEATH, 5, Bridge-street. 5246

SIR,—We, the undersigned, inhabitants of Parramatta, most respectfully request you will be pleased, as our Representative, to call a Public Meeting on Monday Evening next, the 14th instant, at 7 o'clock, to take into consideration the best means to obtain a speedy and ample supply of pure and good water, seeing that you have in the Legislative Council received a sum of money for that purpose.

We are, Sir, your obedient servants,

Hugh Taylor.	James Smith.
John Pierson.	J. Gregg.
J. Parker.	H. Harper.
T. Hale.	E. Mason.
T. Fitzsimons.	M. Fitzpatrick.
A. Barber.	J. Good.
R. Webb, jun.	E. H. Shallis.
T. Flynn.	P. Cardiff.
R. F. Teasdell.	J. Willis.
H. Harvey.	W. Goodwin.
J. Thurle.	Thomas Clarke.
James M'Roberts.	J. W. Curran.

To G. Oakes, Esq.,
Parramatta, February 10.

In compliance with the above requisition, and for the purpose therein stated, I hereby convene a Public Meeting, to be held at the Court House, Parramatta, on Monday next, the 14th February.

GEORGE OAKES.
Parramatta, Februry 12. 5361

MALCOM'S ROYAL AUSTRALIAN AMPHITHEATRE, York-street.—First night of a new drama of great interest, entitled SELF-ACCUSATION, or a Brother's Love. Novel and Classical Scenes in the Circle, Grand Equestrian Portraitures of the finest Artistes, highly trained and richly caparisoned Stud, on the whole forming a Synopsis of Entertainments hitherto unequalled. See bills of the day. JOHN MALCOM, Proprietor. 5328

MALCOM'S ROYAL AUSTRALIAN AMPHITHEATRE, YORK-STREET.—Mr. and Mrs. Croft will make their first appearance in Sydney on Tuesday Evening, Mr. Croft as Clown, and Mrs. Croft as Tight Rope Dancer. JOHN MALCOM, Proprietor. 5327

HOWARD'S SERENADERS. — THIS EVENING, Monday, February 14th, at the Royal Hotel. Grand Extra Night.

ST. VALENTINE'S DAY.

By the kind permission of the Committee of the Gold Anniversary Dinner, held on Saturday Evening, all the splendid and unique decorations used on that occasion will be on view This Evening, the Saloon remaining the same, without anything being removed, thus allowing the public an opportunity of seeing the truly gorgeous manner in which the above splendid Saloon is ornamented, besides witnessing the inimitable performance of the above long established and celebrated Ethiopian Serenaders.—Electro-Biology still the rage, the New Burlesque Lecture being received nightly with roars of laughter. The Wizard hailed with delight by admiring throngs.

Programme.
Part I.

Overture	Company
Happy are we	Full Band
Walk jaw bone	C. V. Howard
Darkie's lament	C. A. Upton
I lub you, I lub you	W. Howson
Gal with a blue dress on ...	J. Brenni
Ben Bolt	G. B. Howard
Look ober yander	C. V. Howard

A lapse of fifteen minutes.

Part 2.

Burlesque Lecture on Electro-Biology, wid some dark experiments.

Part 3.

Duet—Banjo and Violin ..... { W. Howson and F. Howson

Solo—Flutina .. G. B. Howard

Part 4.

Signor Blitz, whose incredible performances are as astounding as they are pleasing, will again appear, with several new and wonderful feats, surpassing anything before seen in this country.

Doors open at half-past seven; the Overture to commence at eight o'clock. Front seats 3s.; back seats, 2s. Tickets to be had at the bar of the Royal Hotel, where seats can be secured, and of Mr. Marsh, George-street. 5361

MESSRS. WALLER AND RICHARDSON'S Third Musical Entertainment and Concertina Soirée will take place on Wednesday next, February 16th, 1853, in the Theatre of the School of Arts. Tickets may be obtained of Messrs. Henry Marsh, George-street, Messrs. Woolcott and Clarke, George-street, Mr. B. Mountcastle, George-street, Mr. William Johnson, Pitt-street, Mr. Moffitt, Pitt-street, Messrs. Wheeler and M'Kone, King-street, and the Secretary of the School of Arts, Pitt-street. The programme will be advertised on the morning of the entertainment. 5360

LAST NIGHT of the DISSOLVING VIEWS and CHROMATROPES, in the Saloon of the Royal Hotel, TO-MORROW EVENING, February 15th, instant.

The Views will be accompanied by appropriate music.

Admission ..... One shilling
Central seats ..... Two ,,
Reserved seats ... Three ,,

Doors open at half-past seven, to commence at eight o'clock precisely. 5318

LEINSTER MARINE LODGE OF AUSTRALIA.

No. 266, of the Registry of the Grand Lodge of Ireland.

THE officers and brethren of this lodge are requested to meet at the lodge rooms, Royal Hotel, this evening (Monday), at half-past seven o'clock. By order of the W. M. W. RUSSELL, Hon. Secretary. 5392

MR. SPENCER L. BRANSBY, C. E., Land Surveyor and Estate Agent. — Communications addressed to the care of Horatio Brett, Esq., Jamison-street, will be promptly attended to. 5281

JUST PUBLISHED,
THE ELECTRO-BIOLOGICAL SCHOTTISCHE, composed by Mr. Edward Deane, and dedicated to Mr. Daly.

CRITIQUES.

Electro-Biological Schottische.—Being predisposed to think unfavourably of the science to which this pleasing composition owes its origin, we have endeavoured to shut our eyes to its merits, but in vain. We have, therefore, yielded to the power which we acknowledge our incompetency to withstand, and which, in justice to the composer, and in the words of the operator, we pronounce to be "all right."—*Mesmeric Observer.*

This cleverly written Schottische is still ringing in our ears, and we defy our heavers to pass the publisher's without purchasing a copy.—*Daily (Doily) News.*

The effect of this talented composition is truly electrical indeed, we could scarcely have expected much less, looking at the circle in which it originated.—*Electric Telegraph.*

We have heard this sweet Schottische, and feel confident its magical influence must be daily (Doily) acknowledged.—*Electro-Biological Journal.*

Ve vent to see Al-dis, and ve are satisfied it is not meer-sham, and dis science ve vil venture to-bee-o for any sum, and ve defy the public to shut der eyes to its merits.—*Virginian Gazetteer.*

Also,

THE BIOLOGICAL POLKA.

Composed by Mr. W. C. Harwood, and dedicated to Mr. Daly; published by W. J. Johnson and Co., music sellers and pianoforte manufacturers, 314, Pitt-street; and to be had at all the music warehouses in the city. 5366

R. CASPER begs to inform the inhabitants of Sydney and surrounding country that he has taken these premises, No. 514, George-street, where he intends carrying on the Tailoring business, in all its branches, and respectfully solicits the patronage of those who study economy, combined with excellence of cut, and choice materials. His long experience, both in Paris and London, enables him to guarantee to please the most fastidious. Trousers cut on a new principle, to wear without braces, adapted for walking or riding. Copy the address—R. CASPER, Fashionable Naval and Military Tailor, and professed Trousers Maker, No. 514, George-street. 5293

GREAT NEWS FOR THE PUBLIC.
Important to Wholesale and Retail Purchasers.
Opening of the
NEW BRUNSWICK HOUSE,
291, Pitt-street.

F. BRADLY in returning his grateful acknowledgments to the public generally, who have so nobly supported him by their constant patronage, begs to make known that he has taken those extensive premises, well-known as

THE RAILWAY HOUSE,

and formerly occupied by C. S. Haigh and Co., whose unabated energy to afford satisfaction to his customers was only evinced by their repeated patronage, and thereby realising for him

A RAPID FORTUNE;

and it being the intention of the present proprietor to carry on business upon the same well organized system, with an undoubted assurance that he intends to sell cheaper and for less profits than any other house in the colony; and further, F. B. having made arrangements in England for regular shipments of Goods, which are daily arriving, he is enabled to offer the same, either wholesale or retail, at such prices as must defy the competition of the trade.

TO RETAIL PURCHASERS OF THE TOWN AND COUNTRY.

Embrace the opportunity of laying in your stock of drapery for the coming season at the remarkably low prices now offering at the Brunswick House, 291, Pitt-street.

To Settlers, Squatters, Country Buyers, and Diggers.

Every description of Drapery and Wearing Apparel to be had at English retail prices at the above Warehouse.

TO STOREKEEPERS, SHOPKEEPERS, &c.

The above premises being sufficiently commodious to carry on an extensive Wholesale as well as Retail Business, the Proprietor intends offering such advantages to the trade as to leave them a good margin for profit, and thereby warrant them unbounded support. The following is a list of the departments:—

BRITISH AND FOREIGN DEPARTMENT:—

China crape shawls
Silk shawls, all colours, £1 17s. 6d.
Ditto brocaded, £1 10s.
Ditto very rich brocaded, £3 10s.
Also black satin ottomans and shawls of every description
Barege shawls, 10s. 6d. and 12s. 6d.
Ditto scarfs, 6s. 6d., 4 yards long
All wool, silk striped ditto, £1 17s. 6d.
Cachmere shawls, 4s. 6d., 5s. 6d., 6s. 6d., to 10s. 6d.
Fine cashmere shawls, 12s. 6d., 14s. 6d., 15s. 6d., to 35s.
Cachmere scarfs, £1 17s. 6d. and £2 17s. 6d.

MANTLE DEPARTMENT.

Good quality silk mantles, 17s. 6d., French hemmed.
Ditto superior, 19s. 6d.,
Ditto the best silk, £1 2s. 6d.
Glacé silk mantles, £1 5s. to £1 10s
Black satin mantles, scarf shape, £1 17s. 6d. to £2 10s.
Black watered silk, scarf shape, £2 5s. to £3
A large variety of all shapes and sizes always on hand or made to order

PRINT DEPARTMENT.

Print dresses, 1s. 9d. per dress
Hardman, Price, and Co.'s prints, 2s. 11d. per dress, or three dresses for 8s. 6d.
Real madder prints, 4s. 6d. per dress
Hoyle's small patterns, 5½d. per yard.

STAY DEPARTMENT.

White and coloured satteen stays, 2s. 6d. per pair
Ditto ditto 3s. 6d. per pair
French make, 4s. 6d.
French wove satteen stays, 6s. 6d.
Ditto the best make, 7s. 6d.
Coutille stays, 5s. 6d.
Ditto superior, 6s. 6d. and 7s. 6d.
White coutille rivals, 8s. 6d., 9s. 6d, 10s. 6d., to 12s. 6d.
Grey coutille rivals, 7s. 6d., 8s. 6d., to 12s. 6d.
Queen's white coutille, 12s. 6d. per pair—the best stay that ever was imported
Girls' stays and stay bands, in every size and colour

GENERAL DRAPERY.

72-inch white sheetings, at 10½d., 1s., 1s. 2d., 1s. 3d., 1s. 4d., and 1s. 6d. per yard
72 ditto grey ditto ditto, 7½d., 8½d., 9d., 10½d., and 1s. 2d.
White calicoes, 1½d., 2½d., 3d., and 3½d.
Longcloth shirting, 3½d., 4d., 4½d., 5d., and the best 6d.
Grey calicoes, 2½d., 3d., 3½d., 4d., 4½d., to 6d.
White damask table linen, 1s. 3d. to 3s. per yard
Linen huckaback, 5½d. to 1s. 2d.
Cotton diaper, 7½d, per yard
Linen ditto, 1s. 6d. to 1s. 9d., yard wide
Osnaburg, 6d. to 8d. per yard
Moleskin, 9d. to 1s. 9d. per yard
Check moleskin, 9d. to 1s. per yard
Scotch twills, 7d. to 7½d.
All wool flannel, 9½d., 10½d., 1s., to 2s. per yard
Undressed holland, 7d., 8d., 9d., 9½d., 10½d., 1s. to 1s. 6d.
Dressed ditto, 7d., 8d., 9d., 9½d., 10½d., 1s.
Lawn handkerchiefs, 4½d., 5½d., 6½d., to 1s. 2d.
White and coloured counterpanes, all sizes
Whitney blankets, 8s. 6d., 9s. 6d., 10s. 6d., 13s. 6d., 15s. 6d., 17s. 6d., to 27s. 6d. per pair

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.

Men's brown cotton hose, 8d. to 1s. per pair
Ditto half hose, 4d. to 6d.
Grey wool half hose
Lambswool vests, from 2s. 11d. to 4s. 6d.
Merino vests, 2s. 11d. to 4s. 6d.
Blue and scarlet Guernseys
Women's white and black cotton hose, 6d., 7½d., 8d., 9d., 10d., 1s., to 1s. 6d.
Dressed brown cotton, 7d. to 10d.
Silk gloves, 8d. to 1s. 9d.
Kid, 1s. to 2s.
Lisle thread, 4½d. to 1s.

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

Men's moleskin trousers, 2s. 11d.
Ditto, 3s. 6d.
Ditto, well stitched, 4s. 6d. and 4s. 9d.
Stout and well made, 5s. 6d.
Millers' drab moleskin, the best, 6s. 6d.
Superior cord trousers, 6s. 6d. per pair
Tweed ditto, 12s. and 12s. 6d.
Doeskin ditto, 14s. 6d.
Woollen cord, 16s. 6d. per pair
Duck trousers, 2s. 11½d.
Good black cloth trousers, 19s. 6d.
Plaid coats, 4s. 6d. each
Tweed ditto, 7s. 6d. each
Ditto, 12s. 6d. each
Fancy check Tweed, 18s. 6d.
Black doeskin, £1 5s. to £1 18s. 6d.
Extra superfine fancy doeskin coats, £1 15s.
Stout large serge shirts, 4s. 6d. each
Ditto, all wool, plaited sleeves, 4s. 11d. each
Ditto double back, 5s. 6d.
Scotch twill shirts, 2s. 3d. each
Ditto stout, 2s. 6d. each, lined
Ditto, very heavy lined in the shoulders, and full size, 2s. 9d.
Regatta shirts, light colours, 2s. 6d., or three for 7s.
Silver and Co.'s white shirts, linen collars, fronts, and wristbands, 2s. 11d.
Ditto, very well made, 3s. 6d. and 4s.

BOYS' CLOTHING.

Boys' serge shirts, all wool, and plaited sleeves, 4s. 6d. each
Good Scotch twill shirts, 2s. 3d. each
Moleskin trousers, 3s. 9d. per pair
Plaid moleskins, 4s. 6d. ditto
Boys' Tweed trousers, 6s. 9d. per pair
Youths' ditto, 8s.
Boys' plaid coats, 4s. 9d. each
Ditto Tweed coats, 7s. 9d. each
Boys' holland blouses, &c.
Boys' white shirts, 3s. 9d.

AUSTRALIAN TENT WAREHOUSE,
291, Pitt-street.
Every man his own Landlord!
Tents! Tents!! Tents!!!

Stout calico tent, for £1 1s., ropes complete
8 feet ditto, double ridge, 3 feet wall, only 25s.
9 feet ditto, double ridge, 3 feet wall, 7½ high, with ropes complete, only £1 10s.
9 feet ditto, double warp calico, equal to canvas, and impervious to any weather, 8 feet high, with ropes complete, £1 15s.
12 feet double warp calico tents, made to accommodate 8 persons comfortably, double ridge, 3 feet wall and 8 feet high, warranted waterproof, £2 5s., ropes complete.

Superior American twill tents, affording ample room for 5 persons, warranted waterproof, £1 15s.

N.B.—Parties requiring extra large sizes can have them by giving 24 hours' notice.

F. Bradly begs to remark that all his tents are stamped on each cloth, and as they are made by the best makers in the colony, and the comfort of the inhabitants studied, as also undoubted protection from the night dews guaranteed in addition to the durability of the material. None others but those stamped F. BRADLY, Tent Maker, Brunswick House, Sydney, are genuine.

☞ Observe the address—
291, PITT-STREET.

The well-known Wholesale and Retail Drapery and Tent Warehouse.

F. BRADLY, Brunswick House, 291, Pitt-street. 5379

REMOVAL.—M'ARTHUR AND ATKINSON, having relinquished the Retail Trade, beg to inform wholesale customers of their removal from 287 and 289, Pitt-street, to the premises, No. 278, nearly opposite, which, being connected with the Stores previously occupied by them, will enable M'A. and A. to devote their sole attention to the wholesale branch, February 12. 5304

S. MALLARKY, Wine Cooper and Bottler, in returning his most sincere thanks to his friends and the public for the kind patronage he has received in the above business for the last ten years, begs to inform those gentlemen who have so kindly patronised him, that he has resumed the above business. He hopes by the same punctual attendance to their orders to gain a continuance of their patronage. 64, Goulburn-street. 5300

COFFEY, HILL, AND CO., Produce Brokers, and General Commission Merchants, Melbourne, are prepared to receive and make liberal cash advances on all kinds of produce consigned to them, and will provide store room for one week free of charge. To avoid delay, keep down charges and do the best for perishable goods, they will hold weekly auction sales at their spacious and convenient stores on the wharf, so that shippers may rely on obtaining the best prices and receiving their account sales with the utmost promptitude. Melbourne, February 5. 5317

PUBLIC CAUTION

SALES BY AUCTION.

MAIZE, BRAN, AND HAY, &c.

MESSRS. WATKINS AND DEAN have received instructions from the consignees to sell by auction, at Brodie and Craig's Wharf, at the foot of Bathurst-street, THIS DAY, Monday, the 14th February, at 10 o'clock precisely,

The cargo of the Caroline, from the Hunter River, consisting of—

1600 bushels super maize
10 tons prime Lucerne hay
5 tons bran

The whole of which are in fine shipping order; and to suit the convenience of shippers the vessel will discharge her cargo at any wharf in Sdyney, provided it is purchased by one person. 5273

THOROUGH BRED HORSE STOCK.
100 HEAD.

MR. C. MARTYN has received instructions from the Executors of the late William Lawson, Esq., (with the consent of the Legatees) to sell by auction, at the Cattle Market, THIS DAY, Monday, February 14, at 11 o'clock,

100 Head of Horses, viz.—
50 Mares
25 Colts
25 Fillies.

This lot are a selection from the above well known stud, and will be sold without reserve.

GREAT SALE OF THOROUGHBRED HORSE STOCK.

MR. CHARLES MARTYN has received instructions from Charles Roberts, Esq. (on account of his immediate departure for England), to sell by auction, at his Farm, "WALGROVE," Western Road, nine miles from Parramatta, on WEDNESDAY, 23rd February next,

RACING STUD.

The whole of the above BLOOD STOCK, comprising—
Young Plover
Vanity
Revenge
Priam
40 Thoroughbred brood mares
30 Two to three year old colts
20 Yearlings

DRAUGHT STOCK.

Duke, a thoroughbred Suffolk stallion
10 Draught horses, accustomed to farm work
15 to 20 Ditto mares

PURE BRED CATTLE.

2 Imported bulls, and from 40 to 50 dairy cows

FARMING PRODUCE.

Two teams of working bullocks, several drays, stack of prime oaten hay, about 30 tons; ditto wheat, about 800 bushels; ploughs, racing saddles, bridles, &c., winnowing machines, patent chaff-cutter, and farming implements of every description.

Terms at sale.

Purchasers at the above sale will be allowed a week to remove their stock, but at their own risk.

Catalogues will be issued a fortnight previous to sale.

N.B.—A luncheon will be provided. 7749

Superior Kip, Sole, and Harness LEATHER and Calfskins.

BOWDEN AND THRELKELD (successors to George A. Lloyd) have received instructions to sell by auction at the City Mart, 474, George-street, on TUESDAY next, the 15th instant, prior to commencing the sale of boots and shoes,

100 sides superior sole leather
100 ditto ditto kip ditto
70 ditto ditto harness ditto
14 dozen ditto calfskins.

The above is a choice lot, and well worthy the attention of the trade.

Terms at sale. 5242

SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF BOOTS AND SHOES,
Now landing ex Vriendschaap.
Important to the Trade, and Buyers for Export.

BOWDEN AND THRELKELD, (successors to George A. Lloyd) have received instructions from the importers to sell by auction, at the City Mart, 474, George-street, on TUESDAY next, 15th instant, at 11 o'clock,

A splendid assortment of Boots and Shoes, now landing, in first-rate order, ex Vriendschaap, from one of the first London manufacturers, comprising—

Oxonians
Shipping Bluchers
Youths' Bluchers
Men's Bluchers
Best strong boots
Prince George boots
Clarence boots
Wellington boots
Ladies' shoes
Children's shoes, &c., &c.

The above have been ordered expressly for the colonial trade, and will be sold without any reserve.

Terms at sale. 5052

AMERICAN TOBACCO,
Anchor Brand, ex Stad Utrecht, from London.

BOWDEN AND THRELKELD (successors to George A. Lloyd) have received instructions from the importers to sell by auction, at the Circular Quay on WEDNESDAY next, the 16th instant, at half-past 10 o'clock,

4 Half tierces American tobacco, anchor brand—just landed, ex Stad Utrecht, from London.

Terms at sale. 5291

CHESSMEN, CRIBBAGE BOARDS, &c.

BOWDEN AND THRELKELD (successors to George A. Lloyd) have received instructions to sell by auction, at the City Mart, 474, George-street, on THURSDAY, the 17th instant, at 11 o'clock,

4 sets plain chessmen
6 sets bone ditto
4 cribbage boards
5 ditto boxes
6 leather, bone, and wood dice boxes
Cribbage pegs, mill boards, &c.

Terms at sale. 5241

BOOKBINDERS' CLOTH.

BOWDEN AND THRELKELD (successors to George A. Lloyd) have received instructions to sell by auction, at the City Mart, 474, George-street, on THURSDAY next, the 17th instant, at 11 o'clock,

Two cases bookbinders' cloth, assorted, in splendid condition.

Terms at sale 5402

FANCY STATIONERY.

BOWDEN AND THRELKELD (successors to George A. Lloyd) have received instructions to sell by auction, at the City Mart, 474, George-street, on THURSDAY next, the 17th instant, at 11 o'clock,

Six cases Fancy Stationery, consisting of—stilettos, double laced note paper, extra satin ditto, mourning requisites, papeteries in cases, envelopes assorted, marking ink, embossed cameo paper assorted, camel-hair pencils, silver thimbles, cards steel pens, slate pencils, copy books, elastic bands, assorted views in England, carved bone knives, extra stout bone folders, valentines, cards, &c., &c.

Terms at sale. 4903

20 CASES ASSORTED STATIONERY, ACCOUNT BOOKS, &c.

BOWDEN AND THRELKELD (Successors to George A. Lloyd) have received instructions to sell by auction, at the City Mart, 474, George-street, on THURSDAY next, 17th instant, at 11 o'clock precisely,

20 Cases assorted Paper and Account Books, comprising—

Large blue wove post 4to, 10 lb. and 14 lb.
Large blue laid ditto, 14 lb., 16 lb., and 18 lb.
Extra large yellow wove ditto, 11 lb.
Satin yellow wove post
Royal note
Extra double thick cream laid
Copying paper
Royal hand, 26 and 28 lb.
Account books, assorted
&c., &c.

Terms at sale. 4905

COCKBURN'S AUCTION MART,
Corner of Pitt and Park streets.
MONDAY'S REGULAR SALE.

MR. H. D. COCKBURN will sell by auction, THIS DAY, Monday, at 11 o'clock,

Household Furniture, consisting of—chests of drawers, bedsteads, cheffoniers, sideboards, handsome secretaire, horsehair sofas, tables, chairs, washstands, dressing tables, toilet glasses, ink, crockery, feather beds, &c., &c.

Also,

Guns, pistols, revolvers, jewellery, clothing, &c., &c.

Terms—Cash. 5322

LICENSE, GOODWILL, AND STOCK-IN-TRADE, of the Fermanagh Hotel, Pitt-street.

In the Intestate Estate of Mr. James Huntingdon, deceased. By order of the Master in Equity, S. F. Milford, Esq.

MR. RISHWORTH has received instructions to sell by public auction, on the Premises, Pitt-street, next door to Mr. W. G. Moore's, THIS DAY, Monday, 14th February, at 11 o'clock precisely,

All the right, title, and interest, whatever the same may be, of S. F. Milford, Esq., the Curator of Intestate Estates, of and in the public house, situate in Pitt-street, Sydney, known by the name of the Fermanagh Hotel, which has become vested in the said S. F. Milford, Esq., by virtue of an order to collect the estate of James Huntingdon, deceased.

Together with the Stock-in-Trade, &c.

This is undoubtedly an opportunity for making a fortune: and a steady man who understands his business is certain to realize an independence in it.

Full particulars as to the extent of the interest of the Curator of Intestate Estates may be obtained on application at the Rooms of the auctioneer, Pitt-street. 5072

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c.
By order of the Master in Equity.
In the Intestate Estate of Mr. James Huntingdon.

MR. RISHWORTH has received instructions to sell by public auction, on the Premises (the Fermanagh Hotel), Pitt-street, next door to Mr. W. G. Moore's, THIS DAY, Monday, 14th February, at 11 o'clock precisely,

The whole of the Household Furniture, &c., consisting of

Loo and dining tables
Horse-hair seated couches
Cane-seated chairs
Cheffoniers
Carpets
Fenders and fire-irons
Pictures
Books
Bedsteads, mattresses, &c.
Chests drawers
Dressing tables and glasses
Washstands and service
Time-piece
Kitchen utensils, &c., &c.

Terms, cash. 5071

VALUABLE COTTAGE PROPERTY AT PADDINGTON.

MR. MORT has been instructed to sell by public auction, at his Rooms Pitt-street, Sydney, on TUESDAY, February 15, at 11 o'clock,

A capital Stone-built COTTAGE, containing 3 rooms, situate in Caledonia-street, Paddington.

The front and back rooms are large and lofty, and the bed room over is the size of both, having a bay window, from which is obtained a delightful and extensive view over the harbour.

The rooms are comfortably fitted, and at present in first-rate order, no expense having been spared to conduce to the comfort of the owner, who has resided there till now. The kitchen, which is weatherboard and detached, is fitted with dresser and shelves, and every useful requisite, together with a

LARGE RUSSELL'S STOVE.

There is a good large yard, well-laid, having erected therein a stone fowl house, a coach house and stable, with hay-loft, and the usual out-offices, all well-built.

THE UNFINISHED COTTAGE,

adjoining the above, has a frontage of about 19 feet to the street, and built on the same plan as the one inhabited, and is carried up sufficiently high for the roof to be put on at once.

The frontage of the whole property is about 38 feet, with a depth of 86 feet, or thereabouts. The cottage possesses also the advantages of a side entrance, and that great desideratum, a good well of water.

Such a property as this, adjoining those of Messrs. Cooper and Munn, being in a healthy locality, and from which are enjoyed most delightful views of the harbour and the surrounding scenery, must command the attention of those desirous to invest their funds for house occupation, whereby they may obtain at this juncture a good residence in a good situation.

For particulars of title apply to JOHN DUNSMURE, Esq., Bligh-street. 3915

TWO ALLOTMENTS OF LAND,
Together with
THE TWO COTTAGES ERECTED THEREON,

Situate on the Great Western Road, in the town of Parramatta.

MR. MORT is instructed to sell by public auction, at his Rooms, Pitt-street, on TUESDAY, February 15, at 11 o'clock,

In one Lot,

Two Allotments of Land, situate in the parish of St. John, in the town of Parramatta, being Nos. 4 and 5 of section No. 2, together with two capital Cottages thereon, viz.:—

A large Verandah Cottage, brick-built, forty-four feet by thirty-three feet, containing good entrance hall, two large front rooms, and four bed rooms, having detached brick kitchen and laundry, (with attic rooms over,) connected by a covered passage from the Cottage. The verandah in front and at the sides is seven feet wide. There are capital cellars underneath. The yard is extensive, containing one rood twenty-five perches, having good brick-built stabling, coach house, and hay loft, 38 feet by 17 feet 6 inches, and every requisite out-building.

The adjoining Cottage is likewise built of brick, and at present occupied by Mrs. Ellison, and contains entrance hall and four rooms, and a large detached building contiguous, containing kitchen, two stores, pantry, and oven.

This Cottage has a front verandah five feet wide.

The land upon which it is built comprises about 23¼ perches.

The usual out-offices are in the rear of the Cottage.

These properties are exceedingly eligible for parties desirous of investing their funds for occupation. They are suitable for the requirements of families of respectability, and as a speculation alone would return good interest for the outlay.

The sale will be unreserved, and should not be lost sight of.

Terms at sale. 4215

UNDERWOOD'S BUILDINGS, GEORGE-STREET.

Lease for a term of years, of those three centrically situated shops and premises known by the above appellation, situate nearly opposite the Queen's Wharf.

MR. MORT has been instructed by Mrs. Underwood to sell by public auction, at his Rooms, Pitt-street, on TUESDAY, 15th February, at 11 o'clock,

The Lease, for a term of years, of those substantial and well situated premises known as Underwood's Buildings (next the store of Messrs. F. Mitchell and Co., and opposite the Queen's Wharf) presently occupied by Mr. Draper and others.

There is no better position in Sydney for carrying on a ready money business, and every day is giving an increased traffic, and a consequently increased rental. If two of these buildings were connected they would form a first rate hotel, the proprietor of which might reap a speedy fortune therein. They have side entrance from George-street to the rear.

All particulars may be learnt on application at Mr. Mort's office. 4217

BANK NEW SOUTH WALES SHARE. COMMERCIAL BANK SHARES. AUSTRALIAN JOINT STOCK BANK SHARES. GREAT NUGGET VEIN SHARES. SUMMER HILL COPPER MINING COMPANY'S SHARES. MARINE ASSURANCE COMPANY'S SHARES.

MR. MORT will sell by public auction, at his Rooms, on WEDNESDAY, 16th February, at 11 o'clock,

Shares Bank of New South Wales, £20 paid up
Ditto Commercial Bank, £25 ditto
Ditto Australian Joint Stock Bank, £2 ditto
Ditto Great Nugget Vein, 10s. ditto
Ditto New South Wales Marine Assurance Company, £2 ditto.
Ditto Summer Hill Mining Company, £5 ditto.

These Shares will be sold in lots to suit purchasers.

Terms—Cash. 4754

DARLING STEAM MILLS, PARRAMATTA.

MR. MORT has received instructions to sell at his Rooms, by public auction, on FRIDAY, 18th February, 1853, at Eleven o'clock,

THE LEASE OF
THE DARLING STEAM MILLS,

Situate near the Broken-back Bridge, Parramatta.

THE MILL

works two pairs of stones, and contains smutting and dressing machines, corn screen, and the usual requisites.

THE ENGINE HOUSE

adjoins the mill, and is fitted with an engine of 10½-horse power, and is in working order.

Attached to the engine house is an extensive building, which has been hitherto used as a

BREWERY AND MALT HOUSE,

in which are pumps (supplied by pipes laid on to the creek), worked by the engine.

The other Premises comprise a

TWO-ROOMED OFFICE, FIVE-STALLED STABLE, TWO FOUR-ROOMED COTTAGES,

the whole being surrounded by a stone wall, outside of which are

FOUR DWELLING HOUSES,

of four and five rooms each.

This property is so situate as to command the whole of the traffic between the metropolis and Windsor, Castle Hill, the whole of the Hawkesbury, Dural, Baulkham Hills, Seven Hills, and in fact, the entire country north of Parramatta.

The engine was in good working order at the time the last tenant left: but as the lease will be sold under the present condition of the premises, intending lessees are invited to inspect the property before the day of sale. 3544

COTTAGE AT RYDE, KISSING POINT.
By order of the Mortgagees.

MR. MORT has been instructed to sell by public auction, at his Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 18th February, 1853, at 11 o'clock,

A very neat and compact Cottage, containing four rooms, having a verandah in front, and a detached kitchen, weather-boarded and brick-nogged.

It is situate on the main road from Bedlam Ferry, to Parramatta, and within a short distance of the Church and Steam Boat wharf, and is known as

BRADLEY'S COTTAGE.

There is an excellent Garden, and an Orchard of about two acres planted with the choicest fruit trees and vines, &c., all in ful bearing.

Title unexceptionable. For terms apply to the auctioneer. 3546

1500 SHEEP,
Deliverable at Ben Bullen, 28 miles beyond Hartley.

MR. MORT will sell by auction, at his Rooms, Pitt-street, on TUESDAY, 22nd February, at 11 o'clock,

1500 Sheep, which the purchaser may select from three flocks, consisting of two flocks of ewes, of 750 each, and a flock of 800 wethers.

They are fine woolled sheep, have never been diseased, and of mixed ages, none exceeding between 5 and 6 years.

In selecting the 1500, the purchaser could make up his flocks of young grown sheep.

This sale deserves especial notice from shippers to the New Zealand market (which at the present is a good paying one), as the sheep are now in good condition, and in good shipping order.

They will be deliverable on the 1st March ensuing, at Ben Bullen, 28 miles from Hartley.

Terms at sale. 4099

HOUSE PROPERTY AT MORETON BAY, Also LAND AT BRAIDWOOD AND CARCOAR.

LOT 1.

"COT-MATOU," a cottage of nine rooms, in Brisbane, with a garden, orchard, &c., the late residence of John Ocock, Esq., and presently occupied by Pollet Cardew, Esq.

LOT 2.

FOUR TENEMENTS at the corner of Russell and Grey streets, Brisbane, the corner building being occupied by George Salt Tucker, Esq.

LOT 3.

THREE TENEMENTS in Hope-street, next to Grenier's Hotel, and adjoining the land on which the Baptist Chapel stands.

LOT 4.

An ALLOTMENT in the town of Braidwood.

LOT 5.

An ALLOTMENT at Carcoar.

MR. MORT has received instructions from John Ocock, Esq., solicitor, to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on MONDAY, 7th March, at 11 o'clock,

The above-mentioned Properties.

LOT 1.

One and a-half ALLOTMENT of LAND, situate in the town of Brisbane, Moreton Bay, having a large frontage to Ernest and Queen streets, and the river Brisbane, and close to the Steamer's Quay, having erected thereupon the much admired cottage "COT-MATOU," containing nine rooms.

The Lawn in front of the house is terraced to the river, the approach to which is by a flight of steps, ending in a small boat wharf.

The Garden is well stocked with fruit trees, vines, &c.

The present Lease will expire on the 20th November, 1853.

The land is fenced and subdivided with close palings.

LOT 2.

All that portion of Allotment No. 1 of section 4, near Brisbane aforesaid, having 30 feet frontage to Russell-street, and 130 feet frontage to Grey-street. On this land are erected Four Tenements, the corner one being let to George S. Tucker, Esq., at a yearly rent of £24 per annum. The land adjoins the property of Mr. John Harris, and is opposite that of W. Kent, Esq.

LOT 3.

All that Allotment of LAND, No. 17 of section 2, in Brisbane, having large frontage to Hope-street, having erected thereupon two Tenements of two rooms each; there is also a small Weatherboard Tenement of two rooms, with Skilling in the rear, lately used as a Carpenter's Shop.

LOT 4.

An ALLOTMENT in the Town of Braidwood, being No. 3 of section 2, and containing half an acre.

LOT 5.

An ALLOTMENT at Carcoar, being No. 1 of section 8, and containing half an acre.

The advantages of the dry and equal temperature of Brisbane to invalids, and particularly to parties labouring under consumption, or other disease of the lungs, have become so much appreciated, as to render the demand for house property far beyond the supply, and rents in consequence (and with the present inability to build) have advanced, and will advance considerably. It therefore behoves parties on the look out for a good investment or a residence in Brisbane, to watch this sale, the opportunities for making such purchases so seldom occurring.

The titles are first rate, but parties wishing further particulars may have them by applying to the proprietor of the property, John Ocock, Esq., Solicitor, Belmain. 3228

EIGHT CAPITAL HOUSES,

In the most central and healthy portion of the City, well-known as Horbury-terrace.

This is an unreserved sale; the proprietor's instructions being positively to sell, and in lots to suit purchasers.

TERMS.—Twenty per cent. on the fall of the hammer; ten per cent. at six months; ten per cent. at twelve months: ten per cent at eighteen months, by approved Promissory notes, bearing interest at seven per cent.—The remainder may remain for a term to be agreed upon, at seven per cent.

MR. MORT has received instructions from the proprietor, to sell without reserve, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on TUESDAY, 1st day of March, at 11 o'clock,

That highly productive and extensive pile of buildings, so well-known as Horbury-terrace, situate at the head of Macquarie-street, nearly opposite the Council Chambers, and the opening to the Domain by Sir Richard Bourke's Statue.

This property will be put up in lots, on house in each lot, commencing with the house at the corner of Hunter-street, the purchaser of the first lot having the option of taking one or more of the adjoining houses (provided they be consecutive lots), thus giving the purchaser of one house the opportunity of becoming the proprietor of the whole of this most desirable freehold.

In order to avoid the possibility of mistake, the Houses will be numbered in lots, with white paint, and a plan of the property, prepared by James Hume, Esq., lies at the Rooms of the Auctioneer for reference. Each house will have the exact quantity of land ceded to it upon which it stands (should the whole not go in one lot), agreeably with the regulations of the Building Act, together with the yards, as now fenced in and occupied by each tenant, and also the right of way to the rear, as at present enjoyed.

All the above houses are four stories high (including the cellar kitchen, which open out upon a level with the yards), and seven of them have access by a lane to Hunter-street, the eighth having a private entrance to the rear from Macquarie-street.

They are all in excellent order, and with one exception, have the city water laid on.

They have always been occupied by highly respectable tenants: and their rental has yielded as high a return as £156 per annum for each house, since which time considerable improvements and additions have been made. Without doubt these rates will be again attainable (if not considerably increased) upon the expiration of the present tenancies now, having only a very short time to run.

The position occupied by Horbury Terrace is unrivalled. It is within two or three minutes' walk of the wharves, the banks, and the busiest parts of George and Pitt streets, and almost directly opposite the entrance to the Domain—thus combining all the advantages of the country, with a residence in the heart of the city. It is in the immediate neighbourhood of the Legislative Council, the Government Offices, the Supreme Court, and the Library.

The baths are only just across the Domain whilst Hyde Park and our splendid Botanical Gardens, from their easy distance, may almost be said to be attached to the property. The magnificent scenery and splendid views yield perhaps to none in the world, either in extent or beauty; the front windows of the Terrace commanding our glorious harbour with its countless bays, the Heads, the Light House, Government House, the Gardens, North Shore and the Domain. The western windows take in, in one panoramic view, all the busy parts of our metropolis from George-street to Darling Harbour, and extending even still beyond—embrace Pyrmont, Balmain, &c., &c., &c. It is therefore no exaggeration to say, that the position occupied by Horbury Terrace is unrivalled.

N.B.—An unquestionable title is *guaranteed* to the purchaser, and the quit rent is redeemed.

For terms, and all additional particulars, apply to MR. MORT (at his Rooms, Pitt-street), who is instructed to state that this superb freehold will positively be sold TO THE HIGHEST BIDDER, on the day above named, viz.:—Tuesday, 1st March.

THE WINDERMERE ESTATE,

Universally acknowledged as the most valuable and highly improved property upon the River Hunter.

LOT 1.

The House, Vineyard, Garden and Grounds, Boiling Establishment, and 450 Acres of Land.

LOT 2.

700 Acres adjoining the estate on the eastern side, having frontage to the river, and subdivided into

SEVEN FARMS.

A considerable portion of the purchase money may remain upon mortgage of the property.

MR. MORT has received instructions from J. M. Winder, Esq., to sell by public auction, at his Rooms, Pitt-street, on TUESDAY, March 1, at 11 o'clock, to the highest bidder,

The right valuable Estate and adjoining Land of that well known river side property,

WINDERMERE.

Lot 1 contains 450 acres, moreor less, of the richest alluvial soil on the river Hunter, to which river it has a frontage of about one and a half miles. The whole of the land is cleared, stumped, fenced, and divided in convenient paddocks—400 acres being at present under grass.

THE IMPROVEMENTS

which have been made upon it (independent of fencing, clearing, and stumping,) are very considerable, and embrace, amongst others, the following:—

WINDERMERE HOUSE,

which occupies a commanding eminence, and contains 13 rooms, varying in size from 14 x 12 to 28 x 17. It has front and back verandah, with extensive cellars, which latter are used as wine vaults to the vineyard. The whole of the basement story is built of brick, the upper part of the house being weatherboard and brick nogged. The out offices are brick built and very extensive; the stable is 82 feet in length and 20 feet wide.

THERE ARE 12 COTTAGES

upon the estate, varying in size from 20 x 14 to 35 x 20. There are also various paddocks for cultivation, besides garden, and

19 ACRES OF VINEYARD,

now in a high state of bearing, from the very choicest vines. There is also still-house, with 50 gallon still, and every requisite for manufacturing wines.

THE EXTENSIVE BOILING ESTABLISHMENT

is provided with every essential for doing the very large business which it has always commanded, and the buildings are very substantial.

NOTE.—Windermere House, boiling establishment, out-offices, and land, are at present rented to Messrs. Turner and Reynolds at £226 per annum. The horse paddock is also rented to the same parties at £13 15s. per annum, and the vineyard and still-house are rented to Mr. Nott at the rate of £63 per annum.

Lot 2 consists of 700 acres of first rate land, a large portion of which is cleared, stumped, and fenced, and sub-divided into seven very nice farms.

The buildings known as "the Black Building" are upon this property, and although not in a good state of repair, are very extensive, and there is well seasoned timber on the ground, more than sufficient to make them equal to new.

THE BARN AND THREE COTTAGES

are in good condition, and the former is an extensive building. There are also some convenient sized paddocks upon this estate.

Very complete plans are at the office of the auctioneer, who can give the fullest information with reference to the estate. Messrs. Allen and Son, solicitors, Elizabeth-street, will supply all information respecting title, which is, however, first-rate.

N.B.—The above property is so well known that remark upon the above description would be superfluous; suffice it to say that the Windermere Estate is universally acknowledged to be the finest on the Hunter River, and the proprietor is most anxious that parties wishing to buy should inspect for themselves. The distance from Maitland is only seven miles.

ALLOTMENT OF LAND IN BOURKE-Street, Surry-hills, close to the South Head Road, near the Court House.

MR. MORT has received instructions to sell by public auction, at his Rooms, on TUESDAY, 15th February, at 11 o'clock,

An allotment of land, situated in Bourke-street, just off the South Head Road, and the Queen's Arms, having a frontage of 29 feet, with a depth of 66 feet, abutting upon a lane 10 feet wide.

The adjacent allotments are occupied by buildings, and the present opportunity affords a chance not to be met with again in this locality, as this is the only plot not built upon.

Terms, cash. 4887

550 LAMBS.
(Deliverable on the Sandbanks Station, near Hartley.)

MR. MORT is instructed to sell by public auction, at his Rooms, on TUESDAY, 22nd February, 1853, at 11 o'clock,

ABOUT 550 LAMBS, now running with the ewes, which are in rare order, and depasturing on a first-rate station.

The sexes are about equal, and ready for delivery on the 1st March, by which time a large number will be ready for the knife.

This is an opportunity the Sydney butchers will do well to avail of. The flocks the lambs were bred from are of a very superior character.

Terms at sale. 4098

RUNNYMEDE AND VIRGINIA,

Together with nine thousand head of cattle, unquestionably the finest pastoral concern in the colony of New South Wales, well known as the late Mr. Ward Stephens' property, and situate on the Richmond River.

TERMS.—One-fourth in cash on the fall of the hammer; one-fourth by approved bill at six months date, with bank interest added; one-fourth by approved bill at twelve months date, with bank interest added, and the remaining fourth may, if required, remain for a term of three years, at six per cent. per annum interest. Security for due payment of the bills and the balance of purchase money to be given upon the property in the usual way.

MR. MORT has received instructions to sell by public auction, at his Rooms, Pitt-street, on TUESDAY, 1st day of March, at 12 o'clock precisely,

THOSE PRINCELY STATIONS,

Together with the valuable herds thereon depasturing, of which the following outline is intended as a brief description.

RUNNYMEDE

is situated on the Richmond River, to which it has a frontage of about 16 miles (following its course 40 or 50 miles) by a depth varying from five to ten miles. Independent of the river there are numerous lagoons in various parts of the run, and the whole back line, and a portion of the centre of the station has the advantage of a never failing creek, known as Stephens' Creek.

The general character of the country is extensive open plains and flats, lightly timbered, and open ridges all well grassed, and watered to superfluity in the driest season ever known. Every acre of land is available and

THE FATTENING QUALITY

of the grasses are so notorious as scarcely to need naming here: indeed the property has no rival in this respect; and its boundaries are so favorably formed by nature as to have enabled the proprietor to form the whole run into a series of large paddocks. Its estimated carrying cababilities are commonly reckoned at upwards of fifteen thousand, but it is thoroughly capable of carrying *to fatten*, at least 12,000 head.

THE IMPROVEMENTS

Upon the Runnymede Station are most extensive and complete.

THE COTTAGE,

(which is built of cedar, and finished in a very superior style, the dining and drawing rooms being panelled work,) contains seven rooms besides entrance hall and cellars, having a spacious verandah on every side of it. In the rear of the house are a capacious kitchen, servant's room, pantry, and store room, all attached. These buildings are shingled, and in first rate order. The kitchen is fitted with patent cooking apparatus. All these buildings are in an enclosure.

At the front of the house is a garden, nearly two acres in extent, in first-rate order, beautifully laid out and stocked with choice vines and fruit trees of every description.

A short distance from the house is a large shingled barn, 60 feet long, by 24 feet wide and 12 feet high, built of two inch cedar, grooved top and bottom on iron-bark sleepers. In one end of the barn, is a two stalled stable and loose boxes. There is also near to this a neat verandah cottage of four rooms, fowl house, and several substantial huts, all shingled, large and most substantial stockyard, capable of holding 20,000 head of cattle, a large lagoon, forming one boundary, affording an ample supply of water; cedar gates to the drafting yards, milking yard and calf pen. A cultivation paddock of twenty acres, and one ditto ditto with pig-proof fence. A grass paddock of 900 acres, and one 500 acres, with other improvements of various kinds.

VIRGINIA

adjoins Mr. Clark Irving's well-known Cassino run, and is about 25 miles from Runnymede, to which station it is a most admirable adjunct as a heifer station. It has a large fresh water frontage to the navigable part of the Richmond River, and it is upon this run that

THE BOILING ESTABLISHMENT,

now in course of completion, is erecting. There are upon it the following improvements, in addition to the boiling house, viz.:—

Two new slab huts, floored and shingled
One cultivation paddock, about six acres, with new 4-rail fence
One stockyard in good repair, capable of holding 1500 head
Paddock to carry 500 head, and a large amount of other fencing.

This run will carry 1500 head, and is well grassed and watered.

The tallow can be put on board vessels of 60 or 80 tons alongside the station, so that all expense of carriage is avoided.

WITH THE ABOVE STATIONS

will be sold the herd of cattle now depasturing thereupon, numbering about

NINE THOUSAND HEAD,

amongst which is a very large proportion of full grown and aged cattle, of which at least 2000 head are in prime condition for boiling.

The herd is well supplied with new Bulls, there being one imported, and twelve pure bred Colonial Bulls, just introduced, and the whole can be mustered to the purchaser upon two or three days' notice.

The working Horses (about 15), with saddles, bridles, &c., will be given in; as also, 2 drays, cart and harness, 2 ploughs, harrow, roller, and sundry agricultural tools.

The stores, pigs, some horse stock, also staves, casks, &c., must be taken at a valuation.

No description can convey an adequate idea of this right valuable this princely estate: it is beyond all eulogy.

A noble income may be derived from it; indeed, it is no figure of speech to say that there is no property in the colony equally free from chance and risk, that will yield as large a return for the amount of capital invested as will the splendid fattening stations of Runnymede and Virginia!

There will be no reserve whatever.

Parties wishing for further particulars will please apply to Mr. Mort. 141

1100 SHEEP AND 600 HEAD OF CATTLE.
Preliminary Notice.

MR. MORT has received instructions to sell by public auction, on an early day,

About 1000 or 1100 sheep of ages and sexes, now running with and being part of the well-known flocks of Matthew Gogge, Esq., New England.

Also,

About 600 head well-bred cattle, from the herd of the same gentleman.

Further particulars will appear so soon as the correct returns can be had from the station. 4886

BELLE VUE COTTAGE, KENT-STREET

MR. MORT has been instructed to sell by public auction, at his Rooms, Pitt street, on FRIDAY, 18th February, at 11 o'clock,

The well-known Cottage in Kent-street South, known as

BELLE VUE COTTAGE,

adjoining Belle Vue Hall, the residence of Mr. Solomon.

It has a frontage to the street of 32 feet 10 inches, and a depth of 34 feet 8 inches, the allotment on which it is built extending to the great depth of 97 feet.

The house contains 4 rooms on the ground floor, with spacious front verandah, two attics, and an attached kitchen. There is a large yard, and also water close to the kitchen door, besides having it laid on by the Corporation. At the rear of the cottage is a large timber-built building, suitable for a stable and coach-house, approach to which is made by a reserved road 7 feet wide.

The paucity of buildings of this description now in the market causes this to be a most eligible opportunity to secure either a good investment for capital or a good habitation for those on the "qui vive" for a residence in a healthy part of the city.

Terms at sale. 4097

MOST DESIRABLE PASTORAL INVESTMENT.
The well known ADGENBILLY RUN,
Together with
6936 A 1 SHEEP.

This property is sold only on account of Captain Macdonald's declining health rendering the active management of the station too much for him. It is unquestionably a first-rate chance for the purchase of a highly profitable undertaking.

MR. MORT has received instructions from the Proprietor, Captain Macdonald, to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on MONDAY, March 4, at 11 o'clock,

That most valuable pastoral property, known as "Adgenbilly," in the Murrumbidgee district, of which the following is a brief description:—

ADGENBILLY

is situate in the Murrumbidgee district, about 20 miles from the post town Tumut, and 30 from Gundagai, on the main road from Sydney to Melbourne.

The Run is exceedingly well grassed and watered, having a frontage of seven miles to the never failing Adgenbilly Creek; and another, called Oak Creek, well supplied with water in the driest seasons, runs through the centre of the run, besides other smaller water courses.

Its estimated extent is 40,000 acres, and its grazing capabilities sufficient for about 12,000 sheep.

THE SHEEP

comprise about—

2100 ewes, 3 and 4 years old
1313 ewes and wethers, 1 and 2 years old
2218 ditto ditto, 2 and 3 ditto
1300 lambs, equal sexes

6936 Total, more or less,

are warranted sound, and never to have been diseased.

They are the progeny of the flocks of William Lawson and Hannibal Macarthur, Esquires, and were lately crossed by rams from the flocks of Captains Grant and Trevelyan, the progeny of imported rams from the celebrated flocks of the late Lord Western, and by rams from the flocks of George M'Leay, Esq.

These sheep carry a heavy fleece of fine wool, which is of excellent quality, and has always commanded the very highest rate ruling.

THE IMPROVEMENTS

consist of

Overseer's and Shepherds' Huts
Hurdles and Stockyards
Woolshed and Drafting Yards
Three Paddocks of 10, 20, and 100 Acres each.

THE RESIDENCE

contains a large parlour, dining-room, bedroom, and three smaller bed-rooms, two pantries, kitchen, store, and fowl-house.

THE GARDEN,

Of the extent of about half an acre, is well laid out, and planted with flowers, fruit-trees, and vines. The vines and fruit trees are in full bearing.

The kitchen garden is of the same size, and both are well fenced in with good paling.

The house is comfortably furnished, and the purchaser is at liberty to take over the furniture at a valuation.

The farming implements, drays, ploughs, &c., must be taken at a fair valuation.

Terms may be known on application to the auctioneer.

The position occupied by this run is first-rate; it is situated only thirty miles from Gundagai, the chief depôt for the deliveries of stock for Port Phillip and the Ovens, and within a short distance of the rich diggings of the Tumut and other Southern Gold Fields. Its locality gives it an immense advantage, there being a ready market at all times (independent of what has hitherto been its chief market, Sydney) for its store sheep and fat stock, and at prices highly remunerative. Adgenbilly is in itself valuable also as a good fattening station, being abundantly watered and grassed, and its improvements are most complete—indeed, for a person of active business habits, it will afford a delightful family home, with a pursuit attached by which he may shortly realise a fortune. 4753

FIRST-RATE HOMESTEAD FOR SALE,
In the county of Cumberland, 33 miles from Sydney.

MR. MORT has received instructions from the proprietor, Alfred Kennerley, Esq., to sell by auction, at his Rooms, Pitt-street, on TUESDAY, the 15th March next, at 11 o'clock,

All that Valuable Estate, in the district of Bringelly, well known as Retreat Farm, (centrically situated, being nearly equi-distant from the townships of Liverpool, Campbelltown, and Penrith,) containing One Thousand Two Hundred Acres (1200 Acres) of Land, well watered, having an extensive frontage on the South Creek. The whole of the Estate is enclosed. About four hundred acres (400 acres) cleared and subdivided into paddocks for cultivation or grazing. The premises are large and commodious. The Cottage is a very substantial brick building, containing eight good-sized lofty rooms (drawing room, 30 x 14, dining hall, 30 x 12, the others in proportion). The building faces the east, and has a verandah on three sides, nine feet wide. The out-buildings are numerous, and very complete, consisting of brick kitchen and laundry, and servant's-room, brick dairy, pantry and stores. New brick stables, with coach-house, harness and servants' rooms, and good loft, which have been erected within the last two years at a cost of £300 (three hundred pounds); also six-stalled stable for farm horses, including a good box, milking shed and calf-pen, with granary above, 40 x 26 feet; new barn, with cart shed; two shingled Cottages for farm servants, strong well-built stockyards, pig run and styes complete. The Garden contains 1½ acre, all well trenched and planted with a variety of fruit trees and choice vines.

It was the original intention of the proprietor only to have leased this desirable property for the period he might be absent from the colony, but the uncertainty of the time of his return has induced him to come to the determination of submitting this estate to public competition, the grand criterion of the real value of freehold property in this rising colony.

Homesteads within a moderate distance of the capital are seldom in the market, and are thence daily increasing in value: this opportunity should not therefore be overlooked by those who wish to possess an estate like the one now offered. Quit Rent redeemed.

Terms—One-third cash, one-third at six months with bank interest added, and the residue can remain for a term of years upon security of the property, at six per cent.

For further particulars respecting the estate, and for cards to view, apply to the auctioneer; and with reference to title to Henry Burton Bradley, Esq., Solicitor, Lyons'-buildings, George-street. 1984

5666 SUPERIOR SHEEP,

In the district of Darling Downs, deliverable on the Station of Messrs. George and John Gammie.

MR. MORT is instructed by John Dunsmure, Esq., Attorney for Patrick Gammie, Esq., to sell by public auction, at his Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, March 4, at 11 o'clock, without the slightest reserve,

The following first-class Sheep, the property of Dr. Gammie, viz.:—

2000 breeding ewes, of ages
1000 2 year old wethers
1000 1 ditto ditto
666 maiden ewes
1000 weaned lambs

5666

It is scarcely necessary to mention that these sheep being part and parcel of the Tulburra flocks, are equal to any in the Darling Downs district.

Terms on application to the Auctioneer. 4761

**HIGHLY DESIRABLE FREEHOLD PROPERTY I

Supplement to the Sydney Morning Herald.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1853.

ANNUAL CONTRACTS.
Commissariat, New South Wales,
Sydney, 29th January, 1853.

NOTICE is hereby given that Tenders in duplicate will be received at this office until MONDAY, the 21st day of February, at noon, for furnishing, for the military, naval, and convict service in the several districts, the supplies undermentioned, in such quantities as may be required, during twelve calendar months commencing the 1st April next, under printed conditions to be obtained on application at this office, where forms of tender may also be obtained, viz.—

PROVISIONS.

1. The Military Ration being
1 lb. fresh meat
1 lb. of wheaten bread
2. The ration for male convicts being
12 oz. wheaten bread
14 oz. maize or barley bread
(The contractor having the option of giving 20 oz. of wheaten bread for the whole.)
8 oz. maize meal
1 lb. fresh beef
1 oz. brown sugar
½ oz. salt
½ oz. yellow soap
Or:—
3. 6-7 lb. fresh beef or mutton } daily.
1 lb. bread
1 lb. potatoes
1-7 lb. flour
¼ lb. meal
1 oz. sugar
¼ oz. salt
¼ oz. soap

4. HOSPITALS.

FULL DIET.
1 lb. fresh beef or mutton
1 lb. bread, first quality
1 lb. potatoes
1 oz. rice
½ oz. salt
½ oz. tea
1½ oz. sugar
¼ pint milk.

HALF DIET.
½ lb. fresh beef or mutton
1 lb. bread, 1st quality
½ lb. potatoes
1 oz. rice
½ oz. salt
½ oz. tea
1½ oz. sugar
¼ pint milk

LOW DIET.
½ lb. fresh beef or mutton
12 oz. bread, 1st quality
3 oz. rice
½ oz. salt
½ oz. tea
1½ oz. sugar
¼ pint milk.

SPOON DIET.
8 oz bread, 1st quality
½ oz. tea
2½ oz. sugar
2 oz. rice
¼ pint milk

5. FORAGE.

The ration of forage being
8 lbs. maize or barley, or 10 lbs. oats
4 lbs. bran
12 lbs. of oaten or cultivated grass hay
4 lbs. wheaten straw

6. FUEL AND LIGHT.

Best Newcastle coal, large and round, fit for household purposes, per ton of 2240 lbs.
Firewood, per 100 lbs.
Sperm oil } per gallon imperial
Common oil
Mould candles } per lb.
Dip candles
Cotton wick

7. SUPPLIES FOR NAVAL SERVICE.

Flour } per 100 lbs.
Biscuit
Black tea
Sugar
Rice
Bread same as military ration } per lb.
Fresh beef
Fresh mutton
Vegetables
Soap per 100 lbs.
Whole pepper } per lb.
Mustard

8. SUPPLIES FOR ARMY HOSPITALS, SPECIAL AND GENERAL PURPOSES.

Fresh beef } per lb.
Fresh mutton
Wheaten bread, same as military ration
Maize meal
Arrowroot
Rice
Sago
Pearl barley
Tea
Sugar
Salt
Yellow soap
Colonial leaf tobacco
Vegetables
Flour, 20 per cent.
Maize } per 100 lbs.
Currants
Raisins
Suet
Lime juice
Chocolate
Straw for bedding
Peas
Oatmeal
Milk } per pint
Bottled port wine
Vinegar
Rum, per Imperial gallon, free of duty
Lime, per bushel
Water, per 100 gallons

The articles above enumerated are to be packed, shipped, or delivered, at the expense of the contractor, when required by the Commissariat.

DISTRICTS.

1. SYDNEY | 3. VICTORIA
2. PARRAMATTA

The limits of the Districts are the same as those adopted in the Division of the Colony into Police Districts, and a Map showing the same may be seen at this office. 3849

SYDNEY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
Chairman, T. W. Smart, Esq.,
Deputy Chairman, Charles Kemp, Esq.

DIRECTORS

Robert Towns, Esq. | R. M. Robjy, Esq.
Thos. Holt, jun., Esq. | W. R. Scott, Esq.
Surveyor, James Hume, Esq.
Secretary, George King, Esq.

The Directors of the Sydney Fire Insurance Company call the attention of the public to the following reduced Scale of their Rates of Premium:—

SECTION A.—Slated buildings, 6s. to 12r per cent.

SECTION B.—Shingled buildings, 8s. to 18s. per cent.

SECTION C.—Weather-boarded buildings, 16s to 30s. per cent.

FIFTY PER CENT. of the Premium will be returned on the renewal, for twelve months, on all *yearly* policies, SO THAT THE ACTUAL *cost of insurance will be* ONE-HALF *only of the above rates.*

This Company is established upon the principles of the Saxe Gotha Company, which is one of the leading and the most popular Fire Insurance Company in Germany, and which established, on the occasion of the great fire in Hamburg, the soundness of its principles. It then paid *all losses in full* without inconvenience to its members.

All parties desirous of insuring in this Company may satisfy themselves by previous inspection of the register book as to the ability of members to make good the amount of their respective contributions.

Application for Insurance to be made to the Secretary, at the office of the Company, Pitt-street.

GEORGE KING, Secretary.

☞ N.B.—In case of fire, parties are requested to give notice to Mr. T. J. Bown, Engineer, No. 286, George-street, Superintendent of the Fire Brigade, in whose premises the engine is kept. 958

LIFE AGENCY.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND LIFE AND FIRE ASSURANCE TRUST, AND ANNUITY INSTITUTION.
LOTHBURY, LONDON.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.—One Million.
Established in England, Scotland, India, and Australasia.

PATRONS.

His Grace the Duke of Beaufort
His Grace the Lord Archbishop of Dublin
The Right Honorable Lord Viscount Beresford
The Right Honorable Lord Viscount Lorton.
The following ten Bishops—The Right Reverend the Lord Bishops of Bath and Wells, St. David's, Chichester, Meaths, Derry, Raphoe, Elphin, Calcutta, Jamaica, Madras, and Frederickton.

SCOTTISH BRANCH.

Patrons—The Prelates of the Scottish Episcopal Church.
President—His Grace the Duke of Buccleuch and Queensberry.
Vice Presidents—Right Honorable the Earl of Moreton, Sir John Stuart Forbes, Bart., of Pitsligo.

AUSTRALASIAN BRANCH.

Patrons—The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Sydney
The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Newcastle
The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Melbourne
The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Tasmania.
Sydney Committee—The Venerable Archdeacon Cowper
Rev. Robert Allwood
John Campbell, Esq., J.P.

ANNUAL PREMIUM TO ASSURE £100.

Age.	For One Year.			or Seven Years.			For Whole Life.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
20	1	1	0	1	1	9	1	13	11
30	1	3	1	1	3	7	2	2	7
40	1	6	1	1	8	2	2	17	8
50	1	16	11	2	3	1	4	4	11
60	3	6	4	4	0	9	6	14	2

The above is a specimen of equal rates, but fuller tables for all ages ascending year by year from 16 to 60 inclusively, and containing also increasing and decreasing scales, can be obtained on application to the undersigned, together with Prospectuses, forms of proposal, and further information.

Policies forfeited, by non-payment of premium, renewable within twelve months, upon proof of the same state of health, and the payment of the premium in arrear, with interest thereon.

The assured permitted, without extra premium, to proceed from one part of the Australasian colonies to another.

BURTON and POWNALL, Solicitors,
Agents for the Institution,
555, George-street,
4450 Next the Bank of Australasia.

UNIVERSITY OF SYDNEY.

UNDERGRADUATES who wish to keep Lent Term must attend at the University on Monday, the 14th instant, at 9 o'clock.

NON-MATRICULATED STUDENTS.

Persons not members of the University wishing to attend the lectures of any Professor may do so on payment of two guineas a term for each course.

EVENING CLASSES.

Gentlemen purposing to attend the Evening Classes are requested to meet the Professors of Classics and Mathematics at the University on Monday, the 14th instant, at half-past 9 a.m.

LECTURES ON CHEMISTRY.

The Lectures on Chemistry will be resumed on Tuesday, 15th instant, at half-past 8 a.m., and will be continued daily, except Saturdays. In this Term a course of Inorganic Chemistry will be given complete in itself. Attendance of undergraduates optional.

A course of Experimental Physics for Undergraduates will be begun on Wednesday, 16th instant, at noon.

4974 W. LOUIS HUTTON, Registrar.

SYDNEY MECHANICS' SCHOOL OF ARTS.—It having been decided to render the Classes of this Institution self-supporting by means of the fees received from the pupils, the Committee is open to receive applications from Professors of Music willing to superintend a Music and Singing Class on this principle. For further particulars apply to the Secretary.

S. W. MANSFIELD, Secretary.

N.B.—Applications are requested to be sent in on or before the 17th instant, as it is desired that the class should commence on the first March next. 4867

OLD COMMERCIAL BANK.

A GENERAL MEETING of the Proprietors of this Bank will be held on the 14th February next, at two o'clock, at the present Commercial Bank, for the purpose of taking into consideration the propriety of finally closing the Old Bank.

FREDERICK EBSWORTH,
2253 Managing Director

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.
Capital—Two Millions.

THE undersigned as the duly authorised Agents of this Company, issue policies of insurance from fire at the reduced rates of premium.

321 SMITH CROFT AND CO.

GOLD MELTING AND ASSAYING.

THE undersigned are prepared to melt Gold into ingots, and assay the same if required by competent and experienced persons, recently arrived from England.

L. AND S. SAMUEL,
541 353, Pitt-street.

ELECTRO-BIOLOGY.

MR. DALY, in compliance with the solicitation of many of the most influential families in Sydney, will resume his experiments of the above science, in the School of Arts, Pitt-street, on the Evenings of Tuesday, the 15th, Thursday, 17th, and Saturday, 19th February, 1853.

Tickets maybe had at the School of Arts, Pitt-street; of Messrs. J. J. Cohen and Son; Mr. Piddington; Messrs. Marsh and Co.; Messrs. Woolcott and Clarke, George-street; and of Mr. Moffitt, Pitt-street.

Admission - Three Shillings.

N.B.—No money will be received at the door. 4991

CARD.—Mr. R. DUNLOP begs to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business as House Factor, Collector, Broker, and General Agent. From the experience acquired by eight years' service in the office of Messrs. Morehead and Young, he flatters himself that any business in the above line committed to his charge will be transacted with every satisfaction. Any orders left at his (temporary) Office, No. 1, O'Connell-street, will meet with due attention. 4465

ROBERT BUNTING, Saddlers' Ironmonger, Saddle Tree, Cart Hame, and Chain Manufacturer, &c., &c., in returning his grateful acknowledgments for past favours to his numerous patrons, saddlers, ironmongers, storekeepers, settlers, &c., for the last ten (10) years, embraces this opportunity of acquainting them that he has succeeded in making efficient engagements with superior workmen, and intends to resume his business as Saddlers Ironmonger in all its branches, commencing on the first day of February, 1853, on a more extensive scale than hitherto known in the colony, and is prepared to compete with the English market, both in cost and quality, regardless of sacrifice. R. Bunting's goods, being entirely colonial manufactured, are warranted. All orders entrusted to his care attended to with his usual assiduity and attention. Only to be obtained genuine at the manufactory, Kent-street South, near Liverpool-street, Sydney. b484

WASHING SODA.

ON SALE at the Stores of the undersigned, in lots to suit purchasers.

R. B. COOKE AND CO.,
Hunter-street, between Castlereagh and Pitt streets. 4111

No. 53-6. Town Clerk's Office,
Sydney, February 11, 1853.

SYDNEY WATER WORKS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that in consequence of the rapid decrease in the level of the water in the tunnel, the supply of the city will be shut off from 6 o'clock p.m. to 6 a.m. until further orders.

Notice is also given that an inspection will be forthwith made of all the service pipes and taps from the Corporation mains, and in all cases where they are found to be out of repair, and thereby occasioning a waste of water, the supply will be immediately cut off.

By order of the Right Worshipful the Mayor,

5151 JOHN RAE, Town Clerk.

REMOVAL.—The office of the undersigned has been removed from Church-hill to Brodie and Craig's Wharf.

GEORGE D. CRAIG. 4190

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.—The undersigned begs to inform his friends and the public that he has removed from his stores Pitt-street, to those commodious stores No. 423, George-street, (up the gateway) adjoining Mr. William Coleman's premises, where he will be happy to execute any orders entrusted to him. JOHN ARKINS, Wine and Spirit Merchant. 4420

ALENEHAN (in addition to his already extensive stock) has just received, ex Sarah Metcalfe and Carnatic, a choice and well selected supply of ROSEWOOD AND MAHOGANY DRAWING, DINING, AND BED-ROOM FURNITURE, iron bedstead, floor cloth, cocoa fibre, and other floor matting, door mats, &c.

Also,

A variety of velvet pile, tapestry, Brussels, imperial, and Kidderminster carpeting, with hearth rugs to match, room paper, &c.

Cabinet, Upholstery, and Floor Cloth Rooms
287, Castlereagh-street, 258

NOTICE.—L. CETTA, who is retiring from business, in returning thanks for the very liberal support he has received from his patrons in Sydney and the colony generally during the last thirteen years he has been in business as Carver, Gilder, Looking-glass Silverer, &c., solicits a continuance of their favours for his successors, Messrs. Richardson and Leech, whom he can confidently recommend, as he is well satisfied they will give every satisfaction in executing all orders entrusted to their charge punctually and in a workmanlike manner.

L. CETTA.

COMMISSION AGENCY.—The undersigned having secured large and commodious Stores, will be happy to receive wool and other produce forwarded to him for sale on commission. No store rent charged on goods forwarded for sale. The greatest punctuality and attention will be paid to any business entrusted to him. JOHN ARKINS, 423, George-street, up the gateway. 4421

MILLINERY WAREHOUSE, 256, Pitt-street.—WILLIAM ROBSON (late in the employ of Messrs. Joseph Thompson and Son, 266, Pitt-street), takes the earliest opportunity of informing the customers of the above establishment, and the public generally, that, having made extensive alterations, has reopened with a new and choice variety of goods suitable for the present and approaching season. N.B.—All orders for the dressmaking, &c. will be conducted as formerly by Mrs. Robson, late Miss Rossiter. 5274

READY-MADE CLOTHING.—The largest Stock of Ready-made Clothing in the colony, warranted the very best description, on sale at

J. W. RUSH AND CO.'S,
Wellington House,
4743 293, Pitt-street, near King-street.

CONFECTIONARY. — J. J. WHITTLE, of Brickfield-hill, begs to return his sincere thanks to his friends and the public, for the liberal support he has hitherto received, and to announce that he has made arrangements with the best workmen from London, and has a most extensive assortment of goods now on hand, and hopes for a continuance of those favours which will always be attended to with punctuality and dispatch. 4586

DREADFUL SHIPWRECK!!!
OF PROPERTY.
SALVAGE! SALVAGE! SALVAGE!!!

AWAY to the Emporium; delay not; as they are now SELLING OFF their goods at HALF PRICE.

TEN THOUSAND POUNDS'

worth of stock to be cleared out in fifteen days! consisting of linen drapery, slops, haberdashery hosiery, blond laces, clothing, waterproof and gutta percha coats, woollen broadcloths, casimeres, doeskins, umbrellas, parasols, chess and draft men with boards, straw and Leghorn bonnets, hats, &c., &c.

☞ Mark the Emporium, 255, Pitt-street, Sydney. 4107

CLEARING OUT—SELLING OFF!
HASTE! HASTE!! HASTE!!!

To the Emporium, 255, Pitt-street.

If you want GUTTA PERCHA and improved JANUS Reversable COATS, for fine or rainy weather at considerably reduced prices for ready money; also, about 300 fresh Waterproof Coats, at the extraordinary reduction of 35 per cent. from the original prices. Observe the address—R. M. PITE, Emporium, 255, Pitt-street. 3624

TWO LAST BALES of stout Linen Canvas, 40 inches wide, suitable for Boat Sails, and well adapted for most domestic purposes. A single piece will be sold at the wholesale price, which is this day reduced from 15d. to 13d. per yard. Apply at R. M. PITE'S, Emporium, 255, Pitt-street. February 1.

BEDDING, CABINET FURNITURE, AND UPHOLSTERY.

PARTIES requiring good seasoned Furniture and genuine Bedding, at moderate prices, are invited to JOHNSON'S Bedding and Furniture Warehouse, where they will find ready for immediate use:—
Hair, flax, and wool mattresses, &c.
4-post, cedar, and iron bedsteads
Chests of drawers, washstands, and toilet tables
Parisian chair bedsteads
China matting
Sofas, couches, and chairs
Curled hair and hair seating
Plain and fancy stationery, books, &c., &c.

E. JOHNSON,
(Late Thomas Britten,)
169, Pitt-street, opposite the Congregational Church.

N.B.—Old mattresses remade.—The trade supplied at wholesale prices. 3520

BABY LINEN, &c.

JUST received, a Case containing a well-assorted variety of the above, worthy the attention of the trade and families.

GEORGE CHISHOLM AND CO.,
5091 253, Pitt-street.

EX AUGUSTA.

ON SALE at the Stores of the undersigned—
3 tons whole and ground black pepper
50 tons bright Taal sugar
100 cases pearl sago

THOMAS TAYLOR,
5089 Wholesale Grocery and Spirit Stores.

FOR SALE by the undersigned—The entire cargo of the ship Elizabeth Ellen, just arrived from the United States, consisting of—
20 tierces negrohead tobacco, Eagle brand
6396 barrels and 400 half barrels new flour, brand ed { Hazall / Richmond superfine

FLOWER, SALTING, and CO.
44, Hunter-street, February 1. 3784

THESE ARE THE PRICES
AT
334, George-street, opposite the Cathedral.

Superior hysonskin tea, best brands, in chests, halves, and quarters, at per chest	£4	2	6
Finest congou, in ditto ditto ditto, weighing 116 lbs. per chest	4	0	0
Excellent black tea, in boxes, 45 lbs. each	1	3	0
Fine bright Pampanga sugar, small bags, in beautiful condition, per cwt.	1	2	6
Superior white Mauritius ditto ditto	1	12	6
Liverpool salt, warranted genuine, per ton	4	15	0
Best crown soap, in 1 cwt. and ½ cwt. boxes, boxes included, per cwt.	1	5	6
Allen's superior mould candles, in small boxes, per lb.	0	0	5
REAL BELMONT SPERM CANDLES, in 25 lb. boxes	0	1	2
Best white Patna rice, in 168 lb. bags, per bag	0	17	6
Colman's No. 1 superior blue, per lb.	0	1	1
Ditto best London No. 1 starch	0	0	4½
Ditto 1 lb. mustards, per dozen	0	13	0
Ditto ½ lb. ditto, ditto	0	8	6
Best bleached Jamaica ginger, in small barrels, per lb.	0	1	1
Taylor Brothers' superior chocolate, per lb.	0	1	3
WHYBROW'S pint pickles, per dozen	0	11	6
Ditto full quarts salad oil ditto	1	0	0
Ditto pint salad oil, ditto	0	12	3
Ditto ½ pint ditto, ditto	0	8	3
Strong vinegar, in quarter-casks, at per gallon	0	1	9
Extra strong white wine vinegar, in 2 and 3 dozen cases, per dozen	0	11	6
Superior cold drawn CASTOR OIL, in pints	0	13	0
HARVEY'S SAUCE, warranted genuine, per dozen	0	7	6
Windsor Castle, Worcestershire, and Reading ditto	0	7	6
Essence of anchovies, ditto shrimps and lobster	0	7	6
Finest East India curry powder, quarts	1	2	6

With every other article in the trade, the whole of which will be sold at the very lowest prices, ☞ and intending purchasers may rest assured that every article purchased at this establishment will be found to be of the very best quality, and warranted sound.

PHILIP COHEN,
Wholesale Grocery Warehouse,
334, George-street, opposite the Cathedral. 4992

FOR SALE by the undersigned, ex recent arrivals—
Hunt's Port Wine, ◈ to ◈◈◈◈
Ditto bottled ditto
Congou Tea, ex Arabia, chests and half chests
Zebu Sugar, ex Change
Colman's Starch
Currants and Raisins
Cloves
Rum, 33 O.P., West India
Linseed Oil, boiled and raw, in iron drums
Turpentine
White Lead
Window Glass
Sheet Lead, 4, 5, 6, and 7 lbs.
Bar and Hoop Iron, assorted
Sheathing Metal, 16 to 26 oz.
Woolpacks
Corkwood,

6109 LAMB, PARBURY, AND CO.

FOR SALE—
Brandy, Martell's and Hennessy's
Rum, pure West India, 25 O.P.
Ditto ditto ditto, 8 to 10 O.P.
Ditto East India, 25 O.P.
Geneva, in 4 gallon cases
Old Tom, 1 and 2 dozen cases
Port wine, Hunt's, single, double, and treble diamond
Sherry, in wood and bottle
Marsala, in quarter-casks
Claret, in one dozen cases
Champagne, in 1 dozen cases
Tea, fine hysonskin, ex Ararat
Ditto ditto congou ditto
Rice, fine Bengal
Sugar, Pampanga and Zebu
Bags, best 3-bushel, hemp
Woolpacks, 10lbs. each
Bags, gunnies, ordinary to best
Mustards, Colman's best
Starch, ditto ditto
Blue, ditto ditto

SMITH, CAMPBELL, AND CO.
Stores, Macquarie-place, January 29. 3547

COLONIAL TOBACCO.

100 KEGS, weighing 150 lb. each
50 kegs ditto, 100 ditto
50 boxes ditto, 100 ditto
50 ditto ditto, 50 ditto.

The above is all warranted superior tobacco, equal to most of the foreign tobacco in kegs, at 10d. and 1s. per lb., at the Stores, 291, Pitt-street, near the Theatre.

4922 HENRY FERRIS.

ON SALE, at the stores of the undersigned—
Raspberry vinegar
Lime juice
Vinegar, in quarter-casks and hogsheads
Lemon syrup and gingerade
Concentrated lemon syrup
Cloves
Peppermint
Rich rum shrub
Cherry brandy
Brandy bitters
Ginger wine
Bottled ale and porter
Ginger beer and seidlitz powders
Assorted sauces
Mixed pickles, in casks
Sperm candles
Arrowroot, sago, starch, and blue
Raisins and currants
Ground ginger and mixed spice
Rice and pearl barley
Candied lemon, citron, and orange peel
Mixed confectionary, comfits and lozenges
Jams and marmalade
Fine and coarse salt
Epsom salts
Carbonate of soda
Red herrings
Lucifer matches
Whiting
Paste and liquid blacking

R. B. COOKE AND CO.,
Hunter-street, between Pitt and Castlereagh streets. 397

FOR SALE, at the Stores of the undersigned, ex late arrivals—
Byass' and Marsetti's ale and porter
Martell's and Hennessy's brandy
Rum, West India, 10 to 30 O.P., puncheons and hogsheads
Case gin, JDKZ and key brand
Hunt's Port, ◈ ◇◇ ◇◇◇
Marsala, hogsheads and quarter casks
Champagne, 1, 2, and 3 dozen cases
Port, sherry, claret, madeira, &c., in wood and bottle

MORT AND OPPENHEIM,
Pitt-street, adjoining Mr. Mort's Auction Rooms. 4299

TO SMALL FARMERS.

THE undersigned has several Small Farms to let on the Hollow-Tree Estate near Raymond Terrace, having river frontage. The land is of the best quality, and is well watered, and has undergone great improvements, being cleared and fenced, and having cottages already built and fit for occupation.

For particulars apply to
WILLIAM BRETT, Jamison-lane,
Or to,
Mr. PATRICK DONOHUE,
7366 on the Premises.

ON SALE at the Stores of the undersigned—
Pampanga and Zebu sugar
Brandy, in hogsheads
Ale, in 3 and 4 dozen cases
Porter, in ditto
Whiskey, in 1 dozen cases
Port, in pipes
Ditto in 1 dozen and 3dozen cases
Sherry, in hogsheads and quarter-casks
Ditto in 1 and 3 dozen cases
Champagne, in ditto, very superior
Vinegar, in hogsheads
Woolpacks, 10lbs. and 9½lbs.
3-Bushel bags
Cordage, in sizes
Oakum and seaming twine
Chain cables, from ⅞ inch to 1¼ inch
Anchors, from 2 cwt. to 12 cwt.
Blocks
Chilian Miners' crowbars
Paints and varnishes
Nails, assorted
Invoice of stationery.
Vivian's sheathing metal
Boydell's tobacco.
Invoice of earthenware
Boots and shoes
Belmont sperm candles
Sundry surplus stores, ex Great Britain

CRAWLEY AND SMITH,
9934 Campbell's Wharf.

TO INVALIDS.—Guinness's Dublin Stout.—A small batch is now landed, ex Prince of Wales, price 18s. 6d. per dozen, in packages of 3 dozen; at WEDDERBURN'S, 417, George-street. 4867

CEYLON COFFEE.
Shippers to Melbourne and the Trade.

RICHARD COWAN has for Sale—Roasted Coffee (whole and ground), at 84s. (eighty-four shillings) per cwt.

WHOLESALE STORES,
"Roiby Cottage," George-street.
Sydney, February 10. 4968

CEMENT.—The undersigned has on hand a few Casks of Cement, of a very superior quality. Apply at Messrs. Lane and Co., 646, Lower George-street. HENRY KING. 4834

FOR SALE, ex Harriet from Oporto, General Hewitt, and Regina—
Port and Sherry, in pipes, hogsheads, quarter-casks, and octaves.
Also, some very superior old Port, in 2 dozen cases
Champagne, creaming, AY conjoined, pink and white bossy.

3702 SMITH, CROFT, AND CO.

NOW LANDING, ex Henry Winch, and for sale at the Stores of the undersigned—
Martell's Brandy, in hogsheads
W. I. Rum, from 12 to 30 O.P., in hogsheads
Case Gin (key brand), Dutch proof
Wybrow's Pickles, in pints
Coleman's Mustard, in ½ lbs.
Byass' bottled Stout, in quarts and pints
Invoices of Drapery Goods, &c., &c.

L. AND S. SAMUEL,
1904 253, Pitt-street.

COALS. — H. R. WHITTELL continues to supply, as heretofore, a first-rate article at a moderate price, and prompt delivery.

N.B.—Ships, steamers, mills, and manufactories, supplied at a minute's notice.

Bathurst-street Coal Depôt. 1099

FOR SALE by the undersigned, Invoices of Gilman's Stores, consisting of many articles now much wanted, including tartaric acid, &c., &c., and an assortment of perfumery and combs. GRIFFITHS, FANNING, AND CO., Spring-street. 5142

NOW Landed, and on Sale at the Stores of the undersigned, Pale Brandy, in 1 dozen cases. SMITH, BROTHERS, and CO., Sussex-street. 5171

WELSH STEAM COALS, Ex PANAMA.—For sale, about 150 tons best Welsh Steam Coals. Apply to Captain Thomas, on board; or, J. B. METCALFE. 551

TO FARMERS AND AGENTS.

THE undersigned will be ready, on the 1st of February next, to commence purchasing good Malting Barley.

JAMES WRIGHT,
157 Australian Brewery.

WOOL.

THE undersigned are purchasers of WOOL,
At highest market prices,

ASPINWALL AND CHALDER,
4729 Bank Court, King-street.

THE undersigned are cash purchasers of Wool and Sheepskins. SWAIN AND WEBBS, Circular Quay. 2740

THE undersigned are purchasers of Wool and Sheepskins.

PRINCE, BRAY, AND OGG.
George-street, May 17. 1135

MONEY.

£2000 FOR investment in purchase of, or mortgages on, town or country property. Applications for the latter would not be entertained for less sums than £500. Apply to

ANDREW DUNN, Accountant,
4994 356, Terry's Buildings, Pitt-street.

£1000 TO BE LENT, in one or more sums, on City Property. For particulars enquire at Messrs. ALLEN AND SON'S, Solicitors, Elizabeth-street; or Mr. COWLISHAW Surry Hills. 4970

TO IMMIGRANTS IN PARTICULAR

PARTIES wishing to proceed to the mines, and requiring to leave goods behind in safe keeping, may have them well stored and money advanced, by applying at "Holloway's Depot," to

J. K. HEYDON,
16 78, King-street West.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF NEW SOUTH WALES.
ECCLESIASTICAL JURISDICTION.

In the Will of Mary Titterton, late of George-street, in the City of Sydney, in the Colony of New South Wales, widow, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that George Titterton, of George-street, in the City of Sydney, in the colony of New South Wales, gentleman, and Edward Foulkes, of the City of Sydney aforesaid, broker, intend to apply to the Honorable the Supreme Court, in its Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction, at the expiration of fourteen days from the publication hereof, that Probate of the last Will and Testament of the above named Mary Titterton may be granted to them as the Executors named in the said Will. Dated this seventh day of February, A.D. 1853.

NICHOLS AND WILLIAMS,
Proctors for the Executors, 310, Pitt-street, Sydney. 4990

BALMAIN ESTATE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Attorneys of the Trustees of the above estate are prepared to entertain applications for purchase by private contract of any portion of the same.

Plans of the estate may be seen at the offices of Messrs. Thacker, and Co., George-street; or at Mr. Henry Moore's, Moore's Wharf.

JOHN THACKER.
1927 HENRY MOORE.

IF HENRY MARCH, who came out to Port Phillip in the Garland Grove, in 1849, will send his address to the Office of the *South Australian Register*, Adelaide, he will hear of something to his advantage.

Adelaide, December, 1852. 4981

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF NEW SOUTH WALES.
Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction.

In the Will of Sarah Wood late of the City of Sydney in the colony of New South Wales Widow deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that James Porter and Timothy Porter both of the city of Sydney in the colony of New South Wales tin plate workers intend to apply to the Honorable the Supreme Court in its Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction at the expiration of fourteen days from the publication hereof that Probate of the last Will and Testament of Sarah Wood late of the City of Sydney aforesaid Widow deceased may be granted to them as the executors named in the said Will.

Dated this eighth day of February, A.D. 1853.

NICHOLS AND WILLIAMS,
Proctors for the executors, 310, Pitt-street, Sydney. 5261

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF NEW SOUTH WALES.
IN INSOLVENCY.

In the Estate of JOHN HENRY YOUNG, of Sydney, Tailor, Insolvent.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the estate of the above named insolvent will, on Wednesday next, the sixteenth day of February instant, by order of the Supreme Court of New South Wales in its insolvency jurisdiction, be released from sequestration unless sufficient cause to the contrary be shown to the said Court.

Dated this ninth day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three.

THURLOW, DICK, AND BROWN,
5203 Attorneys of the said Insolvent.

CLAIMS. — Mrs. Wentworth and family leaving the colony, on or about the 20th instant, it is requested that all claims against them be presented at the office of Mr. Wentworth, No. 1, Wentworth-place, on or before the 16th instant, for examination and payment, previous to their departure. 5137

THE undersigned, being about to leave the colony in the ship Anglesey, requests that all claims against him may be sent without delay to the Counting House of Lamb, Parbury, and Co. JOHN LAMB. Sydney, February 12. 5177

£4000 WANTED, at 5 per cent. on the security of adequate city property. Apply to JAMES NORTON, Esq., Solicitor. 4692

WANTED, from One to Three Hundred Acres of Land, situated between the North Head of Port Jackson and Pitt Water. Parties having land for sale in this locality will hear of a purchaser by applying to the undersigned, at his Land Agency Office, 316, Pitt-street, Sydney, from 10 A.M. to 4 P.M. daily. CHARLES E. LANGLEY. 5166

WANTED, 100 or 200 Tons Maitland or Morpeth Coal. WILLIS, MERRY, and Co. 4725

WANTED TO PURCHASE, from respectable parties, good guns, pistols, books, clothing, dressing cases, instruments, linen, and miscellaneous property of every description. R. M. LINDSAY, Kent-street, near the Hunter River Wharf. ☞ A note addressed, parties attended at their residences. 5239

TO EMIGRANTS AND OTHERS.—A fair and honest cash price given for guns, pistols, watches, tools, clothing, linen, bedding, furniture, and miscellaneous property of every description, by JOHN SMITH, 229, Pitt-street. Established January, 1840. Goods carefully stored if preferred. 4499

TO CARRIERS AND OTHERS.—Wanted immediately conveyance for about 20 tons of Machinery from Sydney to the Bathurst Copper Mining Company's Works, at Summer Hill, near Bathurst. One dray or waggon will be required sufficiently strong to carry four tons. Tenders for the carriage of the same to be sent to the office, 32, Hunter-street, addressed to JOHN MORRIS, Secretary. February 11. 5139

SURGEON WANTED, for the ship Jessie Byrne, for San Francisco. Apply to THORNTON AND CHURCH. 5158

WANTED, by a family proceeding to England via Adelaide, a respectable Female Attendant, accustomed to children. No person need apply who cannot produce the best testimonials as to character. Apply by letter, immediately, to G. C. H., at the Royal Hotel. 5135

WANTED, an Overseer for a Sheep Station in South Australia. He must be thoroughly experienced in colonial management, and be able to keep the station accounts. The most undeniable testimonials as to character and experience will be required. Apply immediately, by letter, to G.C.H., Royal Hotel. 5136

WANTED, an active and intelligent person, of some colonial experience, and who must be possessed of first-rate testimonials, to take charge of a mercantile establishment at Moreton Bay. Apply personally at the office of the undersigned between 12 and 1 o'clock, on or before the 25th instant. MONTEFIORE, GRAHAM, AND CO. 4584

WANTED, for a Store in the country, a Clerk. An active young man of steady habits, and thoroughly conversant with keeping accounts. Apply by letter, addressed to A., *Herald* Office. 4167

WANTED, a Journeyman Blacksmith. A good workman, of sober and industrious habits, will find constant employ and liberal wages, on application to J. WHITING, George-street, Parramatta. 5149

TO BURLERS.—A Few competent Burlers will find constant employment in the Tweed Factory of the undersigned. Apply to O. B. EBSWORTH, THOMAS BARKER AND CO., Steam Mills, Sussex-street. 5090

WANTED, to place a young Baby out to Nurse, with some careful person residing in the suburbs of Sydney. Application by letter to B. B., *Herald* Office. 5206

SERVANTS WANTED.—A married couple—the man as Coachman and General Servant, the woman as Cook. Apply to T. WOOLLEY, George-street. 5045

WANTED, a good Plain Cook, willing to make herself useful. Apply to Mrs. W. R. SCOTT, Lower Fort-street. 5130

WANTED, in a Boot and Shoe Business, an active and experienced Assistant, well trained as a Clicker. None but competent and steady persons need apply. Also, an active Youth to make himself generally useful, at 367, George-street, Sydney. 4926

TO SQUATTERS. — A Gentleman who has had two years' colonial experience in sheepfarming, and is possessed of a capital of about £500, is desirous of joining a squatter, who has a good run, taking an interest in his flock, and giving his service in the management of the same. Apply to Z, *Herald* Office. 1194

A GENTLEMAN of many years colonial experience is desirous of obtaining a Situation as Superintendent of a Sheep Establishment. The most respectable references can be given. Apply, either by letter or personally, to R. P., care M. R. Murnin, Esq., Queen's-place. 4127

THE CURIOUS

HAVE now an opportunity of viewing in Crouch's Bazaar,—A CHINESE MANDARIN Bedstead, which he has just received. This article was made at Nepeng, at a cost of 250 dollars, and is the only one ever imported into this colony:—The design is novel, and the workmanship chaste and elaborate, and is worthy of an inspection.

Also, just received an immense variety of articles suitable for the

LADIES,

Consisting of Armlets, in gold and silver, cornelian and agate—a good assortment of gold Brooches in various styles and newest fashion, with steel, Bohemia, and Elastic Bracelets, plated, gilt, steel, and pearl SLIDES and BUCKLES. Black, purple, and crimson Velvets, and ELASTICS for ARMLETS.—Purse fittings in great variety.—Gold, silver, and steel Beads, crotchet companions, fitted, fancy baskets, carpet bags, assorted scents, Eau de Cologne, genuine lavender water, Coward's and Price and Gosnell's perfumery; hair brushes with tortoise shell backs, rose, violet, and other soaps, violet powder, and puffs and boxes, card cases in pearl and tortoise shell, scissors, pearl handle, penknives, tortoiseshell side and back combs.—ROSEWOOD WORK TABLES; ladies' companions, card baskets, PEARL BEADS of all sizes, and satin beads of various colours, work boxes, albums, and blotters in papier mâché, and pearl paper knives.—GOFFERING IRONS, bonnet boxes, marking ink, and fly catchers, &c., &c., &c.

AND GENTLEMEN

Are invited to inspect the following, viz.:—Portable dressing cases, rose-wood writing desks; PORTEMONNAIES, a superior assortment of pocket books, gold and silver pencil cases, gold pens, IVORY TABLETS, Ne-plus-ultra writing desks, various inkstands, TAPER BOXES fitted with wax tapers, gold and silver tooth picks, STEEL ALBERTS, silk watch guards, pocket knives, with and without spring backs, pocket combs, clothes brushes, silk purses, WAX MATCHES in a variety of boxes, CARPET BAGS, from the small

MORETON BAY.

BRISBANE, FEB. 7, 1853.—In addition to the two immigrant ships the America and Parsee, whose arrival was mentioned in my last communication, the barque Sydney Packet shortly after came into port, bringing 87 German immigrants. This latter vessel came up the river to Brisbane without any difficulty, and will leave in a day or two for Sydney, and she is intended I believe to be continued in this trade. The Parsee has sailed with a nominal clearance for Calino. The master of the America was fined £50 and costs by the Bench here, at the suit of Mr. Duncan of the Brisbane Customs, for a breach of the Passengers Act, in not having the vessel sufficiently provisioned for the voyage. I believe it was agreed on all hands that the Captain individually was entirely free from blame, the deficiency being attributable to the culpable and unscrupulous avarice of the owners or charterers of the ship. For this highly reprehensible conduct there was the less excuse, as the contract was at the high rate of £17 for each statute adult. The arrivals by these vessels add, of course considerably to our population but as a set off; it must be borne in mind that the departure of the labouring classes by the coasters, have been for a considerable period pretty constant and copious—so considerable indeed in point of numbers, as nearly, if not altogether to balance the arrivals. This, I am afraid, will always be the case so long as the present great demand for labour in the north countries, where arduous exertion in the open air, must be far less deleterious to the frame than it is in this burning climate. The next immigrant ship direct for Moreton Bay is the Florentia, which vessel was appointed to sail on the 5th November.

Several Cockatoo Islanders holding tickets-of-leave for this district, arrived at Brisbane lately, having been forwarded to this distance, in order, I presume, to keep them as much out of harm's way as possible. The precaution would appear to be of little use, for they are being picked up by the police as fast as may be, charged with drunkenness and other offences, and being convicted, are returned to Sydney with recommendations that their tickets be cancelled. It is therefore bad policy to send men of their stamp so far from head quarters, as bandying them backwards and forwards so great a distance, only entails additional cost on the colony.

It has been every now and then rumoured here lately that the separation of the northern districts had been actually determined upon by the Imperial Government. The information is reported to have been conveyed in private letters from persons in the confidence of the Secretary of State, and to give it a more authentic form it has even been reported that several appointments in the new Government had been filled up. That there exists no real foundation for these rumours, I am well convinced, and although a northern colony will, no doubt, sooner or later, be erected, it is very much to be questioned, I think, whether its area should be comprised within the boundaries proposed. I have no hesitation indeed in saying, from all I have heard, that Port Curtis ought to be made the centre of such colony, and if this were done, the northern boundary of New South Wales ought to be extended considerably beyond the 30th parallel to which it is proposed by the advocates of separation here to confine it. This would be no encroachment on the northern colony, which could be stretched beyond Port Curtis to any desirable extent, and with the latter for a centre, the 30th degree of latitude as the southern boundary, would be much too remote. The great superiority of Port Curtis as the head quarters of a colony, consists in its harbour, which, in the opinion of those who have visited it, is unrivalled. The land too in the immediate vicinity of the harbour is said to be good, being richly grassed down to the very oyster rocks. The country from the port inland, or at least the space intervening between it and Wide Bay has been partially explored, but with what result has not been allowed publicly to transpire. The country in the vicinity of the coast immediately to the northward, is, I believe, altogether unknown. It has been assumed by some that the Port Curtis country will be found to be too hot for sheep, but this I apprehend will depend in a great measure on the elevation which the land in the interior may be found to attain. For cattle the latitude would offer no objection, provided food and water are furnished in tolerable abundance; while for agricultural purposes it is to be assumed that it will afford superior capabilities from the regular and copious rains usually found to prevail in similar latitudes. As an agricultural country the geographical position of Moreton Bay is rather unfortunate. It is too near the tropic to admit of the productions of temperate climates being cultivated to advantage within it, whilst at the same time the winter temperature is too low to suit those peculiar to the Torrid Zone. Besides, the irregularity in the appearance of the rains, and the periods of intense drought to which it is subject, will always operate as great drawbacks to profitable agriculture. To this depreciatory agricultural estimate of a portion of the Moreton Bay territory I must, however, in justice state that the cotton plant is likely to prove an exception, and if it be found on a sufficient trial to be so, it will be at once admitted that it is a most important one—so important indeed as to compensate fully for the want of other inferior agricultural resources.—Apropos of Port Curtis. It is time now, considering how rapidly the settlement of the country is likely henceforth to extend, that the territory in that direction were officially explored, if not partially surveyed. This would be extremely desirable for scientific, as well as for the usual practical colonial, purposes; for, from the description of those who have visited it, the country around Port Curtis is highly indicative of mineral wealth. Then there is the mountain range, which extends from Break-sea Spit for upwards of 600 miles parallel with, and in the vicinity of, the coast, which affords a most extensive as well as most inviting field for the researches of geologists.

I hear of no successor to Mr. Bigge, but one or more aspirants will no doubt appear before the day of nomination, for it would tell sadly against the district if the representation lapsed for want of candidates.

The weather continues excessively hot and dry. We have had no effectual rain during the summer hitherto; unclouded days and drying winds have prevailed, nor is there yet any indication of a change. The effects of such weather on vegetation may be imagined. Every thing has suffered with the exception perhaps of the cotton plants, on which the drought does not appear to have had as yet any injurious effect. This is satisfactory, as so far proving the adaptability of the climate to this valuable shrub. In about a month hence the earliest of the pods will be beginning to ripen, and when the average produce per acre is ascertained, it will be possible to form a pretty accurate estimate of the profits or otherwise of this new branch of industry. One thing is certain, that if the plants survive unscathed the present trying season, they are not likely to be subjected to such another fiery ordeal for several years to come.

The short absence of the steamer surprised us, as being a mark of attention to which we have long been unaccustomed. It is to be hoped we may accept of it as an earnest of greater regularity for the future.

DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE.

WATER POLICE OFFICE.—On Friday, nineteen seamen belonging to the emigrant ship Berjapore, were brought before the Superintendent of Police and Captain Darley, charged with combining with each other to neglect duty. Mr. Robert Johnson, who conducted the prosecution, stated that these men had during the whole of the voyage, and during the time that the ship remained in quarantine in Port Jackson, behaved in a very exemplary manner, but upon the ship being brought down to the wharf on Wednesday, they began to evidence a very different spirit; and on Thursday morning upon being called to turn-to by the boatswain, they one and all refused to do so, and expressed their firm determination to do no more duty on board the ship. They were remonstrated with both by the captain and chief officer, but without effect. They assigned no reason for their misconduct; but it was clear from most of them having their clothes packed up, that it was their design to leave the ship if possible. Under these circumstances, the aid of the Water Police was sought, and the men lodged in custody. Mr. Johnson added that, as the conduct of the crew had been so good hitherto, and as it was clear they were now acting under some unfortunate infatuation, Captain M'Lay would not ask for the punishment of hard labor to be included in any sentence of imprisonment which the bench might think proper to inflict. The charge was fully proved by Captain M'Lay, and the chief officer, and by the requisite entries in the official log-book. The prisoner declined to ask any, save one or two irrelevant questions, and offered no defence. They each declared that under no circumstances whatever would they do another day's duty on board. Both Mr. McLerie and Captain Darley addressed the men in feeling terms upon the reckless folly of their conduct, and urged on the desirability, for their own sakes of reconsidering their decision, between the gaol and their ship; but, in vain. The bench said that under these circumstances they could not entertain Mr. Johnson's kind suggestion in respect to excluding the punishment of hard labour from the sentence; and therefore ordered that each prisoner be confined in Darlinghurst Gaol for twelve weeks, and there kept to hard labour; at the expiration of that term to be put on board their ship by the police.—Seven seamen belonging to the Mary Nicholson were then brought up on warrant, charged by Captain Francis with refusing to do duty. Mr. Nicholson, the owner of the vessel, stated that the prisoners were labouring under a mistake which when explained to them by the bench, they would in all likelihood be glad to return to their duty. They had shipped at Melbourne for a voyage to Sydney, Newcastle, and to return to Melbourne. On arriving here, he, Mr. Nicholson, had superseded the master, Captain Hydes, and the crew having been led to believe that their articles were no longer binding under a new commander, refused to obey the orders of Captain Francis. They had no complaint, were on very high wages, but, like all sailors, seemed glad to find any excuse to get away from their ship. The bench having explained to the men that the change of captains did not release the crew from their articles, a mistaken notion among seamen, to disabuse their minds of which the press of this colony had on very many occasions taken great pains,—the men professed their willingness to return to their duty, and were thereupon ordered to be put on board their ship.

TICKETS OF LEAVE CANCELLED.—The following prisoners of the Crown have had their tickets of leave cancelled for the reasons stated against their respective names: Patrick Carter, per Havering, for absconding from his hired service; Bathurst Bench. John Gray or Bugden, per Mount Stuart Elphinstone, for improper conduct; Brisbane Bench. Joseph Brown, per Adelaide, for being illegally out of his district; Pambula Bench. Robert Crossley or Holt, per Bangalore, for being illegally in Brisbane; Brisbane Bench. James Butterfield, per Bangalore, being in ill health, Brisbane Bench. Thomas Alias Mortsward, per Bangalore, for drunkenness; Brisbane Bench. Jaques Coisan, per Hashemy, being in ill health; Maitland Bench. John Wright, per Hashemy, being suspected of robbery; Maitland Bench. Reuben Russell, per Hashemy, Thomas Coleman, per John Barry, and Andrew M'Clish, per Bangalore, for being illegally absent from their district; Maitland Bench. David Learmouth, per Eden, being in ill heath; Principal Superintendent of Convicts. Ellen Martin, per Sarah and Elizabeth, being of unsound mind; Scone Bench.

THE SYDNEY INFIRMARY.—The following notice appears in Friday's *Government Gazette*: "There being reason to believe that in the recommendations made to the Government for the free admission of patients into the Sydney Infirmary, sufficient care is not always taken to ascertain that the individuals recommended are, from their destitute circumstances, fit objects to be received into that institution at the public expense, his Excellency the Governor-General desires particularly to enjoin on all persons who may have occasion to make any such recommendations, to institute a strict enquiry into the circumstances of the individuals for whom they desire to obtain an order of admission, and to recommend none who possess the means of defraying the charge for their treatment. With a view to ensure in future a careful observance of this rule, no person will obtain an order who does not produce a certificate in the annexed form, signed by some clergyman, magistrate, or person of known respectability:—"Date ——— I hereby certify that, having made enquiry into the circumstances of (here insert name) a (trade or calling, if any), I have satisfied myself that (he or she) does not possess the means of paying for (his or her) treatment in the Sydney Infirmary, and I beg therefore to recommend that an order be given for (his or her) admission into that institution at the public expense. The Honorable the Colonial Secretary."

ORIGINAL CORRESPONDENCE.

To the Editors of the Sydney Morning Herald.

GENTLEMEN,—Under the head of Shipping news in the *Herald* of the 10th, I find the following report respecting the Cleopatra steam ship:—"The colonial coals supplied at Sydney proved to have been of the worst possible description, two of the fires required to be constantly cleaned to withdraw clinkers of 28 lbs. to 56 lbs. weight from each."

Such reports reaching England will give the owners of steam-ships trading to these ports a very unfavourable opinion of the quality of the coals to be got here. In justice to Messrs. Wm. and John Donaldson, Messrs. J. and A. Brown of Newcastle, and Mr. Alexander Brown of Morpeth, I beg leave to state that no coal from any of their mines was put on board the Cleopatra. And further, of the many cargoes of coal which I have supplied to the different steamers and others, I have never had a single complaint of bad quality or clinkers.

I am, Gentlemen, your obedient servant,
JAMES MALCOLM,
Agent for
Messrs. W. & J. DONALDSON, JAMES & ALEX. BROWN, ALEXANDER BROWN, } Newcastle.
Morpeth.

To the Editors of the Sydney Morning Herald.

GENTLEMEN,—In waiting upon you with our usual Monthly Summary, we have pleasure in reporting a general improvement in business here. The vessels which arrived in January were not so numerous as in the two preceding months, nor were their cargoes of much importance, but 5554 immigrants were landed, and about 3000 diggers have returned from the neighbouring colonies.

Breadstuffs of all kinds have come forward slowly, except American flour, most of which, however, has been withdrawn from this market. Our stocks must be somewhat lower, but although there is a large consumptive demand, we do not look for any material rise in price, and our friends in the other colonies will observe, on glancing at our import list, that England and America are likely to prove formidable rivals in flour, provisions and other articles of prime necessity, so that we are likely to avoid extreme rates in future, and do a steadier and more healthy business.

Flour is more easily moved, and small sales can be made at £20 to £22, but large quantities would be impossible at these rates. Wheat and Barley are nominal, but oats meet an improving demand at our quotations, as also maize, which recent high prices seem to have permanently established in our market as a substitute for oats. Bran is worth 3s., and potatoes £20 to £30 where of good quality. Fruit comes in slowly as yet, and yields high rates, apples being worth 16s. to 18s. per bushel. Jams and jellies are also inquired after, and would bring 1s. 3d. to 1s. 6d. per lb.

Bacon, ham, cheese and butter, are all in good consumptive demand at our quotations. Colonial butter has of late been undersold and excluded from our market by American and Irish, and would not bring more than 1s. 6d. per lb.

Wines and spirits have been in good supply, and a fair business has been done at our quotations.

Sugar has come to hand in very large quantities, and the market is dull, and sales difficult.

Tea has also been largely imported, but the consumption is very great, and prices are maintained.

Building materials of all kinds are in very great demand; there has been little timber offering, and our quotations are applicable to sales made 10 or 14 days ago. Wooden houses also find ready sale.

Gold has risen from 70s. 3d. to 73s. 3d. this day, The Escorts have brought 233,905 oz., and the accounts from the Diggings are much more favourable. A nugget of 126 lbs. has been found at Ballarat.

Wool is firm at late rates, and large quantities have come to down and been exported to England, a considerable portion unwashed. Freights ¼d. to ¾d. per lb.

We remain, Gentlemen,
Yours respectfully,
COPPEY, HILL, & Co.

Melbourne, 5th February, 1853.

DIRGE FOR WELLINGTON.

BY MARTIN F. TUPPER.

A VOICE of lamentation
From the islands of the Sea!
Alas, thou sorrowing Nation
Bereaved,—Alas for Thee!
The wail as of a mother
Weeping for her son,—
When shall she bear another
Like that illustrious One?

O Britain, broken-hearted,
Bemoan the bitter day,—
Thy Hero is departed,
Thy Glory rent away.—
Alas! our joys are made to cease,
Our praise of old is fled,
Though first in war, and first in peace,—
Our Wellington is dead!

Was he not both our torch of war,
And learning's peaceful lamp,
Achilles in the battle-jar,
And Nestor in the Camp!—
Our light is from us taken
To shine in other skies,
And we are left, forsaken
Of the valiant and the wise!

How are the mighty scattered
That have lost their iron lord!
The shield and spear are shattered,
The battle and the sword!
The Champion of all Europe's rights
Is gone to his long rest,—
The Hero of a hundred fights
With endless Peace is blest!

Arise, angelic keepers
That watch the waiting dead;
And turn, ye silent sleepers,
Upon your narrow bed!
Arise,—and to those shadowy bands
Make this great spirit known,
The Guardian mind of many lands,
The Saviour of his own!

Mournfully, with measured pace
The sad procession brings
Our chieftain to the resting place
Of heroes and of kings;
And mournfully the minute gun
Tolls out to earth and sir
The grounds of Britain, one by one,
The sons of her despair.

Step by step, with pomp and plume
And black funeral state
In solemn progress to the tomb
They reach the sacred gate;
Ye trumpets, hold your baited breath,
Ye still, ye muffled drums,
For to the hallowed halls of Death
The conquering hero comes!

Yea! conquering still!—their leaden prison
(Through HIM who died to save)
The dead shall burst, redeem'd and risen
Triumphant o'er the grave:
The dead,—yea, this our Chief; though not
By mortal might nor power
But by GOD'S Spirit, in his lot
Shall stand at that dread hour.

Meekly with charitable gaze
His faults or foibles scan,—
For he might walk this earthly maze
Not more, nor less, than man;
Doubtless, he owned to sins and wrongs
Like all beside that live,—
Yet, unto us his good belongs,
His ill—may GOD forgive!

But stoutly too with glad acclaim
Tell out his honest worth,—
There never lived a child of fame
More childlike on this earth!
Simple in heart, sincere in mind,
Just, resolute, and true,
Duty was all he strove to find,
And all he dared to do!

Duty, though Death were on the track,
Though scorn were in the way,
Duty, though pleasure beckoned back,
Or interest lured astray;
Duty, Great Chief! thy glorious name
Is link'd with Duty still,
Through civic strife, and martial fame
Through good report and ill!

O, who shall worthily record
The trophies of his fame,
The wisdom of his lightest word,
The weight of his great name!
For kings and men of every clime
Right nobly vied to raise
His glory's monument sublime
With pinnacles of praise!

Remember him, thou City
Of perjured Sahib slain,
How prompt his heart to pity,
How glad to heal again;
Remember well his lightning eye,
False Scindiah, in that day
When myriads could not fight nor fly
The Victor of Assaye!

Sad Lusitania! lost and won
In adverse fortune's night,
Remember him, whose presence shone
Thine Arbiter of Right;
Remember him thy conquering Chief
In red Vittoria's day,—
His gauntlet wiped thy tears of grief,
And swept thy foes away!

O rescued Spain, consider still
His glorious deeds for thee,—
The wonders of his forceful skill
That saved and set thee free;
Barrosa! Talavera!
Vittoria!—fated name,—
And scores beside sound far and wide
The echoes of his fame.

Of Fabian caution, lingering well
Before the leaguered foam,
Let Busaco Torres Vedras tell
And storm-won Badajoz:
Of Julian vigour, swift to wreak
Full vengeance on the Gaul,
In thunder, San Sebastian, speak
To Cuesta's echoing wall!

O thwarted France in thy worst hour
The scourge and curse of Man,—
O fell incarnate lust of power,
Thou baffled Corsican,—
Yell out his praise, whose trophied life
Was crown'd by crushing you,
And scar'd your hydra-heads of strife
In breaking Waterloo!

Weep, grateful Prussia well allied,
And thou, black Brunswick, weep!
And, Austria, swell this tribute tide
Of sorrow loud and deep:
All nations well avenged in fight,
All kingdoms of the world,
Mourn him, who still to help the Right
His battle flag unfurl'd.

Bewail, O land thy patriot true
The bulwark of thy state;
Clear to expound, and bold to do,
In all things he was Great:
Bewail, ye cliffs, that white and hoar
By vanished Dover stand,—
Alas! that ye shall see no more
Our Nelson of the Land!

Ah, bitter day! I hear a groan
From Britain's heart of oak;
Forth from the altar and the throne
That voice of anguish broke:
Alas that he should perish
From the face of this dull earth,
And leave us but to cherish
The remembrance of his worth!

Full of honours, full of years,
Our Chief is dead and gone!
His epitaph a nation's tears
As for a first-born son:
Though dead and gone,—yet shall he live!
Yea, live for earth and heaven,—
By all that Man to Mind can give,
Or GOD to Soul hath given!

He lives, by trophies of the sword,
By triumphs of the pen,—
He lives by noble deed and word
Within the hearts of men:
He is not dead, but sleepeth,—
Then why should Britain go
As one that sorely weepeth
Uncomforted in woe?

With every earthly honour won,
And every psalm achieved,
With every human duty done
His crown of light is weaved:
On Heaven's own archives, man may trust,
Not less than history's page,
His high reward is—With the Just
To live in every age!

THE ENGLISH, IRISH, AND SCOTTISH BARS.—The English bar embraces nearly 2000 members, the Irish about 600, and the Scottish about 400. In each of the three countries one of the sons of every family of consequence usually becomes a member of the bar, and not a few of the younger scions of noble families attach themselves to the same profession. There are about 600 actual practitioners out of the 2000 members at the English bar, including the equity and common law departments; about 200 at the Irish bar out of the 600 members; and about 120 at the Scotch out of the 400 members; the proportion of men at each who settle down to positive practice being nearly the same in the several countries as compared with the whole actual number called.

Mr. Dargan, finding that his former munificent gift of £20,000 for the building of the Great Exhibition of 1853 would be inadequate for the works that have been found necessary, has generously come forward with a further advance of £6000, making a total of £26,000, to be placed by him at the disposal of the committee, for the purposes of the Exhibition. Considerable progress has already been made with the building, as well as with the other arrangements for rendering the Exhibition successful, and creditable to the country.

ENGLISH NEWS.

PARLIAMENTARY INTELLIGENCE.

HOUSE OF LORDS, FRIDAY, NOV. 5.

THE Lords heard prayers at St. Mary's Westminster Abbey, and at 20 minutes past 2 p.m. returned to their chamber in procession, headed by the Lord Chancellor, and preceded by the clerks, officers, and servants of the House. Not more than five or six peers entered the House in the procession. At half-past 2, the Lords Commissioners appeared in their robes, and took their places on the woolsack.

The Lords Commissioners were the Lord Chancellor, the Marquis of Salisbury, Lord Colchester, the Duke of Montrose, and the Earl of Eglingtoun.

The Duke of Leinster, the Bishop of London, who was understood to have officiated at Divine service in place of the Bishop of Norwich, who had been ordered by the House to read prayers, and Lord Colville, were the only peers in the body of the house in addition to the Lords Commissioners.

Sir A. Clifford, Usher of the Black Rod, having been ordered to summon the Commons, returned in a few moments to the bar, followed by Mr. Shaw Lefevre in a black court suit, and by several members of the House. After the usual interchange of three bows between the Lords Commissioners and the Commons.

Mr. Speaker Lefevre addressed the Lords Commissioners, and said,—I have to acquaint your lordships that, in obedience to her Majesty's commands, her Majesty's faithful Commons have, in the exercise of their undoubted rights and privileges, proceeded to the election of a Speaker, and, deeply impressed as I am with a sense of my own unworthiness, I now submit myself to her Majesty's Royal approbation and pleasure.

The Lord Chancellor then said,—Mr. Shaw Lefevre, we are commanded by her Majesty to assure you that her Majesty is sensible of your ample ability to discharge those important duties which her Majesty's faithful Commons have selected you to perform, and that her Majesty most fully approves and confirms their choice.

The Speaker.—My lords, I bow with all submission to her Majesty's Royal will and pleasure. It now becomes my duty, in the name and on behalf of the Commons of the united kingdom, to lay claim, by humble petition, to those undoubted rights and privileges to which they have been heretofore entitled; more especially freedom from arrest for the persons of themselves and their servants, freedom of speech in debate, and free access to her Majesty whenever occasion may require it; and they beg that her Majesty will be graciously pleased to put the most favourable construction on all their words and actions: and for myself I have to pray that any error may be attributed to me alone, and not to her Majesty's faithful Commons.

The Lord Chancellor.—Mr. Speaker, we have it further in command from her Majesty to inform you, that her Majesty most readily confirms all the rights, liberties, and privileges which have ever been granted to or conferred upon her Majesty's faithful Commons by any of her Majesty's Royal predecessors. With respect to yourself, Sir, although her Majesty is sensible you stand in no need of any such assurance, we are commanded to assure you that her Majesty will ever put the most favourable construction on your words and actions, as well as on those of her faithful Commons.

The Commons then withdrew from the bar, and the Royal Commissioners retired.

The gallery was then cleared for prayers.

Several peers took the oaths, among whom were Lord Truro, the Marquis of Donegal, the Earl of Tankerville, the Archbishop of Canterbury, and the Bishop of Winchester.

Their lordships adjourned at 20 minutes after 4 till 2 o'clock on Monday next.

HOUSE OF COMMONS, FRIDAY, NOV. 5.

The House met to-day, at 2 o'clock, at which hour there was a numerous attendance of members. Among those present we observed Mr. Macaulay, who took his seat on the front Opposition bench, and conversed for some time with Mr. M. T. Baines and Sir R. H. Inglis. The windows of uncoloured glass which had been introduced last session to try the effect upon the lighting of the house have been removed since yesterday, and are now replaced by the stained windows which formerly occupied the sashes. We understood yesterday that the ventilation and the warming of the house, which is no longer in the hands of Dr. Reid, was now under the direction of Sir Charles Barry and assistants. We are desired, however, to state that Mr. Meeson, who was formerly one of Sir Charles's principal assistants, has now the sole direction of this important department. The Speaker elect (the Right Hon. C. S. Lefevre) did not appear in his gold robe of office, the Royal approbation of the choice made by the house not having been yet communicated, but wore a black court suit and undress wig, without a gown, and took his seat at the right hand side of the table, in the chair usually occupied by the clerk. At about half-past 2 o'clock, the three customary knocks at the folding-doors of the house announced a message from the Lords, and Sir Augustus Clifford, the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, advancing towards the table with the usual obeisances, said: Mr. Speaker, the Lords who are authorised by virtue of Her Majesty's commission, desire the immediate attendance of this hon. House in the House of Peers, to hear the commission read. The Speaker elect, preceded by the gold mace, and followed by a great majority of the members present, then proceeded to the House of Peers. [See Lords' report.] His return was the signal for every member who had not joined the *cortege* to rise and uncover.

The speaker (standing on the steps leading to his chair) then addressed the house as follows: I have to acquaint this hon. house that I have been to the House of Peers, where I have had the honour of communicating to the Lords Commissioners authorised by her Majesty, that this House in the exercise of its undoubted privilege had proceeded to the election of a Speaker, and that their choice had fallen upon me. The Lords Commissioners confirmed that choice, and gave me the assurance of Her Majesty's gracious sanction, whereupon I laid claim by humble petition to Her Majesty, in the name and on behalf of the Commons of the United Kingdom, to all their ancient and undoubted rights and privileges, especially to those of freedom from arrest for ourselves and our servants, freedom of debate, free access on the part of this House to Her Majesty whenever occasion may require it, and that the most favourable construction should be put upon all their proceedings. I have to inform the House that the Lords Commissioners were authorized on the part of Her Majesty to concede these privileges to the fullest extent to which they had ever been conceded by Her Majesty and her predecessors. Having laid this communication before the House (continued the right hon. gentleman), I cannot but take this opportunity of again offering to the House my sincere and grateful acknowledgments for the very honourable distinction they have again conferred upon me in choosing me for the fourth time as their Speaker. I invite them to aid and assist me by their countenance and support in maintaining the authority of the chair, and I feel I may assure them that, as far as lies in my power, that authority will be exercised with the most perfect impartiality, and in a manner most conducive to the public interest, and to the honour and dignity of this House. I have now to remind the House that the only business with which we can at present proceed is to take the oaths as prescribed by law.

The Speaker himself was then first sworn, the right hon. gentleman standing in his place, and the oaths being administered to him by Sir Denis Le Marchant.

The counties were taken alphabetically, and so many of the knights of the shire, citizens, and burgesses, as were present responded when their names were called over by the clerk, and made a circle round the table in order to take the oaths. A large proportion of those hon. members whose names were thus called over, were, however, absent, and must be sworn without regard to the alphabetical precedence of the county to which they may happen to belong. The group first formed consisted of 19 gentlemen, among whom were the Chancellor of the Exchequer, Mr. R. Palmer, Viscount Barrington, the Marquis of Chandos, Mr. R. Bethel, Mr. H. Stuart, &c. All the members were furnished with a copy of the oath of supremacy and allegiance, repeating this after the clerk, and "kissing the book" at the conclusion. They then respectively delivered in their qualifications and signed the rolls of Parliament. After the latter form all the new members sworn in during the day were introduced to the Speaker by the clerk, who repeated their names in a loud voice after they had passed the table, whereupon they shook hands with the hon. gentleman. The members for Bedfordshire, Buckinghamshire, Cambridgeshire, Chester, and Cornwall, were first called to take the oaths, while a second group was formed by the representatives of Cumberland, Derby, Devonshire, and Dorset. Among the 18 hon. members who formed the circle were Mr. G. Bankes, Mr. G. Hudson, Mr. J. Ferguson, Mr. W. Mundy, and Mr. W. Digby Seymour; while Lord Palmerston, Sir J. Graham, Sir J. W. Hogg, and Lord Seymour did not answer to their names. The next was a larger group, formed by the representatives of Essex, Huntingdon, Kent, and Lancashire, upwards of 30 hon. members answering the call of the clerk. Among them were Major Beresford, Lord J. Manners, Sir J. Tyrell, Mr. W. F. Mackenzie, and Sir E. Filmer. The necessary forms consequent upon the swearing in of this group occupied until some minutes after 4 o'clock. When the last member had signed the rolls of Parliament.

The House, upon the motion of Mr. F. Mackenzie, adjourned until this day (Saturday) at 12 o'clock.

THE OPENING OF CONVOCATION.

(*From the Times, Nov. 6.*)

PROVINCE OF CANTERBURY.

YESTERDAY being the day after the meeting of Parliament, the Convocation of the clergy of the province of Canterbury was opened at St. Paul's Cathedral. The Archbishop of Canterbury arrived at the Chapter-house, on the north side of the churchyard, about eleven o' clock, and was received by the Dean of the Arches, the Vicar-general of the province, the Chancellor of the diocese of London, and the advocates and proctors of the Court of Arches in their full dress robes; and these functionaries, forming into procession, accompanied his Grace across the churchyard to to Cathedral. The Archbishop wore his scarlet convocation-robe over his usual episcopal dress; his train was borne by a gentleman usher, and he was accompanied by his chaplain, and attended by Mr. F. Knyvett, the appirator-general. At the entrance of the Cathedral the Archbishop was met by the Dean of St. Paul's and Canons Hale and Villiers, the Bishops of Winchester, Oxford, and Landaff (wearing their convocation-robes), the Deans of Ely, Bristol, and St. Asaph's, Archdeacons Sinclair and G. A. Denison, Drs. Jeremie, Jelf, and M'Caul, the Rev. J. Jackson, and a number of the clergy in their gowns and hoods. The assemblage attracted a considerable crowd of spectators in the churchyard, but the public were not admitted into the church. The procession from the western door through the nave into the choir would have had a very imposing appearance, but its effects where unavoidably marred by the preparations for the funeral of the Duke of Wellington. The operations of the workmen were of course suspended for the time; but the way through the church lay amid such a forest of piles and beams that it was impossible to obtain a complete view of the entire train. The Archbishop took his seat in the dean's stall in the choir; and, the rest of the assemblage having also taken their places, the junior bishop (the Bishop of Llandaff) proceeded, in a remarkably clear and distinct tone, to read the Litany in Latin, with the addition of a prayer for the Convocation, that, assisted by God's grace, they may be able "ea omnia investigare, meditari, tractare, et discernee, quæ honorem suum et gloriam promoveant, et in ecclesiæ cedant profectum."

The litany being ended and an anthem sung,—"Oh, pray for the peace of Jerusalem,"—the Rev. Dr. Jeremie, Regius Professor of Divinity in the University of Cambridge, preached a sermon in Latin, taking for his text, Mark xiv., 34, a passage ending with the admonition "Tarry ye here and watch." Upon this last word "vigilate"—the discourse was in fact founded. Adverting to the causes that called for vigilance at this time, he first mentioned the Rationalist party—men striving to deprive us of all consolation and hope—"quos satis ulciscetur dirissima illa Nemesis opinionis suæ." Passing then to a greater danger, seeing that men are less inclined to be cast about in doubt all their lives than to suppose that they are in a safe port, the preacher proceeded to characterize the Romish Church, of which he observed (adverting to such cases as that of the Madaiis) that that Church not content with shutting the doors of the kingdom of Heaven, like the Scribes and Pharisees, did what neither Scribes nor Pharisees ventured upon, for when persons sought that heavenly kingdom they sent them to prison and the galleys. That church not only prescribed Scripture, but also the use of the reasoning powers of men. Dr. Jeremie dwelt on the necessity of relying entirely on the written word, considering the authority of Scripture to be the hinge of the difference between that church and the reformed. He noticed next the call to watchfulness in consequence of internal enemies and discords. There were many vehement men who would shut the door of the church to all who differed from them in any respect, and tear asunder what had been well conjoined. He earnestly deprecated such a mutilation, and adverted to the case of the Nonjurors. People might say he was timid. Timidity was not blameable, when it was shown not in shrinking from danger, but providing against it. In that most solemn temple in which they were met, wherever one looked, of course the memory recurred of that great leader, whose death caused such profound grief to fall upon all that it seemed to each like being deprived of a parent. There were many reasons why people would naturally look up to a man in that high position, but what mainly caused such a unity of admiration was his strong sense of duty. Too many, like the mother of Sisera, thought little of the devastation and evils of war, and dwelt on its rewards and spoils; but the veteran soldier, who knew what war meant, was always the most steady and earnest adviser of peace. We might well keep his example before us. "Nobis certe, si quid inconsultius paramus, nobis obstet imago illius gravis et eximiæ prudentiæ viri, qui ab omni partium studio longissimi abfuit, qui sua commoda patriæ commodis sempa posthabuit, qui civium animos utcunque incitos, a periculosis et violentioribus consiliis ad quietis ot cogitata revocabat." But, looking upon the noble building in which they were gathered, where (said the preacher) "pendent funeris ac sepulturæ, opera interrupta," we need not merely think of that great man, of whom it was soon to be the "domus ultima." Other melancholy thoughts might come into the mind. When the Jews looked upon the temple at Jerusalem, they beheld its splendour with admiration; our Saviour saw the vain show passed away, and nothing left but blackened ruins. Our divisions had just been adverted to; no institution was so strong, no empire so stable, that it might not be overthrown by intestine discord. Yet he would not wish to appear to speak words of ill omen respecting his mother church. If there were evils, the should be approached with solicitude and tenderness, as the wounds of a parent. Then after a glowing description of the church, and recognition of the benefits she confers, the preacher, reminding the assembly of the day on which he was addressing them, concluded with an ernest aspiration, "Tu vero, qui hoc olim die in summo nostro periculo subveniens, nocturnas improborum hominum insidias immanemque conjurationem patefecisti et dispulisti, pateiasc as nunc et dispellas quicquid sit in consiliis amicorum quicquid sit in nostris ipsis mentibus tenebrarum!"

The sermon being over, "Gloria in Excelsis" was sung, and the Archbishop pronounced the benediction in Latin; and then his Grace and the members of Convocation repaired to the Chapter-house. There, the bishops being seated and the other clergy standing, the Queen's writ for summoning the Convocation was read by Mr. F. H. Dyke, the registrar, and the return and certificate of the due execution of the mandate to cite the province. Afterwards, to adopt the description of the official programme, "the registrar præconized the Bishops mentioned in the return; the Archbishop referred to the Vicar-General to report upon the certificates transmitted by them, and the registrar read the schedule of contumacy, by which all parties cited and not appearing were pronounced contumacious, with a reservation of the penalties until a further day." The Archbishop in Latin, then admonished the clergy of the province to withdraw, under the direction of the Dean of St. Paul's, to the aisle on the north side of the choir of the Cathedral, there to form themselves into a Lower House, and to choose a prolocutor, and to present him for approval and confirmation to his Grace in "a certain upper chamber, commonly called the 'Jerusalem Chamber,' situate in the collegiate church of St. Peter at Westminster," on Friday the 12th instant, to which day the Archbishop then adjourned the Convocation.

The members of the Lower House accordinaly walked in procession, headed by Dr. Milman, Dean of St. Paul's, and the Ven. W. Hale, Archdeacon of London, to the aisle on the north side of the choir of the Cathedral, where the chair was taken by the Dean of St. Paul's. The number of the clergy present was not very large. The names of the clergymen elected as representatives of their brethern in Convocation having been called over by the Dean of Bristol (the very Rev. G. Elliott), the House proceeded to choose a prolocutor. On the motion of the Dean of Norwich (the Hon. and Very Rev. G. Pellew) seconded by the Dean of St. Asaph (the Very Rev. C. S. Luxmoore), the Very Rev. George Peacock, D.D., Dean of Ely, was elected to that office. The Dean of St. Paul's and Archdeacon Hale were then appointed presenters, and they returned to the Chapter-house and announced the result of the election to the Vicar-General, Dr. Travers Twiss, the Archbishops and bishops having taken their departure. In the course of the proceedings at the Cathedral some conversation took place with reference to the Archdeaconry of Westminister, but, as no accommodation was provided for the reporters, who were at a considerable distance from the chairman, they were unable to gather its purport. It was whispered about, that though nothing could be said yesterday, there will be an animated debate next Friday in the "upper chamber, commonly called the Jerusalem Chamber."

WELLINGTON SAVING THE LIFE OF NAPOLEON.

THE following passage from the memoirs of the late General V. Muffling, written by himself, under the title of "*Aus meinem Leben*," will perhaps at this moment be read with some interest. Muffling was the agent of all communications between the head-quarters of Blucher and the Duke of Wellington during the march of the allies on Paris, after the return of Napoleon from Elba:—

"During the march (after the battle of Waterloo,) Blucher had once a chance of taking Napoleon prisoner, which he was very anxious to do; from the French Commissioners who were sent to him to propose an armistice, he demanded the delivery of Napoleon to him as the first condition of the negociations. I was charged by Marshal Blucher to represent to the Duke of Wellington that the Congress of Vienna had declared Napoleon outlawed, and that he was determined to have him shot the moment he fell into his hands. Yet he wished to know from the Duke what he thought of the matter; for if he (the Duke) had the same intentions, the Marshal was willing to act with him in carrying them into effect.

"The Duke looked at me rather astonished, and began to dispute the correctness of the Marshal's interpretation of the proclamation of Vienna, which was not at all intended to authorise or incite to the murder of Napoleon; he believed therefore, that no right to shoot him in case he should be made prisoner of war could be founded on this document, and he thought the position both of himself and the Marshal towards Napoleon, since the victory had been won, was too high to permit such an act to be committed. I had felt all the force of the Duke's arguments before I delivered the message I had very unwillingly undertaken, and was therefore not inclined to oppose them. 'I therefore' continued the Duke, 'wish my friend and colleague to see this matter in the light I do; such an act would give our names to history stained by a crime, and posterity would say of us, they were not worthy to be his conquerors; the more so, as such a deed is useless, and can have no object.' Of these expressions, I only used enough to pursuade Blucher from his intention.

There are three dispatches given by Muffling in the appendix to his memoirs, in which the execution of Napoleon is urged on the Duke of Wellington by Blucher; they are signed by Gneisenau, and leave no doubt of the determination to revenge the bloodshed of the war on the cause of it, had he fallen into the hands of the Prussian Commander. Blucher's fixed idea was that the Emperor should be executed on the very spot where the Duc d'Engien was put to death. The last despatch yields an unwilling assent to the Duke of Wellington's remonstrances, and calls